

$^9\text{Be}(^{29}\text{Na}, ^{25}\text{F})$     [2012Sm08](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	M. Shamsuzzoha Basunia, Anagha Chakraborty		NDS 205,1 (2025)	31-May-2025

Adapted/Edited the XUNDL dataset compiled by J. Chen (NSCL, MSU): December 11, 2014.

[2012Sm08](#): Secondary beam of  $^{26}\text{F}$  (6%) and  $^{29}\text{Na}$  (94%) was produced at the Superconducting Cyclotron Laboratory, MSU, from fragmentation of  $^{48}\text{Ca}$  primary beam,  $E=140$  MeV/nucleon, on a Be target (thickness=987 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>).  $^{29}\text{Na}$  ions were identified by time-of-flight and bombarded another Be target (thickness 470 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>),  $E$  not listed. Charged fragments were detected by a suite of charged-particle detectors and neutrons were detected by the Modular Neutron Array (MoNA). The measured decay energy spectra were reconstructed from the  $^{24}\text{F}+n$  system. Deduced an unbound level. Comparisons with shell model calculations.

 $^{25}\text{F}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	Comments
$4.58 \times 10^3$ 22	(3/2 <sup>-</sup> , 5/2 <sup>+</sup> )	E(level): from measured decay energy of 300 170 and and Sn( $^{25}\text{F}$ )=4280 keV 140 in AME2020 ( <a href="#">2021Wa16</a> ). Note that <a href="#">2012Sm08</a> quote 4.66 MeV 17 using S(n)=4360 120 from <a href="#">2009Fi05</a> , <a href="#">2003Au03</a> – AME2003. $J^\pi$ : from shell-model predictions.