

$^{246}\text{Bk } \varepsilon+\beta^+ \text{ decay }$ 1976Ah03

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. D. Nesaraja	NDS 198,449 (2024)		31-Jul-2022

Parent: ^{246}Bk : E=0.0+x; $J^\pi=2^{-}$; $T_{1/2}=1.80$ d 2; $Q(\varepsilon)=1350$ 60; % $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay=100

$^{246}\text{Bk-Q}(\varepsilon)$: From 2021Wa16.

1976Ah03: ^{246}Bk was produced from the irradiation of ^{243}Am with 34 MeV α particles at the Argonne 152 cm cyclotron. The chemically mass separated ^{246}Bk was then processed into a thin source. The electron capture decay of ^{246}Bk was investigated by measuring the gamma-rays and conversion-electron spectra with Ge(Li) and Si(Li) detectors, respectively. Measured $T_{1/2}$ of ^{246}Bk , $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $E(\text{ce})$, $I(\text{ce})$, $Ie\gamma$ -coin, Deduced levels, multipolarity, J^π and $\log ft$. See earlier report: 1966Ah02.

Other: 1966Or01.

Using program RadiationReport, the evaluator has calculated from the decay scheme, x-ray intensities as follows: $K\alpha_2$ x ray=19.7 24, $K\alpha_1$ x ray=30.9 38, $K\beta_{12}$ x ray=15.6 19. These values are compared with experimental results (1976Ah03) of $K\alpha_2$ x ray=19.0 13, $K\alpha_1$ x ray=29.0 2, and ($K\beta_1$ x ray=11.0 8 + $K\beta_2$ x ray=4.0 3)= 15.0 8. This agreement confirms the quality of the data and the consistency of the decay scheme.

 $^{246}\text{Cm Levels}$

E(level) [‡]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [†]
0.0	0^+	4706 y 40
42.85 10	2^+	123.2 ps 23
142.06 12	4^+	
841.55 12	2^-	
876.36 12	3^-	
1078.83 9	1^-	
1104.85 14	2^-	
1124.28 9	2^+	
1128.09 12	3^-	
1165.49 11	3^+	

[†] From Adopted Levels.

[‡] Deduced by the evaluator from least-squares fit to $E\gamma$ data.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\varepsilon$ ^{†‡}	$\log ft$	Comments
(1.9×10 ² 6)	1165.49	0.55 11	7.4 6	$\varepsilon K=0.3$ 3; $\varepsilon L=0.49$ 18; $\varepsilon M+=0.21$ 12
(2.2×10 ² 6)	1128.09	0.27 5	8.0 5	$\varepsilon K=0.4$ 3; $\varepsilon L=0.40$ 18; $\varepsilon M+=0.17$ 10
(2.3×10 ² 6)	1124.28	10.8 9	6.4 5	$\varepsilon K=0.4$ 3; $\varepsilon L=0.39$ 17; $\varepsilon M+=0.16$ 9
(2.5×10 ² 6)	1104.85	2.97 29	7.1 4	$\varepsilon K=0.49$ 20; $\varepsilon L=0.36$ 13; $\varepsilon M+=0.15$ 7
(2.7×10 ² 6)	1078.83	5.6 5	6.9 4	$\varepsilon K=0.53$ 14; $\varepsilon L=0.33$ 9; $\varepsilon M+=0.13$ 5
(4.7×10 ² 6)	876.36	21.5 22	7.03 16	$\varepsilon K=0.673$ 22; $\varepsilon L=0.237$ 16; $\varepsilon M+=0.090$ 7
(5.1×10 ² 6)	841.55	50 6	6.74 15	$\varepsilon K=0.682$ 18; $\varepsilon L=0.231$ 13; $\varepsilon M+=0.087$ 6
(1.21×10 ³ 6)	142.06	≤ 0.56	$\geq 10.2^{1u}$	$\varepsilon K=0.704$ 5; $\varepsilon L=0.215$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=0.0804$ 16
(1.31×10 ³ 6)	42.85	≈ 7.5	≈ 8.5	$\varepsilon K=0.7484$ 17; $\varepsilon L=0.1850$ 12; $\varepsilon M+=0.0666$ 6
(1.35×10 ³ 6)	0.0	≤ 3	$\geq 9.7^{1u}$	$\varepsilon K=0.714$ 4; $\varepsilon L=0.209$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.0774$ 12

I ε : -6 % 9 deduced by the evaluator from I(K x ray), Q(ε), ε branchings, theoretical K/ ε ratios of the proposed level scheme and the experimental K-shell fluorescence yield $\omega=0.976$ (1976Ah03). Negative feeding -9 % 10 was also deduced by 1976Ah03. A limit of I $\varepsilon\leq 3$ is given by the evaluator.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

 $^{246}\text{Bk } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1976Ah03 (continued) ε, β^+ radiations (continued)

[†] From level scheme intensity balance, unless otherwise noted. In order to generate an output from the LOGFT code, the evaluator had set the E(parent)=0.0.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{246}\text{Bk } \varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1976Ah03 (continued)

$\gamma^{(246)\text{Cm}}$

I γ normalization: From $\Sigma I(\gamma+ce)$ (to 0.0+43 level)= 91% 4. ($I(\gamma+ce)42.8\gamma$ not included in this sum), since $I\beta^-(\text{g.s.}) + I\beta(42\text{-keV state})=9\% 4$ (1976Ah03).

Uncertainty was not provided by authors (1976Ah03), but was assigned by the evaluator $\varepsilon(\text{g.s.})<8\%$ from K x ray intensity (1976Ah03).

The evaluator calculated the number of K-shell holes due to internal conversions (0.49 2) and electron captures (69 8). The latter was deduced from ε branchings and theoretical K/ ε ratios for $Q+=1350$ 60 keV. Experimental K-shell fluorescence yield correction of 0.971 6 (1979Ah01) was used in the calculation to determine the total $I(K \text{ x ray})= 68 \% 8$ which is in agreement with the measured value 63 % 4 by 1976Ah03.

Measured x-ray intensities (1976Ah03)

Energy Intensity x-ray

104.6 1	19.0 13	Cm K α_2
109.3 1	29.0 2	Cm K α_1
123.2 2	11.0 8	Cm K β_1'
127.1 2	4.0 3	Cm K β_2'
Σ	$I(K \text{ x ray})=63$ 4	(1976Ah03)

3

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\dagger b}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ‡	a^a	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^b$	Comments
34.8 [#] 1	0.0084@ 7	876.36	3 ⁻	841.55	2 ⁻	(M1,E2)	1.5×10^3 14	12.9 16	$\alpha(L)=1.1 \times 10^3$ 10; $\alpha(M)=3.1 \times 10^2$ 28 $\alpha(N)=9.1$ 8; $\alpha(O)=21$ 19; $\alpha(P)=3.5$ 31; $\alpha(Q)=0.021$ 7 %I γ =0.0086 9 Mult.: M:N+O=2.6 2:0.76 8 (1976Ah03). M1,E2 given by 1976Ah03. Note that BrIccMixing code gives a high reduced χ^2 . $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$: From $I(ce(M))=2.6$ 2, $Ice(N+O)=0.76$ 8, (1976Ah03). $ce(L)/(y+ce)=0.723$ 8; $ce(M)/(y+ce)=0.204$ 4 $ce(N)/(y+ce)=0.0566$ 11; $ce(O)/(y+ce)=0.01368$ 27; $ce(P)/(y+ce)=0.00223$ 4; $ce(Q)/(y+ce)=5.49 \times 10^{-6}$ 11 $\alpha(L)=774$ 11; $\alpha(M)=218.1$ 31 $\alpha(N)=60.6$ 8; $\alpha(O)=14.65$ 21; $\alpha(P)=2.393$ 34; $\alpha(Q)=0.00587$ 8 %I γ ≈0.087 $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$: From $Ice(L1+L2) \approx 35$, $Ice(L3) \approx 30$, $Ice(M) = 18.5$ 14, and $Ice(N+O) = 7.3$ 6 (1976Ah03). Mult.: L1+L2:L3≈ 35:30 (1976Ah03) M:N+O= 18.5 14:7.3 6 (1976Ah03). $ce(L)/(y+ce)=0.687$ 7; $ce(M)/(y+ce)=0.1943$ 35
42.8 [#]	≈0.085@	42.85	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2	1070 15	≈91	
99.2 [#] 1	0.20@ 1	142.06	4 ⁺	42.85	2 ⁺	E2	19.43 29	4.0 2	

²⁴⁶Bk $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1976Ah03 (continued) $\gamma(^{246}\text{Cm})$ (continued)

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\dagger b}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [‡]	α^a	Comments
734.3 1	3.1 2	876.36	3 ⁻	142.06	4 ⁺	E1	0.00752 11	$\text{ce}(N)/(y+ce)=0.0541$ 11; $\text{ce}(O)/(y+ce)=0.01310$ 27; $\text{ce}(P)/(y+ce)=0.00217$ 4; $\text{ce}(Q)/(y+ce)=8.89 \times 10^{-6}$ 18 $\alpha(L)=14.05$ 21; $\alpha(M)=3.97$ 6 $\alpha(N)=1.105$ 16; $\alpha(O)=0.268$ 4; $\alpha(P)=0.0444$ 7; $\alpha(Q)=0.0001817$ 26 $\%I\gamma=0.204$ 17 $I_{(y+ce)}$: From $I_{ce}(L1+L2)=1.86$ 14, $I_{ce}(L3)=1.25$ 9, $I_{ce}(M)=0.89$ 17 (1976Ah03). Mult.: L1+L2:L3:M= 1.86 14:1.25 9:0.89 7 (1976Ah03).
798.7 1	61 4	841.55	2 ⁻	42.85	2 ⁺	E1	0.00648 9	$\alpha(K)=0.00606$ 8; $\alpha(L)=0.001100$ 15; $\alpha(M)=0.000265$ 4 $\alpha(N)=7.22 \times 10^{-5}$ 10; $\alpha(O)=1.825 \times 10^{-5}$ 26; $\alpha(P)=3.52 \times 10^{-6}$ 5; $\alpha(Q)=2.327 \times 10^{-7}$ 33 $\%I\gamma=3.16$ 30 Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0061, \alpha(L+L2)\exp=0.0013, K:L1+L2= 0.019$ 13:0.004 1 (1976Ah03); $\alpha(K)\exp \leq 0.01$ (1966Or01).
833.5 1	5.0 3	876.36	3 ⁻	42.85	2 ⁺	E1	0.00601 8	$\alpha(K)=0.00523$ 7; $\alpha(L)=0.000941$ 13; $\alpha(M)=0.0002260$ 32 $\alpha(N)=6.17 \times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(O)=1.560 \times 10^{-5}$ 22; $\alpha(P)=3.01 \times 10^{-6}$ 4; $\alpha(Q)=2.017 \times 10^{-7}$ 28 $\%I\gamma=62$ 6 Mult.: K:L1+L2:L3: $\alpha(K)\exp:\alpha(L+L2)\exp:\alpha(L3)\exp:K/L= 0.32$ 2:0.055 4:0.005 1:0.0052:0.0009:0.000081:~5.2.
982.2 2	0.22 2	1124.28	2 ⁺	142.06	4 ⁺	[E2]	0.01428 20	$\alpha(K)=0.01042$ 15; $\alpha(L)=0.00287$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.000727$ 10 $\alpha(N)=0.0002001$ 28; $\alpha(O)=5.02 \times 10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(P)=9.51 \times 10^{-6}$ 13; $\alpha(Q)=5.00 \times 10^{-7}$ 7 $\%I\gamma=0.224$ 26
986.03 4	0.26 3	1128.09	3 ⁻	142.06	4 ⁺	(E1)	0.00449 6	$\%I\gamma=0.27$ 4 $\alpha(K)=0.00364$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.000642$ 9; $\alpha(M)=0.0001539$ 22 $\alpha(N)=4.20 \times 10^{-5}$ 6; $\alpha(O)=1.064 \times 10^{-5}$ 15; $\alpha(P)=2.065 \times 10^{-6}$ 29; $\alpha(Q)=1.417 \times 10^{-7}$ 20 E_γ , Mult.: From Adopted Gammas. Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp \leq 0.008$ (1966Or01).
1023.4 2	0.15 2	1165.49	3 ⁺	142.06	4 ⁺	[E2]	0.01321 18	$\alpha(K)=0.00971$ 14; $\alpha(L)=0.00260$ 4; $\alpha(M)=0.000657$ 9 $\alpha(N)=0.0001808$ 25; $\alpha(O)=4.54 \times 10^{-5}$ 6; $\alpha(P)=8.62 \times 10^{-6}$ 12; $\alpha(Q)=4.63 \times 10^{-7}$ 6 $\%I\gamma=0.153$ 23
1036.0 1	1.75 13	1078.83	1 ⁻	42.85	2 ⁺	E1	0.00412 6	$\alpha(K)=0.00334$ 5; $\alpha(L)=0.000588$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.0001409$ 20 $\alpha(N)=3.84 \times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(O)=9.75 \times 10^{-6}$ 14; $\alpha(P)=1.893 \times 10^{-6}$ 27; $\alpha(Q)=1.306 \times 10^{-7}$ 18 $\%I\gamma=1.79$ 18
1062.0 1	2.9 2	1104.85	2 ⁻	42.85	2 ⁺	E1	0.00395 6	Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0037$ (1976Ah03); $\alpha(K)\exp \leq 0.003$ (1966Or01). $\alpha(K)=0.00320$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.000563$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.0001348$ 19 $\alpha(N)=3.68 \times 10^{-5}$ 5; $\alpha(O)=9.33 \times 10^{-6}$ 13; $\alpha(P)=1.813 \times 10^{-6}$ 25; $\alpha(Q)=1.254 \times 10^{-7}$ 18 $\%I\gamma=2.96$ 29
1078.8 1	3.7 3	1078.83	1 ⁻	0.0	0 ⁺	E1	0.00385 5	Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0029$ (1976Ah03); $\alpha(K)\exp \leq 0.003$ (1966Or01). $\alpha(K)=0.00312$ 4; $\alpha(L)=0.000548$ 8; $\alpha(M)=0.0001311$ 18

$^{246}\text{Bk } \varepsilon+\beta^+ \text{ decay} \quad \textcolor{blue}{1976Ah03} \text{ (continued)}$ $\gamma(^{246}\text{Cm}) \text{ (continued)}$

E_γ^{\dagger}	$I_\gamma^{\dagger b}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [#]	α^a	Comments
1081.4 <i>I</i>	5.8 4	1124.28	2 ⁺	42.85	2 ⁺	E2	0.01190 <i>I7</i>	$\alpha(N)=3.58\times 10^{-5} \ 5; \alpha(O)=9.07\times 10^{-6} \ 13; \alpha(P)=1.764\times 10^{-6} \ 25; \alpha(Q)=1.222\times 10^{-7} \ 17$ %I $\gamma=3.8 \ 4$ Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0041$ (1976Ah03); $\alpha(K)\exp\leq 0.003$ (1966Or01). $\alpha(K)=0.00884 \ 12; \alpha(L)=0.002286 \ 32; \alpha(M)=0.000575 \ 8$ $\alpha(N)=0.0001581 \ 22; \alpha(O)=3.98\times 10^{-5} \ 6; \alpha(P)=7.57\times 10^{-6} \ 11; \alpha(Q)=4.17\times 10^{-7} \ 6$ %I $\gamma=5.9 \ 6$ Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0093$ (1976Ah03); $\alpha(K)\exp=0.008 \ 3$ (1966Or01); K/L ≈ 3.9 (1966Or01).
1122.64 ^{&} 6	0.38 ^{&} 7	1165.49	3 ⁺	42.85	2 ⁺	E2	0.01110 <i>I6</i>	$\alpha(K)=0.00829 \ 12; \alpha(L)=0.002097 \ 29; \alpha(M)=0.000526 \ 7$ $\alpha(N)=0.0001446 \ 20; \alpha(O)=3.64\times 10^{-5} \ 5; \alpha(P)=6.94\times 10^{-6} \ 10; \alpha(Q)=3.89\times 10^{-7} \ 5$ $\alpha(IPF)=2.167\times 10^{-7} \ 31$ %I $\gamma=0.39 \ 8$ E_γ : From Adopted Gammas.
1124.3 ^{&} <i>I</i>	4.4 ^{&} 3	1124.28	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2	0.01107 <i>I5</i>	$\alpha(K)=0.00827 \ 12; \alpha(L)=0.002090 \ 29; \alpha(M)=0.000524 \ 7$ $\alpha(N)=0.0001441 \ 20; \alpha(O)=3.63\times 10^{-5} \ 5; \alpha(P)=6.92\times 10^{-6} \ 10; \alpha(Q)=3.88\times 10^{-7} \ 5$ $\alpha(IPF)=2.328\times 10^{-7} \ 34$ %I $\gamma=4.5 \ 4$ Mult.: $\alpha(K)\exp=0.0085$, K:L1+L2=0.041 3:0.0078 12 (1976Ah03).

[†] From [1976Ah03](#), unless otherwise noted.[‡] From Adopted Gammas. α and ce-ratios from [1976Ah03](#) are given in comments. Normalization of $I(\text{ce})$ to $I(\gamma)$ not stated ([1976Ah03](#)); normalized to $\alpha(K)(799\gamma, E1)=0.00524$ ([1966Or01](#)).[#] Observed in ce spectrum only ([1976Ah03](#)).[@] Deduced by the evaluator from $I(\gamma+\text{ce})$ and α .[&] The 1124.3 γ appears to be a doublet from ^{246}Am (25 min) decay. From ^{246}Am (25 min) decay $I_\gamma(1122.64)/I_\gamma(1023.44)=2.5 \ 3$, the evaluator deduced $I_\gamma(1122.64)=0.38 \ 7$ at $E=1165-\text{keV}$ level and $I_\gamma(1124.3)=4.4 \ 3$ at $E=1124-\text{keV}$ level.^a [Additional information 1](#).^b For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 1.02 7.

$^{246}\text{Bk } \varepsilon$ decay 1976Ah03Decay Scheme

Legend

Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays