
 $^{36}\text{S}(\text{d},^3\text{He}),(\text{pol d},^3\text{He}) \quad \textcolor{blue}{1984\text{Th08,1985Kh04}}$

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen, John Cameron and Balraj Singh		NDS 112,2715 (2011)	20-Oct-2011

1984Th08: E=30 MeV deuteron beam produced from the BNL Double MP tandem facility. Targets: 20.1 and 23 $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ^{34}S in Ag_2S . Detectors: a multiwire proportional counter backed by a topping plastic scintillator (FWHM=32 keV). Measured ^3He spectra, $\sigma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, L, J^π from the DWBA analysis of the angular distributions for the levels of 0, 3864, 4664 and 5202 keV.

1985Kh04: E=52 MeV unpolarized and vector-polarized deuteron beam of 100 nA produced from the Karlsruhe cyclotron on a 1 mg/cm^2 ^{208}Pb sulfide target with 81.1% enriched ^{36}S on ^{12}C backing. Two $\Delta\text{E-E}$ surface barrier detector telescopes ($300\ \mu\text{m}$, $1500\mu\text{m}$) for detecting ^3He , FWHM=90 keV. Measured $\sigma(E(^3\text{He}),\theta)$, $iT_{11}(\theta)$. Deduced mass excess, levels, J^π , spectroscopic factors for levels of 0, 2386, 3857, 4474, 4665, 5189 and 7520 keV.

 ^{35}P Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π #	L ^c	$\text{C}^2\text{S}^{\dagger bc}$	Comments
0	1/2 ⁺	0	1.63	C^2S : 2.3 12 in 1984Th08 .
2386 6	3/2 ⁺ @	2	0.31 @	
3857 [‡] 2	5/2 ⁺ &	2	2.91 &	C^2S : 1.10 55 in 1984Th08 . Additional information 1.
4474 21			<0.2 ^a	
4665 [‡] 3	5/2 ⁺ &	2	1.06 &	C^2S : 0.41 21 in 1984Th08 . Additional information 2.
5197 [‡] 10	5/2 ⁺ &	2	1.38 &	C^2S : 0.30 15 in 1984Th08 . Additional information 3.
7520 30			<0.4 ^a	

[†] From [1985Kh04](#), unless otherwise noted.

[‡] Weighted average from [1984Th08](#) and [1985Kh04](#).

L+1/2 or L-1/2 choice from vector analyzing powers. $J^\pi=0^+$ for ^{36}S target.

@ L-1/2 from analyzing power measurement; $1d_{3/2}$ proton transfer assumed in DWBA calculations.

& L+1/2 from analyzing power measurement; $1d_{5/2}$ proton transfer assumed in DWBA calculations.

^a $1d_{5/2}$ proton transfer assumed in DWBA calculations.

$\text{C}^2\text{S}=\text{N}^*\sigma(\theta)^{\text{exp}}/\sigma(\theta)^{\text{DWBA}}$, where the N is a normalization factor depending on the interaction between the reacting particles.

^c From DWBA analysis in [1984Th08](#) and [1985Kh04](#).