# <sup>252</sup>Es *α* decay **1973Fi06**

History								
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date					
Full Evaluation	M. J. Martin	NDS 122, 377 (2014)	1-Sep-2014					

Parent: <sup>252</sup>Es: E=0.0;  $J^{\pi}$ =(5<sup>-</sup>);  $T_{1/2}$ =471.7 d *19*;  $Q(\alpha)$ =6739 *3*; % $\alpha$  decay=78 *2* <sup>252</sup>Es- $Q(\alpha)$ : From E $\alpha$ =6632 *3*. 2012Wa38 report a systematics value of 6789 *50*.

# <sup>248</sup>Bk Levels

E(level)	) J	π	Comments									
0.0+y	(6+)	E(le	E(level): $Q(\alpha)(^{252}Es)=6739 \ 3$ from $E\alpha=6632 \ 3$ , and $Q(\alpha)=6789 \ 50$ from systematics As given In 2012Wa38, suggest that this level lies within 100 keV of the g.s									
70.65+1	$v 5 (7^+)$											
136+y 7	(8 <sup>-</sup> )											
145+y 3												
151.3+y	<i>l</i> (8 <sup>+</sup> )											
171.5+y	8 (4-,5	5-,6-)										
179+y 3												
212.6+y	8 (4 <sup>-</sup> ,5	5-,6-)										
262+y 6												
339+y 6												
373+y 5												
399.7+y	3 (5 <sup>+</sup> )											
424+y 6												
458+y 6												
483+y 6												
529.1+y	7											
590.0+y	7 (5 <sup>-</sup> )											
624+y 5	$(7^{+})$											
657+y 5	(6 <sup>-</sup> )											
700+y 5	(87)											
				$\alpha$ radiations								
$E\alpha^{\dagger}$	E(level)	Ια <sup>‡@</sup>	HF <sup>#</sup>	Comments								
5943 <i>4</i>	700+y	0.040 1	5 34 13									
5985 4	657+y	0.050 1	5 46 14									
6017 4	624+y	0.12 3	28 8									
6051 <i>3</i>	590.0+y	1.02 9	5.0 5									
6109 5	529.1+y	0.12 3	86 22									
6156 5	483+y	≈0.04	≈449									
6181 5	458+y	0.08 3	$3.0 \times 10^2$ 12									
6215 5	424+y	0.10 3	3.6×10 <sup>2</sup> 11									
6239 3	399.7+y	0.57 5	83 8									
6265 3	373+y	0.75 7	85.9									
6298 5	339+y	≈0.04	≈2306									
6374 5	262+y	0.07 3	$3.1 \times 10^{3}$ 14									
6424 5	212.6+y	0.45 5	$8.4 \times 10^2$ 10									
6461 <i>3</i>	171.5+y	0.25 4	$2.25 \times 10^3$ 37									
6482 <i>3</i>	151.3+y	2.19 9	323 17									
6498 5	136+y	0.31 4	$2.71 \times 10^3$ 37									
6562 <i>3</i>	70.65+y	13.6 <i>3</i>	123 5									
6632 <i>3</i>	0.0+y	80.2 9	43.5 14	The 6632- and 6562-keV $\alpha$ 's are not seen in coincidence with 80 <sup>-</sup> to 400-keV $\gamma$ 's within the coincidence resolving time of 100 ns (1973Fi06).								

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

#### $^{252}\mathbf{Es}\,\alpha$ decay 1973Fi06 (continued)

### $\alpha$ radiations (continued)

<sup>†</sup> Measurements of 1973Fi06. The original energies are increased by 1 keV, as recommended by 1991Ry01, due to changes in calibration energies. No higher-energy  $\alpha$ 's were observed and 1973Fi06 assumed that the 6632 $\alpha$  feeds the <sup>248</sup>Bk g.s. other: 1965Mc11.

- <sup>1905</sup>Mc11. <sup>‡</sup> I $\alpha$  per 100  $\alpha$  decays (1973Fi06). <sup>#</sup>  $r_0(^{248}Bk)=1.4851$  7 is used in calculations of the hindrance factors.  $r_0=1.4851$  14 was used In the previous evaluation, 1999Ak02. <sup>@</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.78 2.

						$^{252}\mathbf{E}$	s $\alpha$ decay 1	973Fi06 (c	ontinued)				
							$\gamma(^{24}$	<sup>-8</sup> Bk)					
$\alpha\gamma$ , $\gamma\gamma$ and	$\gamma$ ce coincid	dences were	e taken b	y 1973Fi06	. See 1	1973Fi06 f	or data.						
	x-rays measured by 1973Fi06:												
	E(x ray) I(per 100 $\alpha$ decays)												
	107.20 5 115.02 5 125.4 1		0.37 0.58 0.23 <i>2</i>	3 5	Bk	Bk K $\alpha_2$ Bk K $\alpha_1$ K $\beta_3$	x ray x ray x ray						
	126.5 <i>1</i> 130.7 <i>2</i>		0.08	28	Bk	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{K}\boldsymbol{\beta}_1\\ \mathbf{B}\mathbf{k} \ \mathbf{K}\boldsymbol{\beta}_2' \end{array}$	x ray x ray						
$E_{\gamma}$	Ι <sub>γ</sub> <b>#&amp;</b>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	$\mathbf{J}_i^{\pi}$	$\mathbf{E}_{f}$	$\mathbf{J}_f^{\pi}$	Mult.@	δ	$\alpha^{\dagger}$	Comments				
x52.33 5	0.72 6								The 52.33 $\gamma$ was observed in coincidence with the 6461 $\alpha$ ;				
64.42 5	0.36 3	136+y	(8-)	70.65+y	(7+)	E1		0.450	therefore, it deexcites a level below the 1/1.5+Y level. $\alpha(L)=0.336 5; \alpha(M)=0.0843 I2$ $\alpha(N)=0.0229 4; \alpha(O)=0.00559 8; \alpha(P)=0.000920 I3;$ $\alpha(Q)=3.14\times10^{-5} 5$				
70.65 5	0.16 2	70.65+y	(7+)	0.0+y	(6+)	E2		104.5	Mult.: the requirement of an intensity balance At the 151.3+Y level is consistent only with mult=E1. $\alpha$ (L)=75.4 <i>11</i> ; $\alpha$ (M)=21.4 <i>3</i> $\alpha$ (N)=5.99 <i>9</i> ; $\alpha$ (O)=1.466 <i>22</i> ; $\alpha$ (P)=0.242 <i>4</i> ; $\alpha$ (Q)=0.000794 <i>12</i> Mult.: from an intensity balance At the 70.65+Y level one gets				
80.7 1	0.042 7	151.3+y	(8+)	70.65+y	(7+)	M1+E2	1.4 +14-4	42 10	$\alpha = 99 + 15 - 12.$ $\alpha(L) = 30 7; \ \alpha(M) = 8.4 \ 20$ $\alpha(N) = 2.4 \ 6; \ \alpha(O) = 0.58 \ 14; \ \alpha(P) = 0.098 \ 21; \ \alpha(Q) = 0.0012 \ 5$ Mult., $\delta$ : the requirement of an intensity balance At the 151.3+Y level gives $\alpha(80.7\gamma) = 42 + 9 - 7$ from which one gets mult( $80.7\gamma$ )=M1+E2 with $\delta = 1.4 + 14 - 7$ .				
<sup>x</sup> 149.1 2 151.3 <i>1</i>	0.026 <i>4</i> 0.096 <i>9</i>	151.3+y	(8+)	0.0+y	(6+)	[E2]		3.26	$\alpha$ (K)=0.1614 23; $\alpha$ (L)=2.23 4; $\alpha$ (M)=0.633 9 $\alpha$ (N)=0.177 3; $\alpha$ (O)=0.0435 7; $\alpha$ (P)=0.00732 11;				
193.5 <i>1</i>	0.068 8	373+у		179+y		M1		5.33	$\alpha(Q)=4.63\times10^{-5} / \alpha(K)=4.17 6; \ \alpha(L)=0.869 \ 13; \ \alpha(M)=0.213 \ 3 \alpha(N)=0.0587 \ 9; \ \alpha(O)=0.01512 \ 22; \ \alpha(P)=0.00298 \ 5; \ \alpha(O)=0.00209 \ 3$				
228.0 4	0.036 6	373+у		145+y		M1		3.36	$\alpha(Q)=0.002095$ $\alpha(K)=2.63 4; \alpha(L)=0.547 9; \alpha(M)=0.1339 20$ $\alpha(N)=0.0369 6; \alpha(O)=0.00950 15; \alpha(P)=0.00188 3;$ $\alpha(Q)=0.0001313 20$				
<sup>x</sup> 230.9 <i>4</i> <sup>x</sup> 326.0 <i>4</i>	0.032 <i>6</i> 0.031 <i>6</i>												

I

						$^{252}$ Es $\alpha$ c	lecay 19	73Fi06 (continued)		
$\gamma$ <sup>(248</sup> Bk) (continued)										
$E_{\gamma}^{\ddagger}$	Ι <sub>γ</sub> <b>#&amp;</b>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	$\mathbf{J}_i^{\pi}$	$E_f$	$\mathbf{J}_{f}^{\pi}$	Mult. <sup>@</sup>	$\alpha^{\dagger}$	Comments		
377.4 3	0.16 2	590.0+y	(5 <sup>-</sup> )	212.6+y	(4 <sup>-</sup> ,5 <sup>-</sup> ,6 <sup>-</sup> )	M1	0.830	$\alpha(K)=0.651 \ 10; \ \alpha(L)=0.1341 \ 19; \ \alpha(M)=0.0328 \ 5$		
399.7 <i>3</i>	0.30 3	399.7+y	(5 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0+y	(6+)	M1	0.709	$\alpha(N)=0.00905 \ 13; \ \alpha(O)=0.00233 \ 4; \ \alpha(P)=0.000459 \ 7; \ \alpha(Q)=3.21\times10^{-5} \ 5 \ \alpha(K)=0.556 \ 8; \ \alpha(L)=0.1145 \ 17; \ \alpha(M)=0.0280 \ 4 \ \alpha(N)=0.00772 \ 11; \ \alpha(Q)=0.00199 \ 3; \ \alpha(P)=0.000392 \ 6; \ \alpha(Q)=2.74\times10^{-5} \ 4$		
418.5 3	0.29 3	590.0+y	(5 <sup>-</sup> )	171.5+y	(4 <sup>-</sup> ,5 <sup>-</sup> ,6 <sup>-</sup> )	M1	0.625	$\alpha(K)=0.4917; \alpha(L)=0.100915; \alpha(M)=0.02474$ $\alpha(K)=0.00680 10; \alpha(C)=0.00175125; \alpha(P)=0.0003455; \alpha(C)=2.41\times10^{-5}4$		
<sup>x</sup> 428.3 5	≈0.012							u(1) = 0.00000 = 10, u(0) = 0.001751 = 20, u(1) = 0.0005 = 5, u(0) = 2.11710 = 7		
<sup>x</sup> 452.4 5	0.04 1									
<sup>x</sup> 523 1	≈0.016									
529.1 7	0.07 1	529.1+y		0.0+y	(6 <sup>+</sup> )					
$x \approx 548$	≈0.01	-		-						
590.0 7	0.11 1	590.0+y	(5 <sup>-</sup> )	0.0+y	(6 <sup>+</sup> )	[E1]	0.01161	$\alpha$ (K)=0.00929 14; $\alpha$ (L)=0.001750 25; $\alpha$ (M)=0.000423 6 $\alpha$ (N)=0.0001160 17; $\alpha$ (O)=2.95×10 <sup>-5</sup> 5; $\alpha$ (P)=5.67×10 <sup>-6</sup> 8; $\alpha$ (Q)=3.55×10 <sup>-7</sup> 5		

<sup>†</sup> Additional information 1.

<sup>‡</sup> From 1973Fi06.

# I/p per 100  $\alpha$  decays (1973Fi06). @ Except where noted otherwise, mults are from K x ray/ $\gamma$  In coincidence with  $\alpha$ 's (1973Fi06) (E2 admixtures to M1's are not ruled out). The multipolarities within square brackets are not directly measured but are deduced from the decay scheme.

<sup>&</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.78 2.

 $x \gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

 $^{248}_{97}\mathrm{Bk}_{151}\text{--}4$ 

# <sup>252</sup>Es α decay 1973Fi06

## Decay Scheme

Leg	gend
	$I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$ $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I^{max}$
	$I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$

$\begin{array}{l} 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max} \\ 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max} \end{array}$		$(5^{-})$ $Q_{\alpha}=6739 3$ $^{252}_{99} \text{Es}_{153}$	0.0 47 %α=	1.7 d <i>19</i> =79
(8+)	700+v	<u>Εα</u> 5943	<u>Ια</u> 0.031	<u>HF</u> 34
(6-)			0.001	
(0)	<u><u> </u></u>	5985	0.039	46
(/+)	024+y	6017	0.094	28
(5 <sup>-</sup> )	5 v v v 590.0+y	6051	0.80	5.0
	529.1+y	6109	0.094	86
	483+y	6156	≈0.031	$\approx 449$
		6181	0.062	300
	424+y	6215	0.078	360
(5 <sup>+</sup> )	<u></u>	6239	0.44	83
	√ 𝔅 373+y	6265	0.59	85
	339+y	6298	≈0.031	≈2306
		6374	0.055	3100
(4-,5-,6-)	212.6+y	6424	0.35	840
(4-,5-,6-)	<u>کُر الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم الم</u>	6461	0.20	2250
(8+)		6482	1.71	323
(8-)	27 145+y	6498	0.24	2710
(7 <sup>+</sup> )	∼ 70.65+y	6562	10.6	123
(6 <sup>+</sup> )	0.0+y	6632	62.6	43.5

<sup>248</sup><sub>97</sub>Bk<sub>151</sub>