

^{238}U α decay

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. Browne, J. K. Tuli		NDS 108, 681 (2007)	1-Jun-2006

Parent: ^{238}U : E=0.0; $J^\pi=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=4.468 \times 10^9$ y 3; $Q(\alpha)=4269.7$ 29; % α decay=100.0Ag(t): (α)(ce 48 γ)(t) $T_{1/2}=0.37$ ns 3 ([1960Be25](#)). ^{234}Th Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$
0.0	0^+	
49.55 6	2^+	0.37 ns 3
163.0 1	4^+	

[†] Adopted values. α radiations

E α [†]	E(level)	I α ^{‡@}	HF [#]	Comments
4038 5	163.0	0.078 12	40	I α : 0.23 7 was measured by 1959Ko58 . E α : from E(level)=163.0 and E α (to g.s.). The original measured value of 1961Ko11 is 4037 keV; adjustment as recommended by 1991Ry01 yields 4043.
4151 5	49.55	20.9 27	1.4	I α : 23% 4 was measured by 1959Ko58 . E $\alpha(0)=4198$ 3 and E(level)=49.55 6 give E $\alpha=4149$ 3.
4198 3	0.0	79.0 27	1.0	I α : 77% 4 was measured by 1959Ko58 .

[†] Energies of α 's to 0.0 and 49.55-keV levels are from [1991Ry01](#), recommended from energies measured by [1957Ha08](#) (ic), [1961Ko11](#) (ic), [1960Vo05](#) (ic). Original energies of [1957Ha08](#), [1960Vo05](#) and [1961Ko11](#) were increased by 4.5, 3.3 and 6.0 keV, respectively, because of changes in calibration energies. Other measurements: [1947Al06](#), [1955Va20](#), [1957Bo98](#), [1957Cl17](#).

[‡] α intensities per 100 ^{238}U α decays, deduced from γ -ray transition intensities. I α 's were measured by [1959Ko58](#). Although I(4198α) and I(4151α) of [1959Ko58](#) are in good agreement with the values given here, I(4038) is not.

[#] Hf(4198α)=1.0 yields $r_0(^{234}\text{Th})=1.535$ 2.

@ Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{234}\text{Th})$

E γ	I γ ^{†‡}	E i (level)	J_i^π	E f	J_f^π	Mult.	a [#]	Comments
49.55 6	0.064 8	49.55	2^+	0.0	0^+	E2	326.4	$\alpha(L)=239.6$; $\alpha(M)=65.3$ E γ : from 1973Ta25 (semi). Other: 1956Al30 ((α)(ce)). I γ =0.059% 2 was measured by 1990Ko40 . Total I(ce)=23 3 per 100 α decays (1952Du12 , 1952Za01 , 1956Al30). Mult.: $\alpha=359$ 65 from I γ /I α and the measured half-life of 0.37 ns 3 for the 49.55-keV level rule out other multipolarities. $\alpha(K)=0.237$; $\alpha(L)=4.64$; $\alpha(M)=1.28$; $\alpha(N+..)=0.475$ E γ : from 1984Ro21 .
113.5 1	0.0102 15	163.0	4^+	49.55	2^+	[E2]	6.63	

[†] From [1984Ro21](#).[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

