1 **H**(23 **Mg**, γ) **2010Er02**

TypeHistoryFull EvaluationM. Shamsuzzoha Basunia, Anagha ChakrabortyNDS 186, 2 (2022)31-Mar-2022

Adapted from XUNDL dataset compiled by J. Chen and B. Singh (McMaster), May 12, 2010.

H₂ target. Radioactive ²³Mg beam of peak intensity $5x10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$ produced at the ISAC facility at TRIUMF by bombarding a series of silicon-carbide/graphite composite foils with a 500-MeV proton beam at 35 μA. A=23 products were selected using a high-resolution mass separator and accelerated to the beam energies of interest using the ISAC accelerators and the beam was guided through the windowless re-circulating hydrogen target at DRAGON. Prompt γ-rays were detected in an efficient 30-element bismuth germanate (BGO) hexagonal detector array surrounding the gas target cell and recoils were identified using a combination of local time-of-flight measurement with a dual micro-channel plate (MCP) system and a ΔE-E measurement using an isobutane-filled segmented ionization chamber. Measured yield of recoil-coincident γ-rays from proton captures. Deduced resonance energy and resonance strength for the resonance at E_R=485.7 keV for the first time. Deduced new reaction rates of $^{23}Mg(p,\gamma)^{24}Al$ at temperatures of astrophysical interest.

²⁴Al Levels

E(level) Comments 2346.6 15 E(level): deduced from $S_p(^{24}Al)+E_R$. $E_R=482.5$ 15: weighted average of 485.7 +13-18 (2010Er02), 482.1 20 (2010Wr02), and 480.8 14 (2015Ch58) and $S_p=1864.11$ 23 (2021Wa16).

Resonance strength: $\omega \gamma = 0.038 \text{ eV} + 21 - 15$.