$^{243}\mathbf{Cf}\,\alpha$ decay

	History						
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date				
Full Evaluation	E. Browne, J. K. Tuli	NDS 122, 293 (2014)	30-Jun-2013				

Parent: ²⁴³Cf: E=0.0; $J^{\pi}=(1/2^+)$; $T_{1/2}=10.7 \text{ min } 5$; $Q(\alpha)=7420 \text{ SY}$; % $\alpha \text{ decay}\approx 14.0$

Additional information 1. $Q(\alpha)=7420$ keV, systematic value for ²⁴³Cf g.s. decay (2012Wa38) suggests that the observed 7170- and 7060-keV α 's feed levels in ²³⁹Cm at about 130 and 242 keV, respectively.

E(level)	$J^{\pi \dagger}$	Comments
0.0 ≈130? ≈242	(7/2 ⁻)	Alpha decay to this level was not detected (1967Fi04).
	$(1/2^+)$	

[†] From Adopted Levels.

α radiations

$E\alpha^{\ddagger}$	E(level)	Ια ^{#@}	HF^{\dagger}	Comments
7060 10	≈242	≈71	≈0.70	Iα: 7060α/7171α≈2.5 is given in 1967Fi04. HF: the α HF is low for J=1/2 (compare HF=2.7 and 2.5 for the favored transitions in the α decay of ²³⁹ Pu and ²⁴¹ Cm, respectively) suggesting that the α branch for ²⁴³ Cf is <14%, as estimated in 1967Si08. Eα: 7050 20 is reported in 1967Si08.
7170 ^{&} <i>10</i>	≈130?	≈29	≈4.5	Not seen by 1967Si08. It may have been obscured in their spectrum by the presence of the 7.22-MeV α from ²⁴⁴ Cf.

[†] Using $r_0(^{239}\text{Cm})=1.493$, average of $r_0(^{238}\text{Cm})=1.490\ 20$ and $r_0(^{240}\text{Cm})=1.495\ 12\ (1998\text{Ak04})$. [‡] Measurements of 1967Fi04 (semi). Other measurement: 1967Si08.

[#] From 1967Fi04. [@] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≈ 0.14 .

[&] Existence of this branch is questionable.