

²⁴⁹No α decay **2022Te01,2022Lo03**

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. D. Nesaraja	NDS 189,1 (2023)	14-Feb-2023

Parent: ²⁴⁹No: E=0.0; J ^{π} =(5/2⁺); T_{1/2}=38.1 ms 28; Q(α)=9170 *syst*; % α decay<100

²⁴⁹No-J ^{π} : From **2022Te01** based on systematics of N=147 isotones (²³⁹U, ²⁴¹Pu, ²⁴³Cm); results from Geant simulations and the detected α from ²⁴⁹No α decay (**2022Te01**). Note: Currently as of date 14 February 2023, J ^{π} =(7/2⁺) for g.s. ²⁴⁹No on the online version of ENSDF).

²⁴⁹No-T_{1/2}: From time distribution measurement in **2022Te01** Note T_{1/2}= 38.3 ms 28 from τ =55 ms 4 given in **2022Te01** should be 38.1 ms 28. See also same group (**2021Sv02**) with T_{1/2}=38.1 ms 25. Others: 15 ms +74-7 (**2021Kh07**).

²⁴⁹No-% α decay: From Adopted Levels in ²⁴⁵Fm.

2022Te01(superseeds **2021Te08**, **2021Sv02**): ²⁴⁵Fm was produced from the α decay of ²⁴⁹No. ²⁴⁹No was synthesized in the fusion-evaporation reaction ²⁰⁴Pb(⁴⁸Ca,3n) which was followed by separation in the separator for heavy element spectroscopy (SHELS) and identified with the GABRIELA detector array. GABRIELA array consists of a DSSD detector (FWHM=15-20 keV for α particle with E α =6-10 MeV). TOF upstream from the DSSD distinguishes implanted recoils from their subsequent α , electron and SF decays. Particles escaping from the DSSD are then detected in 8 DSSDs with 16 strips forming a tunnel configuration. Measured E α , recoil- $\alpha\alpha$ (t).

2022Lo03: ²⁴⁵Fm produced as the granddaughter from α decay of ²⁵³Rf. ²⁵³Rf was produced in fusion evaporation ²⁰⁴Pb(⁵⁰Ti,n) with E(⁵⁰Ti)=244 MeV from the U400 Cyclotron at the Flerov Laboratory of Nuclear Reactions in Dubna Evaporation residues separated with the separator for heavy element spectroscopy (SHELS) were implanted into 10 double-sided silicon strip detectors (DSSD) for position and time correlation in the GABRIELA detector array. Particles escaping from the DSSD were then detected in 8 DSSDs with 16 strips forming a tunnel configuration. Measured E α , recoil- $\alpha\alpha$ (t) and fission properties of ²⁵³Rf.

2020Kh10: ²⁴⁵Fm produced via ²⁰⁸Pb(⁴⁰Ar,3n) reaction. The ⁴⁰Ar beam was from the UNILAC linear accelerator at GSI with E(⁴⁰Ar)=192 MeV. The evaporation residues were separated from the primary beam by the velocity filter SHIP and were then implanted into a position sensitive 16-strip Si detector surrounded by six additional Si detectors and an HPGe Clover detector. Measured E α , recoil- α recoil- $\alpha\alpha$, recoil- α (t), recoil- $\alpha\gamma$.

2015Re01: ²⁴⁵Fm produced via ²⁰⁸Pb(⁴⁰Ar,3n) reaction. ²⁴⁵Fm was separated using the Separator for Heavy Element Spectroscopy (SHELS) at the U-400 accelerator at FLNR, JINR in Dubna, Russia. α activity of 8127.6 keV *10* was observed.

2007Ha29: ²⁴⁵Fm produced via ²⁰⁸Pb(⁴⁰Ar,3n) reaction. ²⁴⁵Fm was separated using the using the gas-filled recoil ion separator GARIS at the RIKEN Linear Accelerator. α activity of 8.15 MeV was observed.

1998Sa08: ²⁴⁵Fm was produced via ²³²Th(²⁰Ne,7n) and ²³²Th(²²Ne,9n) reactions. It was then separated by the electrostatic recoil separator VASSILISSA at JINR. The observed 8.16 MeV activity was probably from two main contributors ^{247m}Fm (8.18 MeV) and ²⁴⁵Fm (8.15 MeV).

1967Nu01: ²⁴⁵Fm produced via ²³³U(¹⁶O,4n), ²³⁹Pu(¹²C,6n) reactions. Targets were about 500 μ g/cm² thick. α activity of 8.15 MeV was observed. Measured T_{1/2} and excitation functions.

²⁴⁵Fm Levels

E(level)	J ^{π}	T _{1/2}	Comments
0.0	(1/2 ⁺)	5.6 s 7	Configuration=1/2 ⁺ [631]. T _{1/2} : From Adopted Level.
10 [†] <i>calc</i>	(3/2 ⁺)		Additional information 1.
40 [†] <i>calc</i>	(5/2 ⁺)		Additional information 2. Configuration=5/2 ⁺ [622].

[†] Deduced by **2022Te01** based on the broad alpha spectrum supported by Geant4 simulations.

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<u>E_α</u>	<u>E(level)</u>	Comments
9105 33	40	E_α : Weighted average of 9129 keV 22 (2022Te01) and 9060 keV 30 (2021Kh07).

 $\gamma(^{245}\text{Fm})$

<u>E_γ</u>	<u>$E_i(\text{level})$</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>
(10 [†]) 1	10	(3/2 ⁺)	0.0	(1/2 ⁺)
(30 [†]) 1	40	(5/2 ⁺)	10	(3/2 ⁺)

[†] Deduced by 2022Te01 based on the detected alphas and GEANT simulated spectrum. Assumed to be a M1 transition which would not be observed as it is highly converted.

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Legend

Decay Scheme----- \rightarrow γ Decay (Uncertain)