

$^{225}\text{Ra } \beta^- \text{ decay (14.9 d)}$ [1986He06](#),[1985Is03](#),[1955St04](#)

Type	Author	Citation	History Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	25-Oct-2019

Parent: ^{225}Ra : E=0.0; $J^\pi=1/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=14.9$ d 3; $Q(\beta^-)=356$ 5; % β^- decay=100.0

$^{225}\text{Ra-}J^\pi$: From ^{225}Ra Adopted Levels in the ENSDF database (as of Dec 2008), with configuration= $\nu 1/2$ [631].

$^{225}\text{Ra-T}_{1/2}$: Unweighted average of 15.02 d 56 ([1987Mi10](#)) and 14.8 d 2 ([1950Ha52](#)). Other: 14 d ([1947En03](#)).

$^{225}\text{Ra-Q}(\beta^-)$: From [2017Wa10](#).

$^{225}\text{Ra-}\% \beta^-$ decay: % β^- =100 for ^{225}Ra decay.

[1986He06](#): measured I γ (absolute) for 40.09 γ .

[1985Is03](#): measured half-life of 40.09 level by $\beta(\text{ce})/\text{t}$.

[1984Ah01](#): measured E β , I β .

[1955St04](#): measured E β , E γ .

[1960As02](#): measured L-subshell ratios, deduced mult(40.09 γ).

Evaluation by the DDEP group: [2010BeZQ](#) (as of May 2007).

 $^{225}\text{Ac Levels}$

E(level)	$J^\pi \dagger$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	(3/2 $^-$)	9.920 d 3	$T_{1/2}$: from the Adopted Levels. Configuration= $\pi 3/2$ [532].
40.09 5	(3/2 $^+$)	0.72 ns 3	Configuration= $\pi 3/2$ [651].
120.8?	(5/2 $^-$)		$T_{1/2}$: $\beta(\text{ce})$ of 40.09 γ (t) (1985Is03). Other measurements: 1955Pe24 , 1955St88 .
155.6?	(5/2 $^+$)		

\dagger from the Adopted Levels.

 β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	I $\beta^- \ddagger$	Log ft	Comments
(200# 5)	155.6?	<0.01 ‡	>10.2	
(235# 5)	120.8?	<0.01 ‡	>10.4 lu	
(316 5)	40.09	68.8 17	6.97 1	av E β =93 4 E(decay): measured values from $\beta\gamma$ -coin: 320 10 (1955Ma61); 320 30 (1955Pe24 , 1955St04).
(356 5)	0.0	31.2 17	7.46 1	I β^- : from transition intensity of 40.09/100 decays of ^{225}Ac . av E β =105 4 I β^- : 100- β feeding to 40.09 level.

\dagger From upper limit on the actinium K x-ray intensity, β^- decay to the 120.8- and 155.7-keV levels in ^{225}Ac were estimated by [1984Ah01](#) to be <0.01%.

\ddagger Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

Existence of this branch is questionable.

^{225}Ra β^- decay (14.9 d) 1986He06,1985Is03,1955St04 (continued) $\gamma(^{225}\text{Ac})$

I γ normalization: Absolute photon intensity of 40.0 γ was measured by 1986He06 to be 30.0% 7, using a ^{229}Th source in equilibrium with its daughters. Other measured values: 39.3% 12 (1981Di14), 29% (1955St04), 33% (1955Ma61).

E γ	I γ [†]	E i (level)	J $^\pi_i$	E f	J $^\pi_f$	Mult.	α^{\ddagger}	Comments
40.09 5	100	40.09	(3/2 $^+$)	0.0	(3/2 $^-$)	E1	1.293	$\alpha(L)=0.974$ 14; $\alpha(M)=0.241$ 4 $\alpha(N)=0.0624$ 9; $\alpha(O)=0.01336$ 20; $\alpha(P)=0.00203$ 3; $\alpha(Q)=7.96 \times 10^{-5}$ 12 $\alpha(L)\exp=1.1$ 3 (1955St04) Measured I γ (absolute)=30.0% 7 (1986He06), 39.3% 12 (1981Di14), 33% (1955Ma61), 29% (1955St04). Mult.: from measured L1:L2:L3=0.55 14:0.64 16:1.00 (1960As02). E γ : From 1987Ah05 in ^{229}Pa α decay. Others: 40.12 5 (1981Di14), 40.0 10 (1955St04), 41 2 (1955Ma61).

[†] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.300 7.

[‡] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

 ^{225}Ra β^- decay (14.9 d) 1986He06,1985Is03,1955St04