

$^{32}\text{Ar } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (98 ms) 2021Bi02,2008Bh08,1985Bj01

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Jun Chen	NDS 201,1 (2025)	31-Oct-2024

Parent: ^{32}Ar : E=0.0; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=98$ ms 2; $Q(\varepsilon)=11134.4$ 19; $\%\varepsilon+\%\beta^+$ decay=100

$^{32}\text{Ar-T}_{1/2}$: From timing of delayed protons distinguishing β^+ and γ -rays through pulse-shape discrimination ([1985Bj01](#)); value is adopted in Adopted Levels. Others: [2008Bh08](#) quote 100.5 ms 3 from unpublished ISOLDE data (reference 10 in [2008Bh08](#); this value was also communicated to one of the evaluators by A. Garcia in an e-mail reply of November 21, 2006); ≈ 75 ms ([1977Ha29](#)).

$^{32}\text{Ar-Q}(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: From [2021Wa16](#). $Q(ep)^{32}\text{Ar}=9553.2$ 18, $S(p)^{32}\text{Cl}=1581.1$ 5 and $S(2p)=7711.8$ 6 ([2021Wa16](#)).

$^{32}\text{Ar-}\%\varepsilon+\%\beta^+$ decay: $\%\varepsilon=35.58$ 22 ([2008Bh08](#)). Other: 43 3 estimated by ([1985Bj01](#)) assuming the superallowed transition was followed uniquely by proton decay. Absolute intensities of proton groups are from the determination of total number of implanted ^{32}Ar ions and protons, and detector efficiencies ([2008Bh08](#)).

[2021Bi02](#): ^{32}Ar ions were produced in projectile fragmentation of ^{36}Ar beam at 95 MeV/nucleon from the CSS cyclotrons of GANIL on a graphite target, and separated using the NANOGAN-III ECR ion source and isotopic identification system of SPIRAL1. Charged particles were detected with a cube of six double-sided silicon strip detectors (DSSSDs; FWHM=order of 50 keV) backed by large-area silicon detectors (LASDs) and γ rays were detected with three EXOGAM clover detectors. Measured β^+ -delayed proton spectra, $E(p)$, $I(p)$, $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $p\gamma$ -coin. Deduced absolute intensities of β^+ -delayed proton branches, γ -ray branching ratios, $\beta^++\varepsilon$ feedings to levels in ^{32}Cl and $\log ft$ values. Comparisons with available data and shell-model calculations.

[2008Bh08](#): ^{32}Ar ions were produced in the reaction $^9\text{Be}^{(36)\text{Ar},X}$ with a 100 MeV/nucleon beam on a ^9Be target at NSCL and separated by the A1200 fragment separator and the Reaction Product Mass Separator (RPMS) Wien filter. Charged particles were detected with a detector array consisting of a PIN silicon detector and a stack of three fully-depleted silicon surface barrier detectors; γ rays were detected with five large-volume HPGe detectors. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $E(p)$, $I(p)$, $p\gamma$ -coin. Deduced levels, absolute intensities of β^+ -delayed proton branches, $\log ft$ of $T=2$, superallowed transition from 0^+ parent state of ^{32}Ar to 0^+ excited state at 5246 keV in ^{32}Cl . Comparisons with available data and theoretical calculations. [2008Bh08](#) deduced isospin symmetry breaking correction in ^{32}Ar decay $\delta_C^{\text{exp}}=2.1\%$ 8.

Additional information 1.

[1985Bj01](#): ^{32}Ar ions were produced in spallation reactions with 600 MeV protons from the CERN Synchro-cyclotron on a CaO target, and separated by the ISOLDE on-line isotope separator. Charged particles were detected with a CsI crystal, silicon detectors (FWHM=28 keV for proton at E=5.6 MeV) and a 4π β -detector of plastic scintillator; γ rays were detected with a Ge(Li) detector. Measured decay curves of β and proton, $E(p)$, $I(p)$, $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\beta\gamma$ -coin, $p\gamma$ -coin. Deduced levels, parent $T_{1/2}$, absolute intensities of β^+ -delayed proton branches, β -decay branching ratios, $\log ft$, γ -ray branching ratios, Gamow-Teller strength functions. Comparisons with shell-model calculations.

[1993Sc16](#): ^{32}Ar ions were produced in spallation reactions with 600 MeV protons on a CaO target and separated with the ISOLDE-II separator at CERN. Charged particles were detected with a silicon surface barrier detector (FWHM \approx 8 keV for proton at \approx 3 MeV). Measured $E(p)$, $I(p)$. Deduced levels, absolute intensities of β^+ -delayed proton branches, level widths from analysis of proton peak shape. Comparisons with theoretical calculations.

Others:

[2007DoZX](#): Measured proton energies and intensities of 19 groups at GANIL facility, $p\gamma$ coin. The protons range from 594.1 to 6056 keV. Most of these groups are in agreement with those from [2008Bh08](#) and earlier studies. However, one severe discrepancy is noted that 1203.7-keV proton group is shown to be in coin with a 2230-keV γ ray (presumably corresponding to known 2236 γ in ^{31}S), but in [2008Bh08](#), this proton group was observed strongly in coin with 1248 γ from the first excited state of ^{31}S . Moreover the deduced level excitation energy quoted by [2007DoZX](#) as 6295 for the 1203.7 proton group seems to be in error if this group is in coin with 2236 γ . In view of the lack of sufficient details in [2007DoZX](#) and noted inconsistencies, the evaluators feel that it is premature to consider data from [2007DoZX](#) for current evaluation.

[2019ArZX](#): measured β -neutrino correlation.

[1999Ad10](#), [2000Ga61](#): measured proton spectra, $p\beta$ coin. Same group as [2008Bh08](#).

[1977Ha29](#): ^{32}Ar formed in 600-MeV proton bombardment of vanadium target at CERN-ISOLDE facility. Measured delayed protons, half-life.

The total energy deposit calculated using RADLIST code is 9390 150, and is about 1750 keV less than $Q=11134.4$ 19 ([2021Wa16](#)), which might be attributed to the unobserved or unidentified weak proton-decay branches. [2021Bi02](#) report a correction factor of 1.033 14 as a ratio of all emitted protons to the sum of all observed proton branches.

$^{32}\text{Ar } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (98 ms) 2021Bi02, 2008Bh08, 1985Bj01 (continued) ^{32}Cl Levels

4167 and 4439 levels proposed in 1985Bj01 are discarded because the proton branches ($E(p)=2512$ and 2775 here) attributed to ${}^{31}\text{S}$ ground state by 1985Bj01 are clearly identified in 2021Bi02 as decay to the first excited states in ${}^{31}\text{S}$, corresponding to 5425 and 5700 levels, respectively. The 5794 level only in 2008Bh08 from a broad 2870-keV proton peak is also discarded since the proton peak is not seen 2021Bi02 and 1985Bj01.

E(level) [†]	J [‡]	T _{1/2} [#]	Comments
0	1 ⁺	298 ms 1	ε feeding to g.s. is assumed to be negligible (2021Bi02). 1985Bj01 report that g.s. feeding is limited to <2% by intensity balance to levels in ${}^{32}\text{S}$ from the decay of g.s. of ${}^{32}\text{Cl}$; 2021Bi02 give a range of 0.007% to 5.6% based on theoretical predictions.
89.90 10	(2) ⁺		No evidence of β feeding of this level.
461.12 9	(0) ⁺		No evidence of β feeding of this level.
1168.48 14	1 ⁺		
2209.9 11	(1) ⁺		E(level): 2208 6 from E(p). $E(p0)=606.9$ 60.
3771 4	1 ⁺	3 keV 2	$E(p0)=2121.3$ 40, $E(p1)=912$ 5.
4082 4	1 ⁺	17 keV 2	$E(p0)=2422.9$ 40, $E(p1)=1210.8$ 42.
4561 13	(1)		$E(p1)=1677$ 12.
4800 5	(1)		$E(p0)=3117.4$ 47.
5046.24 33	0 ⁺	20 eV 5	$T=2$ $\Gamma_\gamma=1.7$ eV 4 (2008Bh08). E(level): 5044 3 from E(p). $E(p0)=3352.7$ 30, $E(p1)=2145.5$ 50. Γ from ISOLDE data (quoted by 2008Bh08 as paper in preparation). E(level): IAR of ${}^{32}\text{Ar}$ g.s.
5303 4	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=3605$ 8, $E(p1)=2395.1$ 41.
5425 4	1 ⁺	35 keV 20	$E(p0)=3725.9$ 48, $E(p1)=2511.9$ 40.
5531 9	1 ⁺		$E(p1)=2616$ 9.
5700 5	1 ⁺	25 keV 15	$E(p0)=3991$ 5, $E(p1)=2775.4$ 65.
6065 6	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=4344.9$ 41, $E(p1)=3117$ 11.
6254 5	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=4526$ 5.
6529 5	1 ⁺		$E(p1)=3583$ 5.
6597 5	1 ⁺		$E(p1)=3649$ 5.
6732 6	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=4977$ 9, $E(p1)=3782$ 5. E(level): 6686 13 (1993Sc16), 6711 30 (1985Bj01).
7320 4	1 ⁺	20 keV 10	$E(p0)=5558$ 4, $E(p1)=4348$ 10.
7450 10	1 ⁺	<15 keV	$E(p0)=5684$ 10.
7600 6	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=5822$ 6, $E(p1)=4625$ 5.
7852 5	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=6068$ 7, $E(p1)=4867$ 5.
8146 9	1 ⁺		$E(p0)=6358$ 9.

[†] From $E\gamma$ data for excited levels connected with γ transitions and from measured proton energies $E(p)(\text{lab})$ of β -delayed proton branches for other levels, with $E(\text{level})=E(p)(\text{lab})*[1+m(p)/m({}^{31}\text{S})]+S(p)+E(\text{level})({}^{31}\text{S})$. $E(p)(\text{lab})$ under comments are average (weighted or unweighted) of values from 2021Bi02, 2008Bh08, 1985Bj01 and 1993Sc16 if available, where p0 for proton decay to g.s. in ${}^{31}\text{S}$ and p1 for proton to the first excited state at 1248.6 in ${}^{31}\text{S}$. See all $E(p)$ data in the dataset of ${}^{32}\text{Ar } \varepsilon p$ decay for ${}^{31}\text{S}$ in the ENSDF database (2022 update).

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

[#] Half-life from Adopted Levels and Γ from 1993Sc16 deduced from measured peak shape and calculated recoil broadening.

 $^{32}\text{Ar } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (98 ms) 2021Bi02,2008Bh08,1985Bj01 (continued)

<u>ε, β^+ radiations</u>						Comments
E(decay)	E(level)	I β^+ ‡	I ε^{\pm}	Log ft	I($\varepsilon+\beta^+$) ‡	
(2988 9)	8146	0.0115 17	1.3×10^{-4} 2	4.6 1	0.0116 17	av $E\beta=854.2$ 43; $\varepsilon K=0.01019$ 14; $\varepsilon L=9.73 \times 10^{-4}$ 14; $\varepsilon M+=1.254 \times 10^{-4}$ 18 E(p0)=6358 9, %I(p0)=0.0116 17.
(3282 6)	7852	0.074 7	5.6×10^{-4} 5	4.08 4	0.075 7	av $E\beta=991.4$ 25; $\varepsilon K=6.704 \times 10^{-3}$ 48; $\varepsilon L=6.404 \times 10^{-4}$ 46; $\varepsilon M+=8.248 \times 10^{-5}$ 59 E(p0)=6068 7, %I(p0)=0.0222 23. E(p1)=4867 5, %I(p1)=0.053 6.
(3534 7)	7600	0.121 11	6.6×10^{-4} 6	4.07 4	0.122 11	av $E\beta=1110.1$ 30; $\varepsilon K=4.884 \times 10^{-3}$ 37; $\varepsilon L=4.665 \times 10^{-4}$ 35; $\varepsilon M+=6.008 \times 10^{-5}$ 45 E(p0)=5822 6, %I(p0)=0.087 7. E(p1)=4625 5, %I(p1)=0.035 8.
(3684 10)	7450	0.0043 16	2.0×10^{-5} 7	5.6 +1-2	0.0043 16	av $E\beta=1181.2$ 48; $\varepsilon K=4.106 \times 10^{-3}$ 47; $\varepsilon L=3.922 \times 10^{-4}$ 45; $\varepsilon M+=5.051 \times 10^{-5}$ 58 E(p0)=5684 10, %I(p0)=0.0043 16.
(3814 5)	7320	0.139 10	5.5×10^{-4} 4	4.22 3	0.139 10	av $E\beta=1242.9$ 21; $\varepsilon K=3.561 \times 10^{-3}$ 17; $\varepsilon L=3.401 \times 10^{-4}$ 16; $\varepsilon M+=4.380 \times 10^{-5}$ 21 E(p0)=5558 4, %I(p0)=0.112 5. E(p1)=4348 10, %I(p1)=0.027 8.
(4402 7)	6732	0.088 31	2.0×10^{-4} 7	4.8 +1-2	0.088 31	av $E\beta=1524.3$ 30; $\varepsilon K=2.014 \times 10^{-3}$ 11; $\varepsilon L=1.923 \times 10^{-4}$ 11; $\varepsilon M+=2.477 \times 10^{-5}$ 14 E(p0)=4977 9, %I(p0)=0.0129 35. E(p1)=3782 5, %I(p1)=0.075 31.
(4537 6)	6597	0.066 6	1.3×10^{-4} 1	4.99 4	0.066 6	av $E\beta=1589.3$ 26; $\varepsilon K=1.7928 \times 10^{-3}$ 81; $\varepsilon L=1.7118 \times 10^{-4}$ 78; $\varepsilon M+=2.205 \times 10^{-5}$ 10 E(p1)=3649 5, %I(p1)=0.066 6.
(4605 6)	6529	0.051 8	1.0×10^{-4} 2	5.1 1	0.051 8	av $E\beta=1622.1$ 26; $\varepsilon K=1.6935 \times 10^{-3}$ 75; $\varepsilon L=1.6169 \times 10^{-4}$ 72; $\varepsilon M+=2.0824 \times 10^{-5}$ 93 E(p1)=3583 5, %I(p1)=0.051 8.
(4880 6)	6254	0.093 4	1.40×10^{-4} 6	5.02 2	0.093 4	av $E\beta=1755.0$ 26; $\varepsilon K=1.3593 \times 10^{-3}$ 56; $\varepsilon L=1.2978 \times 10^{-4}$ 54; $\varepsilon M+=1.6714 \times 10^{-5}$ 69 E(p0)=4526 5, %I(p0)=0.093 4.
(5069 7)	6065	0.117 9	1.5×10^{-4} 1	5.02 4	0.117 9	av $E\beta=1846.5$ 31; $\varepsilon K=1.1793 \times 10^{-3}$ 55; $\varepsilon L=1.1258 \times 10^{-4}$ 52; $\varepsilon M+=1.4500 \times 10^{-5}$ 67 E(p0)=4344.9 41, %I(p0)=0.101 4. E(p1)=3117 11, %I(p1)=0.016 8.
(5434 6)	5700	0.300 22	3.0×10^{-4} 2	4.78 3	0.300 22	av $E\beta=2023.9$ 26; $\varepsilon K=9.126 \times 10^{-4}$ 33; $\varepsilon L=8.712 \times 10^{-5}$ 31; $\varepsilon M+=1.1220 \times 10^{-5}$ 40 E(p0)=3991 5, %I(p0)=0.212 15. E(p1)=2775.4 65, %I(p1)=0.088 16.
(5603 9)	5531	0.051 12		5.6 1	0.051 12	av $E\beta=2106.2$ 45; $\varepsilon K=8.163 \times 10^{-4}$ 49; $\varepsilon L=7.792 \times 10^{-5}$ 47; $\varepsilon M+=1.0036 \times 10^{-5}$ 60 E(p1)=2616 9, %I(p1)=0.051 12.
(5709 5)	5425	0.79 4	6.7×10^{-4} 4	4.48 2	0.79 4	av $E\beta=2157.9$ 22; $\varepsilon K=7.628 \times 10^{-4}$ 21; $\varepsilon L=7.281 \times 10^{-5}$ 21; $\varepsilon M+=9.377 \times 10^{-6}$ 26 E(p0)=3725.9 48, %I(p0)=0.082 4. E(p1)=2511.9 40, %I(p1)=0.71 4. 1985Bj01 and 1993Sc16 attribute this proton branch to ^{31}S g.s., which however is clearly identified in 2021Bi02 as decay to the first excited states in ^{31}S .
(5831 5)	5303	0.191 24	1.50×10^{-4} 19	5.15 6	0.191 24	av $E\beta=2217.4$ 22; $\varepsilon K=7.068 \times 10^{-4}$ 19; $\varepsilon L=6.747 \times 10^{-5}$ 19; $\varepsilon M+=8.689 \times 10^{-6}$ 24 E(p0)=3605 8, %I(p0)=0.073 8.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

 $^{32}\text{Ar } \epsilon+\beta^+ \text{ decay (98 ms)}$ **2021Bi02,2008Bh08,1985Bj01 (continued)**

<u>ϵ, β^+ radiations (continued)</u>						
E(decay)	E(level)	I β^+ [‡]	I ϵ [‡]	Log f_I	I($\epsilon + \beta^+$) ^{†‡}	Comments
(6088.2 22)	5046.24	22.29 43	0.01496 33	3.19 1	22.30 43	E(p1)=2395.1 41, %I(p1)=0.118 23. av E β =2342.93 94; ϵ K=6.0578×10 ⁻⁴ 68; ϵ L=5.7822×10 ⁻⁵ 65; ϵ M+=7.4468×10 ⁻⁶ 84 E(p0)=3352.7 30, %I(p0)=20.39 32. E(p1)=2145.5 50, %I(p1)=0.263 13. I($\epsilon + \beta^+$): from I(p)+I γ intensity balance at this level. Other: 17 +16-7 (1977Ha29). av E β =2463.5 26; ϵ K=5.263×10 ⁻⁴ 16; ϵ L=5.023×10 ⁻⁵ 15; ϵ M+=6.469×10 ⁻⁶ 19
(6334 6)	4800	0.0269 27		6.20 5	0.0269 27	E(p0)=3117.4 47, %I(p0)=0.0269 27. av E β =2580.6 65; ϵ K=4.619×10 ⁻⁴ 33; ϵ L=4.409×10 ⁻⁵ 31; ϵ M+=5.678×10 ⁻⁶ 40
(6573 13)	4561	0.029 14		6.3 +2-3	0.029 14	E(p1)=1677 12, %I(p1)=0.029 14. av E β =2815.9 22; ϵ K=3.6142×10 ⁻⁴ 79; ϵ L=3.4493×10 ⁻⁵ 75; ϵ M+=4.4423×10 ⁻⁶ 97
(7052 5)	4082	7.60 15	3.04×10 ⁻³ 7	4.01 1	7.60 15	E(p0)=2422.9 40, %I(p0)=7.28 15. E(p1)=1210.8 42, %I(p1)=0.320 21. av E β =2968.9 22; ϵ K=3.1137×10 ⁻⁴ 65; ϵ L=2.9716×10 ⁻⁵ 62; ϵ M+=3.8271×10 ⁻⁶ 79
(7363 5)	3771	3.61 8	1.25×10 ⁻³ 3	4.43 1	3.61 8	E(p0)=2121.3 40, %I(p0)=3.60 8. E(p1)=912 5, %I(p1)=0.014 8. av E β =3740.9 11; ϵ K=1.6222×10 ⁻⁴ 13; ϵ L=1.5480×10 ⁻⁵ 13; ϵ M+=1.9936×10 ⁻⁶ 17
(8924.5 24)	2209.9	0.143 32		6.3 1	0.143 32	I($\epsilon + \beta^+$): from I(p)+I γ intensity balance at this level. E(p0)=606.9 60, %I(p0)=0.383 10. av E β =4256.61 95; ϵ K=1.12365×10 ⁻⁴ 71;
(9965.9 22)	1168.48	63.1 14	0.0079 2	3.89 1	63.1 14	ϵ L=1.07218×10 ⁻⁵ 68; ϵ M+=1.38080×10 ⁻⁶ 87 I($\epsilon + \beta^+$): from γ intensity balance at this level. I($\epsilon + \beta^+$): uncertainty 0.29 in 62.57 29 from 2021Bi02 is probably a typo, since $I\gamma(707.3\gamma)=37.2$ 18 in 2021Bi02 alone has an uncertainty of 1.8 much greater than 0.29.

[†] From absolute intensities of β -delayed proton branches levels above S(p)=1581.1 6 and observed γ transitions. Absolute intensities %I(p) of β -delayed proton branches are obtained by normalizing $\Sigma I(p)$ (rel) to the total proton emission probability of 35.58% 22 measured by [2008Bh08](#) with a correction factor 1.033 14 deduced by [2021Bi02](#) as a ratio of all emitted protons to the sum of all observed proton branches. Absolute proton intensities %I(p) under comments are deduced from average (weighted or unweighted) of relative I(p)(rel) values from [2021Bi02](#), [2008Bh08](#), [1985Bj01](#) and [1993Sc16](#) if available, relative to I(p)(rel)=100 of the proton branch from 5046 level to ${}^{31}\text{S}$ ground state. p0 is for proton decay to g.s. in ${}^{31}\text{S}$ and p1 for proton to the first excited state at 1248.6 in ${}^{31}\text{S}$. See I(p) data in the dataset of ${}^{32}\text{Ar } \epsilon p$ decay for ${}^{31}\text{S}$ in the ENSDF database (2022 update).

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma({}^{32}\text{Cl})$

I γ normalization: Absolute %I γ for transitions from levels below 5046 level are obtained by normalizing $\Sigma [I(\text{rel})(\gamma \text{ to g.s.})] = 100 - \%I(p)(\text{total}) - \%I\gamma(5048\gamma)$, where %I(p)(total)=35.58 22 ([2008Bh08](#)) and %I $\gamma(5048\gamma)=0.10$ 2 (average of values in [2021Bi02](#) and [2008Bh08](#)), which gives a normalization factor of 0.372 12 for relative I γ values as given under comments. No ϵ feeding to g.s. is assumed.

$^{32}\text{Ar } \varepsilon+\beta^+ \text{ decay (98 ms)}$ **2021Bj02,2008Bh08,1985Bj01 (continued)** $\gamma(^{32}\text{Cl})$ (continued)

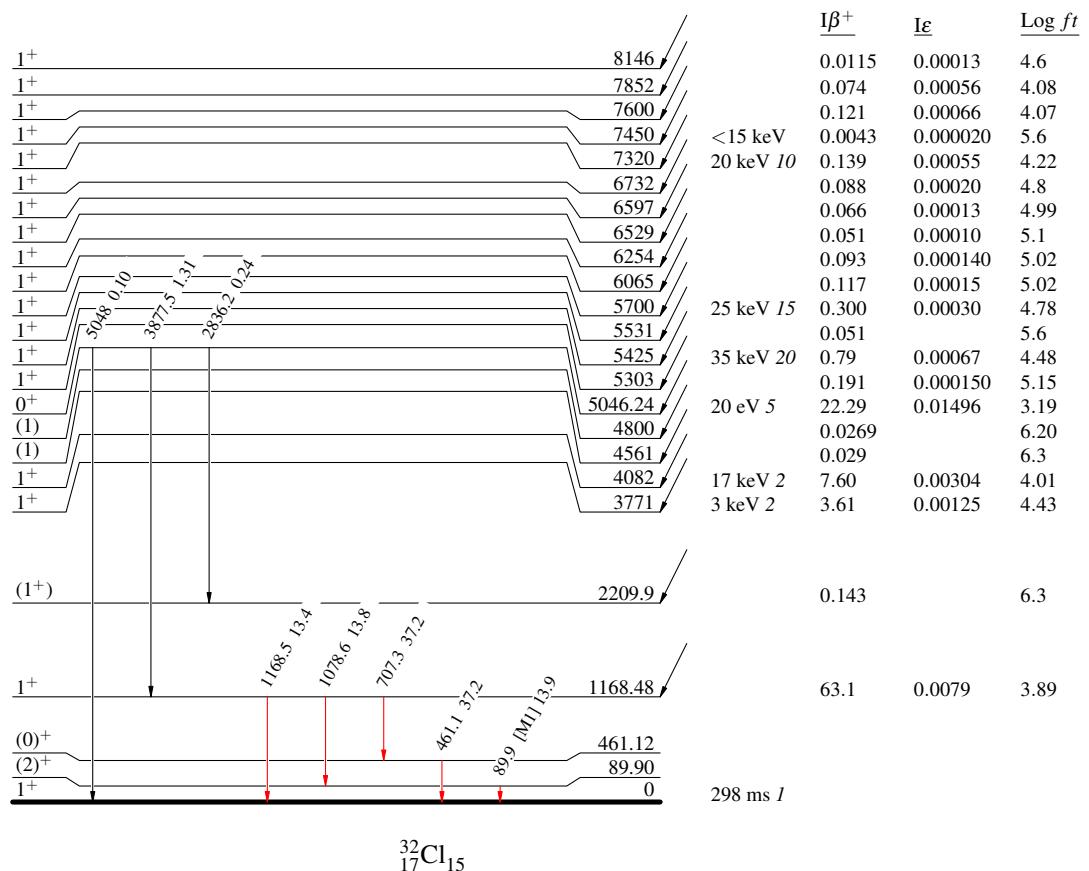
E_γ	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	α^\dagger	Comments
			(2) ⁺	0	1 ⁺	[M1]	0.00979 14	
89.9 1	13.8 7	89.90	(2) ⁺	0	1 ⁺			$\alpha(K)=0.00899 13; \alpha(L)=0.000732 10;$ $\alpha(M)=6.67 \times 10^{-5} 10$ E_γ : from 1985Bj01 .
461.1 1	37.2 10	461.12	(0) ⁺	0	1 ⁺			E_γ : from 1985Bj01 . Other: 460.7 4 (2021Bj02). I_γ : from $I_\gamma(\text{rel})=100 5$, average of 100 7 (2021Bj02) and 100 5 (1985Bj01).
707.3 2	37.2 10	1168.48	1 ⁺	461.12	(0) ⁺			E_γ : weighted average of 707.1 4 (2021Bj02) and 707.4 2 (1985Bj01). I_γ : from $I_\gamma(\text{rel})=100 5$, equal to $I_\gamma(461.1\gamma)$ (2021Bj02,1985Bj01).
1078.6 3	13.8 7	1168.48	1 ⁺	89.90	(2) ⁺			E_γ : weighted average of 1078.1 4 (2021Bj02) and 1078.7 2 (1985Bj01). I_γ : from $I_\gamma(\text{rel})=37.0 18$, equal to $I_\gamma(89.9\gamma)$ (2021Bj02,1985Bj01).
1168.5 2	13.4 7	1168.48	1 ⁺	0	1 ⁺			I_γ : from $I_\gamma(\text{rel})=36.0 20$, weighted average of 31.8 38 (2021Bj02) and 36.9 18 (1985Bj01).
2836.2 10	0.24 3	5046.24	0 ⁺	2209.9	(1 ⁺)			E_γ : weighted average of 2838.7 34 (2021Bj02) and 2836 1 (2008Bh08). I_γ : weighted average of 0.50 37 (2021Bj02) and 0.24 3 (2008Bh08).
3877.5 3	1.31 28	5046.24	0 ⁺	1168.48	1 ⁺			E_γ : weighted average of 3877.7 42 (2021Bj02) and 3877.5 3 (2008Bh08). I_γ : unweighted average of 1.03 22 (2021Bj02) and 1.58 8 (2008Bh08).
5048 5	0.10 2	5046.24	0 ⁺	0	1 ⁺			E_γ : from 2021Bj02 . I_γ : weighted average of 0.22 14 (2021Bj02) and 0.10 2 (2008Bh08).

[†] Additional information 2.[‡] Absolute % I_γ for transitions from levels below 5046 level are obtained by normalizing ΣI (relative γ to g.s.)=100-% $I(p)$ (total)-% $I(5048\gamma)$, where % $I(p)$ (total)=35.58 22 ([2008Bh08](#)) and % $I(5048\gamma)$ =0.10 2 (average of values in [2021Bj02](#) and [2008Bh08](#)), which gives a normalization factor of 0.372 12 for relative I_γ values as given under comments.

Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^{32}Ar $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay (98 ms) 2021Bi02,2008Bh08,1985Bj01Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays $^{32}_{17}\text{Cl}_{15}$