

^{236}Th β^- decay 1984Mi02

| Type | Author | History Citation | Literature Cutoff Date |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Full Evaluation | Shaofei Zhu | NDS 182, 2 (2022). | 1-Apr-2022 |

Parent: ^{236}Th : $E=0$; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=37.5$ min 2; $Q(\beta^-)=921$ 20; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100.0

^{236}Th - $Q(\beta^-)$: from 2021Wa16.

The decay scheme of 1984Mi02 supersedes the scheme of 1973Or06 because of the observation of more complete γ rays in cascades.

1984Mi02: ^{236}Th decay was assigned based on the correlation of ^{236}Pa daughter decay in equilibrium from ^{236}Th sources produced by $^{238}\text{U}(p,3p)$ followed by chemical and mass separation.

1973Or06: ^{236}Th sources produced by $^{238}\text{U}(p,3p)$.

Other: 1973Ka10.

x-ray: $I_\gamma(\text{Pa K x ray})/I_\gamma(642\gamma)=0.32$ 8 from an equilibrium source gives $I_\gamma(\text{Pa K x ray})=(0.32$ 8) \times 0.37 2 \times 100=12% 4 (per 100 β^- decays of ^{236}Pa) (1973Or06).

α : Additional information 1.

 ^{236}Pa Levels

| E(level) [†] | J^π [‡] | $T_{1/2}$ |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 0 | 1 ⁽⁺⁾ | 9.1 min 1 |
| 31.54 9 | | |
| 110.76 8 | (0 ⁻ ,1) | |
| 227.42 20 | | |
| 340.20 7 | (0 ⁻ ,1) | |
| 580.81 11 | (0 ⁻ ,1) | |
| 678.11 8 | (0 ⁻ ,1) | |

[†] From least square fit to E_γ 's by evaluator.

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

 β^- radiations

| E(decay) | E(level) | $I\beta^-$ [†] | Log ft | Comments |
|--|----------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------|
| (243 20) | 678.11 | 1.32 14 | 5.4 1 | av $E\beta=66.3$ 60 |
| (340 20) | 580.81 | 0.52 10 | 6.4 2 | av $E\beta=95.6$ 62 |
| (581 20) | 340.20 | 3.4 12 | 6.4 2 | av $E\beta=173.4$ 68 |
| (694 20) | 227.42 | 2.5 6 | 6.8 2 | |
| (810 20) | 110.76 | 2.0 17 | 7.1 3 | av $E\beta=253.1$ 72 |
| (921 20) | 0 | 94.5 12 | 5.6 1 | av $E\beta=293.2$ 74 |
| $I\beta^-$: β^- intensity to g.s. + 31.5-keV level. | | | | |

[†] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{236}\text{Pa})$

I_γ normalization: 1984Mi02 provide absolute intensities noting "The gamma-ray intensities of the parent 37-min ^{236}Th were also put on an absolute basis through measurements in sources in which parent and daughter were in equilibrium; proper account was taken of the parent/daughter ratio (0.76).".

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{236}\text{Th} \beta^-$ decay **1984Mi02** (continued) $\gamma(^{236}\text{Pa})$ (continued)

| E_γ^\dagger | $I_\gamma^{\ddagger\#}$ | $E_i(\text{level})$ | J_i^π | E_f | J_f^π | Mult. ‡ | α | Comments |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------------------|----------|--|
| (31.5) | | 31.54 | | 0 | $1^{(+)}$ | | | E_γ : not observed, deduced from level scheme (1984Mi02). |
| 110.8 1 | 4.2 12 | 110.76 | $(0^-,1)$ | 0 | $1^{(+)}$ | | | E_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 110.7 5 (1973Or06). I_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 10.5 28 relative to $I_\gamma(642\gamma)=100$ (1973Or06). |
| 112.8 2 | 0.24 9 | 340.20 | $(0^-,1)$ | 227.42 | | | | E_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 112.7 +5-1 (1973Or06). I_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 2.6 12 relative to $I_\gamma(642\gamma)=100$ (1973Or06). |
| ^x 131.6 10 | 0.56 28 | | | | | | | E_γ : from 1973Or06. I_γ : from 2.0 10 relative to $I_\gamma(642\gamma)=100$ (1973Or06). |
| 196.0 5 | 0.69 14 | 227.42 | | 31.54 | | (M1) | 3.01 5 | $\alpha(\text{K})=2.40$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.461$ 7; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.1111$ 18; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0298$ 5; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00715$ 11 $\alpha(\text{P})=0.001366$ 22; $\alpha(\text{Q})=0.0001128$ 18 E_γ, I_γ : from 1984Mi02. |
| 229.5 1 | 0.7 4 | 340.20 | $(0^-,1)$ | 110.76 | $(0^-,1)$ | (M1) | 1.935 27 | $\alpha(\text{K})=1.543$ 22; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.296$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0712$ 10; $\alpha(\text{N})=0.01910$ 27; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00458$ 6 $\alpha(\text{P})=0.000875$ 12; $\alpha(\text{Q})=7.23 \times 10^{-5}$ 10 E_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 229.6 10 (1973Or06). I_γ : from 1984Mi02; other: 2.0 10 relative to $I_\gamma(642\gamma)=100$ (1973Or06). |
| 308.7 1 | 0.42 5 | 340.20 | $(0^-,1)$ | 31.54 | | | | |
| 340.1 1 | 0.67 9 | 340.20 | $(0^-,1)$ | 0 | $1^{(+)}$ | | | |
| ^x 392.4 1 | 0.17 3 | | | | | | | |
| ^x 414.8 3 | 0.13 3 | | | | | | | |
| ^x 434.3 1 | 0.67 9 | | | | | | | |
| 549.2 1 | 0.32 9 | 580.81 | $(0^-,1)$ | 31.54 | | | | |
| 567.1 3 | 0.13 3 | 678.11 | $(0^-,1)$ | 110.76 | $(0^-,1)$ | | | |
| 581.1 2 | 0.20 4 | 580.81 | $(0^-,1)$ | 0 | $1^{(+)}$ | | | |
| ^x 586.4 2 | 0.09 4 | | | | | | | |
| ^x 599.7 1 | 0.24 3 | | | | | | | |
| 646.6 1 | 0.72 11 | 678.11 | $(0^-,1)$ | 31.54 | | | | |
| 678.1 1 | 0.47 7 | 678.11 | $(0^-,1)$ | 0 | $1^{(+)}$ | | | |
| ^x 719.9 1 | 0.21 3 | | | | | | | |

† From 1984Mi02, unless otherwise noted. Absolute intensity from 1984Mi02 relative to $I_\gamma(642\gamma)$ in ^{236}Pa at equilibrium, corrected by parent/daughter ratio of 0.76 based on their lifetimes.

‡ From $I(\text{K x ray})/I_\gamma$ suggesting that most of the intense γ rays with $E_\gamma > 112.6$ keV (the K-shell binding energy in Pa) should be M1 (1984Mi02).

$^\#$ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

^{236}Th β^- decay 1984Mi02

Decay Scheme

Intensities: I_γ per 100 parent decays

Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- - - - - γ Decay (Uncertain)

