

$^1\text{H}(^{34}\text{Si},\text{p})$ :resonances **2012Im01**

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Lijie Sun and Jun Chen		NDS 211,1 (2026)	30-Sep-2025

$J^\pi=0^+$  for  $^{34}\text{Si}$  ground state.

**2012Im01**: A  $^{34}\text{Si}$  beam at  $7\times 10^4$  pps and a purity of 97% was produced by the projectile fragmentation of a 63-MeV/nucleon  $^{40}\text{Ar}$  primary beam and separated by the RIPS separator at RIKEN. The secondary target was a 10.9-mg/cm<sup>2</sup> 5 polyethylene film. An incident energy of 4.4 MeV/nucleon *12* for the  $^{34}\text{Si}$  beam was determined by the timing difference between a plastic scintillator and two PPACs placed upstream of the target. The PPACs also record the positions and angles of the projectiles incident upon the target. Outgoing particles were detected and identified by a three-layer  $\Delta E$ -E telescope consisting of 0.5-mm DSSD, 1.5-mm silicon, and 1.5-mm silicon detectors mounted at 0° with an  $E_{\text{lab}}$  resolution  $\sigma=130$  keV. Measured excitation functions of proton elastic scattering on  $^{34}\text{Si}$  for  $\theta_{\text{lab}} < 10^\circ$  using thick target inverse kinematics. Deduced  $E_{\text{R}}$ , L-transfer,  $\Gamma_{\text{p}}$ , and  $\Gamma$  from R-matrix analysis for 8 resonances in the highly excited states in  $^{35}\text{P}$ , which are isobaric analog states of  $^{35}\text{Si}$  states.

 $^{35}\text{P}$  Levels

All data are from **2012Im01**.

<u>E(level)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u><math>\Gamma</math></u>	<u>L</u>	<u><math>S^\ddagger</math></u>	<u>Comments</u>
14938 <i>24</i>	<12.7 keV	0		$\Gamma$ : from original value of 4.6 keV <i>81</i> in <b>2012Im01</b> . $E_{\text{R}}=2783$ <i>24</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=4.6$ keV <i>28</i> .
15161 <i>3</i>	<4.4 keV	3	0.63 <i>16</i>	$\Gamma$ : from original value of 1.6 keV <i>28</i> in <b>2012Im01</b> . $E_{\text{R}}=3006$ <i>2</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=1.6$ keV <i>4</i> . IAR of the $7/2^-$ g.s. of $^{35}\text{Si}$ .
15306 <i>24</i>	<30.4 keV	2	0.19 <i>15</i>	$\Gamma$ : from original value of 10.4 keV <i>200</i> in <b>2012Im01</b> . $E_{\text{R}}=3151$ <i>24</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=3.3$ keV <i>27</i> .
15964 <i>18</i>	84 keV <i>25</i>	2	0.79 <i>20</i>	$E_{\text{R}}=3809$ <i>18</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=26.7$ keV <i>69</i> in <b>2012Im01</b> .
16145 <i>36</i>	354 keV <i>87</i>	1	1.37 <i>32</i>	$E_{\text{R}}=3990$ <i>36</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=185$ keV <i>43</i> .
16605 <i>44</i>	0.22 MeV <i>15</i>	0	0.45 <i>28</i>	$E_{\text{R}}=4450$ <i>44</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=58.4$ keV <i>370</i> .
17254 <i>12</i>	<11.6 keV	2	0.04 <i>1</i>	$\Gamma$ : from original value of 3.8 keV <i>78</i> in <b>2012Im01</b> . $E_{\text{R}}=5099$ <i>12</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=3.8$ keV <i>9</i> .
17355 <i>15</i>	32 keV <i>22</i>	1	0.12 <i>7</i>	$E_{\text{R}}=5200$ <i>15</i> , $\Gamma_{\text{p}}=20.9$ keV <i>120</i> .

<sup>†</sup> Excitation energies are deduced by evaluators from  $E_{\text{R}}+S_{\text{p}}(^{35}\text{P})$ , where  $S_{\text{p}}(^{35}\text{P})=12155.1$  *20* (**2021Wa16**).  $E_{\text{R}}$  given in **2012Im01** are in the center-of-mass system.

<sup>‡</sup> Spectroscopic factors are derived from  $\Gamma_{\text{p}}$  using the formula from **1968Th07** as described in **2012Im01**.