

²⁶⁰Sg α decay (4.95 ms) [2009He20,1985Mu11](#)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	NDS 141,327 (2017)	22-Mar-2017

Parent: ²⁶⁰Sg: E=0.0; J ^{π} =0⁺; T_{1/2}=4.95 ms 33; Q(α)=9901 10; % α decay=29 3

²⁶⁰Sg-T_{1/2}: Measured by [2009He20](#). Others: 3.6 ms +9-6 ([1985Mu11](#), from α decay curves); 2.5 ms 15 was deduced by [1984De07](#) from fission counts (T_{1/2}(SF)=6 ms +2-1 was measured from SF activities, and the time distribution of fission fragments were utilized in calculation of the half-life by subtracting the SF activities of ²⁵⁶Rf, the α daughter; % α >80 was assumed).

²⁶⁰Sg-Q(α): From [2017Wa10](#).

²⁶⁰Sg-% α decay: % α =29 3, %SF=71 3 ([2009He20](#)). Other: % α =50 +20-30 ([1985Mu11](#)).

²⁶⁰Sg assignment: ²⁰⁷Pb(⁵⁴Cr,n), ²⁰⁸Pb(⁵⁴Cr,2n); parent of ²⁵⁶Rf ([1984De07,1984Og03,1985Mu11](#)).

[1985Mu11](#): measured E α , I α , half-life.

[2009He20](#): ²⁶⁰Sg produced in the ²⁰⁸Pb(⁵⁴Cr,2n) and ²⁰⁷Pb(⁵⁴Cr,n) reactions with the ⁵⁴Cr beam delivered by the charge state injector of the UNILAC accelerator at GSI Darmstadt. Evaporation residues were separated by the velocity filter SHIP and implanted into a 16-strip Si PIPS detector. A box of six Si-wafers was used to measure escaping α -particles. A Ge clover detector consisting of four crystals was used to measure γ rays in coincidence with particles. Measured E α , E γ , half-lives, σ .

²⁵⁶Rf Levels

E(level)	J ^{π} †	T _{1/2} †
0.0	0 ⁺	6.67 ms 10
51 35	(2 ⁺)	

† From Adopted Levels.

α radiations

r₀(²⁵⁶Rf)=1.456 fm 8 from assumption of HF=1.0 for g.s. to g.s. α transition.

E α	E(level)	I α †‡	HF	Comments
9720 30	51	17 10	3.6 22	HF: deduced using r ₀ (²⁵⁶ Rf)=1.456 fm 8. E α : from 1985Mu11 .
9750 10	0.0	83 10	1.0	E α : weighted average of 9770 30 (1985Mu11) and 9748 10 (2009He20).

† α intensity per 100 α decays, measured by [1985Mu11](#).

‡ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.29 3.