

$^{209}\text{Bi}(^{13}\text{C},3\text{n}\gamma)$ [1994Cr01](#),[1986Dr07](#),[1985Kh01](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh et al. ,		NDS 175, 1 (2021)	19-May-2021

Includes $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{15}\text{N},4\text{n}\gamma)$ from [1985Kh01](#).

[1994Cr01](#): E=67 MeV. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (DCO) using an array of 19 Compton-suppressed Ge and 50 NaI(Tl) detectors. Deduced high-spin levels, J^π , multipolarities, mixing ratios, $B(E1)/B(E2)$ and $B(M1)/B(E2)$ ratios, alternating parity bands typical of reflection asymmetry.

[1986Dr07](#), [1985Dr02](#): E=60-73 MeV from Yale tandem accelerator. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ - and $\gamma\alpha$ -coin, $\gamma(\theta)$ for $\theta=0^\circ$ to 90° in 15° increments using 67-MeV projectiles, γ -ray and α -particle excitation functions. Deduced high-spin levels, J^π , multipolarities and mixing ratios, alternating parity bands. Unsuccessful attempt to determine the electric or magnetic nature of γ -ray transitions by measuring γ -ray linear polarizations. Detectors: Ge(Li), HPGe, Si.

[1985Kh01](#): $^{209}\text{Bi}(^{13}\text{C},3\text{n}\gamma)$, $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{15}\text{N},4\text{n}\gamma)$. E(^{13}C)=63-73 MeV. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, $\gamma\gamma(t)$, $\gamma(\theta)$. Deduced γ -ray multipolarities. Detectors: Ge(Li) and NaI multiplicity filter. The γ -ray energy uncertainties, intensities and coefficients A_2 and A_4 from $\gamma(\theta)$ are not provided by the authors.

 ^{219}Ac Levels

^{219}Ac appears to be in the transitional region between nuclei with mainly single-particle excitations, and those dominated by deformed collective excitations. The similarity between the level structure of ^{219}Ac and that of the N=130 isotones ^{218}Ra and ^{220}Th suggest that low-spin levels in ^{219}Ac may be interpreted in terms of a weak coupling of a proton in the $h_{9/2}$ shell to the ^{218}Ra core. The strongly enhanced E1 transitions observed in ^{219}Ac support this interpretation ([1986Dr07](#)). The parity-doublet structure that has been established at low energies surprisingly terminates at 2149 keV ($J^\pi=31/2^+$), breaking up into a new family of states of possibly particle-hole character ([1994Cr01](#)). Levels in ^{219}Ac are grouped into four rotational bands characterized by the *simplex* quantum number (*s*), and the parity (π), and based mainly on the proton configuration $h_{9/2}$. Other rotational bands are, most probably, based on single proton configurations ([1994Cr01](#)).

[1985Kh01](#) assigned the 577 level as the first member of the (I,+) rotational band, and did not observe the 926, 1293, 1461 and 2129 levels.

In band labels, s=simplex quantum number with values of s=+i having $11/2^-$, $13/2^+$, $15/2^-$, ... and s=-i having $15/2^+$, $17/2^-$, $19/2^+$, $21/2^-$, ..., involved in reflection asymmetric or parity-doublet band structures.

E(level) [†]	$J^\pi\#$	$T_{1/2}$ @	Comments
0.0 ^f	$9/2^-$	$11.8 \mu\text{s}$ 15	$J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels.
340.95 ^d 8	$11/2^-$		
355.29 ^f 8	$13/2^-$		
576.93 ^e 9	$13/2^+$		
631.31 ^h 11	$(13/2^+)$		
657.66 ^d 9	$15/2^-$		$B(M1,302.5\gamma)/B(E2,316.6\gamma)=0.025$ 10 (1994Cr01).
714.62 ^f 11	$17/2^-$		
866.62 ^e 12	$17/2^+$		
926.50 ^h 11	$17/2^+$		
965.31 ^g 12	$19/2^+$		
1017.64 ^d 11	$19/2^-$		
1116.08 ^f 12	$21/2^-$		$B(E1,150.8\gamma)/B(E2,401.5\gamma)$ in W.u.=0.00011 2 (1986Dr07).
1180.71 ^{&} 14	$(19/2^-)$		
1183.05 ^e 13	$21/2^+$		$B(M1,217.8\gamma)/B(E2,316.5\gamma)=0.048$ 17 (1994Cr01).
1292.65 ^h 14	$21/2^+$		
1301.01 ^g 13	$23/2^+$		$B(E1,185.0\gamma)/B(E2,335.7\gamma)$ in W.u.=0.00011 1 (1986Dr07).
1413.74 ^d 13	$23/2^-$		
1461.51 ^{?‡} 19			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{209}\text{Bi}(\text{C},3\gamma)$ **1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01** (continued) ^{219}Ac Levels (continued)

E(level) [†]	J ^π [#]	Comments
1547.04 ^e 13	25/2 ⁺	B(M1,246.0γ)/B(E2,364.0γ)=0.075 4 (1994Cr01). B(E1,133.3γ)/B(E2,364.0γ) in W.u.=0.000072 5 (1986Dr07).
1551.57 ^f 14	25/2 ⁻	
1551.67 ^{&} 16	(23/2 ⁻)	
1698.82 ^g 14	27/2 ⁺	B(E1,147.3γ)/B(E2,397.7γ) in W.u.=0.000036 7 (1986Dr07).
1698.82+x ^c	J	
1699.90 ^a 17	(25/2 ⁺)	
1710.42 ^h 16	25/2 ⁺	
1813.04 ^d 14	27/2 ⁻	Stretched configuration= $\nu(g_{9/2}, i_{11/2}) \otimes \pi f_{7/2}$ (1994Cr01). B(M1,260.5γ)/B(E2,412.3γ)=0.116 12 (1994Cr01).
1959.32 ^e 14	29/2 ⁺	B(E1,146.5γ)/B(E2,412.3γ) in W.u.=0.000065 15 (1986Dr07). Stretched configuration= $\nu g_{9/2}^2 \otimes \pi i_{13/2}$ (1994Cr01).
2023.91 ^f 15	29/2 ⁻	
2113.76 ^a 20	(29/2 ⁺)	
2129.5? [‡] 4	29/2 ⁻	
2149.32 ^g 16	31/2 ⁺	
2178.0+x ^c 1	(J+2)	
2244.86 ^d 15	31/2 ⁻	
2351.21 ^e 18	33/2 ⁺	Stretched configuration= $\nu(g_{9/2}, i_{11/2}) \otimes \pi i_{13/2}$ (1994Cr01).
2401.30 ⁱ 18	(33/2 ⁻)	
2427.62 ^b 24	33/2 ⁺	
2444.55 ^b 17	33/2 ⁺	
2734.1+x ^c 2	(J+4)	
2806.15 ^e 19	37/2 ⁺	
2834.85 ⁱ 22	(37/2 ⁻)	
2836.8 ^b 3	37/2 ⁺	
3249.07 ^e 22	41/2 ⁺	
3254.21 ⁱ 24	(41/2 ⁻)	Stretched configuration= $\nu(g_{9/2}, i_{11/2}) \otimes \pi h_{9/2}$ (1994Cr01).
3720.5 ⁱ 3	(45/2 ⁻)	

[†] Deduced by evaluators from a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies, by assuming a minimum uncertainty of 0.10 keV in $E\gamma$ value with the result that reduced χ^2 of the fit is 3.4 somewhat higher than critical χ^2 of 1.7 at 95% confidence level, but with no γ -ray energies deviating by more than 3σ values. Without this adjustment, least-squares fit is unacceptable, resulting in reduced χ^2 of 32 and many γ rays deviating in energy by more than 3 or 4 σ values. In the opinion of evaluators, quoted uncertainties in **1994Cr01** (several $E\gamma$ values with 0.01 keV uncertainty and many with below 0.1 keV) are atypical of general uncertainties in literature for gamma-ray spectroscopy in heavy-ion fusion reactions. Perhaps, the uncertainties given in **1994Cr01** are only from statistical fit of gamma-ray peaks, and do not include systematic uncertainties.

[‡] Level not confirmed by **1994Cr01** by $\gamma\gamma$ coincidence, although the authors observe a 535-668 γ cascade, and it is in coincidence with a 348.5 γ but not in coincidence with 236 γ and 269 γ as would be expected if the placement of the cascade in **1986Dr07** were correct.

[#] As proposed by **1994Cr01** based on multipolarities deduced from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (DCO) data, band structures, decay pattern of yrast-type population of levels in heavy-ion fusion reactions, and previously suggested J^π values in **1986Dr07** and **1985Kh01**.

[@] For excited states, no lifetime of ≥ 10 ns was observed (**1985Kh01**). The authors probably meant mean lifetimes.

[&] Group of two levels with $J^\pi=(19/2^-)$ and $(21/2^-)$; connected to members of side band based on $(13/2^+)$.

^a Group of two tentative levels of $J^\pi=(25/2^+)$ and $(29/2^+)$.

^b Group of three levels with $J^\pi=33/2^+, 33/2^-$ and $37/2^+$; two of which may be part of a band.

^c γ cascade.

 $^{209}\text{Bi}(^{13}\text{C},3n\gamma)$ **1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)**

 ^{219}Ac Levels (continued)

^d Band(A): ($s=+i, \pi=-$) band. $B(E1)/B(E2)$ values in fm^{-2} units range from 0.4×10^{-6} to 3.0×10^{-6} for $15/2$ to $31/2$ levels (**1994Cr01**).

^e Band(a): ($s=+i, \pi=+$) band. $B(E1)/B(E2)$ values in fm^{-2} units range from 0.4×10^{-6} to 3.0×10^{-6} for $15/2$ to $31/2$ levels (**1994Cr01**).

^f Band(B): ($s=-i, \pi=-$) band. $B(E1)/B(E2)$ values in fm^{-2} units range from 0.4×10^{-6} to 3.0×10^{-6} for $21/2$ to $29/2$ levels (**1994Cr01**).

^g Band(b): ($s=-i, \pi=+$) band. $B(E1)/B(E2)$ values in fm^{-2} units range from 0.4×10^{-6} to 3.0×10^{-6} for $21/2$ to $29/2$ levels, except for $31/2$ level for which value is 5.0×10^{-6} (**1994Cr01**).

^h Band(C): Side band based on $(13/2^+)$. This band has interconnecting transitions to $(19/2^-)$ and $(21/2^-)$ levels.

ⁱ Band(D): Band based on $(33/2^-)$.

²⁰⁹Bi(¹³C,3n γ) 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued) $\gamma(^{219}\text{Ac})$

A_2 and A_4 coefficients are from $\gamma(\theta)$ data of 1986Dr07, and DCO values are from 1994Cr01. The DCO values were measured at angles of ($63^\circ, 117^\circ$) and ($24^\circ, 156^\circ$) for any two gamma rays in a cascade. With gates on $\Delta J=2$, quadrupole (E2) transitions, expected DCO is ≈ 1 for stretched quadrupoles (assigned as E2 by 1994Cr01) and ≈ 0.67 for stretched pure dipoles (assigned as E1 by 1994Cr01). Values of DCO, other than the above two, are classified as $\Delta J=1$, M1+E2 below 300 keV and $\Delta J=2$, E2 above 400 keV.

E_γ^{\dagger}	I_γ^{\dagger}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ^a	α^c	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}$	Comments
(x)		1698.82+x	J	1698.82	$27/2^+$				
(x)		2178.0+x	$(J+2)$	2149.32	$31/2^+$				
57.24 3		714.62	$17/2^-$	657.66	$15/2^-$	(M1+E2)	82 65	19.2 6	DCO=0.86 9 $\alpha(L)=61.48$; $\alpha(M)=16.14$ $\alpha(N)=4.335$; $\alpha(O)=0.9576$; $\alpha(P)=0.1512$; $\alpha(Q)=0.002013$ $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$: evaluators assume that the quoted intensity of 19.2 6 is the transition intensity, otherwise there is a large negative intensity balance at the 658 level, assuming, of course, that the placement of the 57.24 γ in 1994Cr01 and 1985Kh01 is correct. $E\gamma=56.6$ (1985Kh01).
(67) 80.86 2	6.1 3	1183.05 657.66	$21/2^+$ $15/2^-$	1116.08 576.93	$21/2^-$ $13/2^+$	(E1)	0.200		DCO=0.74 22 $\alpha(L)=0.151122$; $\alpha(M)=0.03676$ $\alpha(N)=0.0095714$; $\alpha(O)=0.002123$; $\alpha(P)=0.0003495$; $\alpha(Q)=1.783\times 10^{-5}25$ $E\gamma=80.8$ (1985Kh01).
106.01 2		2351.21	$33/2^+$	2244.86	$31/2^-$	[E1]	0.0976		$E\gamma$: this γ forms a doublet with Ac K β_2 x ray (1994Cr01), thus no intensity is given. $E\gamma=106.3$ (1985Kh01).
111.67 [±] 11	4.6 5	1292.65	$21/2^+$	1180.71 (19/2 $^-$)		[E1]	0.371		$\alpha(K)=0.2864$; $\alpha(L)=0.064410$; $\alpha(M)=0.0155723$ $\alpha(N)=0.004076$; $\alpha(O)=0.00091013$; $\alpha(P)=0.000153722$; $\alpha(Q)=8.72\times 10^{-6}13$
125.43 3	5.1 2	2149.32	$31/2^+$	2023.91	$29/2^-$	(E1)	0.282		DCO=0.73 8 $\alpha(K)=0.2193$; $\alpha(L)=0.04757$; $\alpha(M)=0.0114716$ $\alpha(N)=0.003005$; $\alpha(O)=0.00067310$; $\alpha(P)=0.000114516$; $\alpha(Q)=6.73\times 10^{-6}10$ $E\gamma=125.3$ (1985Kh01).
133.27 1	17.7 2	1547.04	$25/2^+$	1413.74	$23/2^-$	(E1)	0.244		DCO=0.682; $A_2=-0.347$; $A_4=-0.029$ $\alpha(K)=0.1903$; $\alpha(L)=0.04066$; $\alpha(M)=0.0097914$ $\alpha(N)=0.002574$; $\alpha(O)=0.0005768$; $\alpha(P)=9.83\times 10^{-5}14$; $\alpha(Q)=5.87\times 10^{-6}9$ $E\gamma=133.3915$, $I\gamma=151$ (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=133.3$ (1985Kh01).
146.53 6	15.4 22	1959.32	$29/2^+$	1813.04	$27/2^-$	(E1)	0.194		DCO=0.672; $A_2=-0.077$; $A_4=-0.179$

²⁰⁹Bi(¹³C,3n γ) 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{219}\text{Ac})$ (continued)</u>									
E_γ^{\dagger}	I_γ^{\dagger}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ^a	δ^b	a^c	Comments
147.26 16	5.4 21	1698.82	27/2 ⁺	1551.57	25/2 ⁻	(E1)	0.192		$\alpha(K)=0.1523\ 22; \alpha(L)=0.0318\ 5; \alpha(M)=0.00765\ 11$ $\alpha(N)=0.00201\ 3; \alpha(O)=0.000451\ 7; \alpha(P)=7.75\times10^{-5}\ 11;$ $\alpha(Q)=4.75\times10^{-6}\ 7$ DCO, A ₂ and A ₄ for 147.26+146.53 doublet. Note that A ₄ is expected to be 0.0 for $\Delta J=1$, pure dipole. $E\gamma=146.90\ 15, I\gamma=17\ 1$, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=146.4$ (1985Kh01). $A_2=-0.07\ 7; A_4=-0.17\ 9$ $\alpha(K)=0.1505\ 22; \alpha(L)=0.0314\ 5; \alpha(M)=0.00755\ 11$ $\alpha(N)=0.00198\ 3; \alpha(O)=0.000445\ 7; \alpha(P)=7.65\times10^{-5}\ 11;$ $\alpha(Q)=4.70\times10^{-6}\ 7$ A ₂ and A ₄ for 147.26+146.3 doublet. Note that A ₄ is expected to be 0.0 for $\Delta J=1$, pure dipole. $E\gamma=146.90\ 15, I\gamma=17\ 1$, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=147.5$ (1985Kh01). $DCO=0.69\ 2; A_2=-0.10\ 6; A_4=-0.12\ 9$ $\alpha(K)=0.1424\ 20; \alpha(L)=0.0295\ 5; \alpha(M)=0.00711\ 10$ $\alpha(N)=0.00186\ 3; \alpha(O)=0.000419\ 6; \alpha(P)=7.21\times10^{-5}\ 11;$ $\alpha(Q)=4.46\times10^{-6}\ 7$ DCO, A ₂ and A ₄ for 150.99+150.78 doublet. $E\gamma=150.84\ 15, I\gamma=41\ 2$ for doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=150.6$ (1985Kh01). $DCO=0.69\ 2; A_2=-0.10\ 6; A_4=-0.12\ 9$ $\alpha(K)=0.1419\ 20; \alpha(L)=0.0294\ 5; \alpha(M)=0.00708\ 10$ $\alpha(N)=0.00186\ 3; \alpha(O)=0.000418\ 6; \alpha(P)=7.19\times10^{-5}\ 10;$ $\alpha(Q)=4.44\times10^{-6}\ 7$ DCO, A ₂ and A ₄ for 150.99+150.78 doublet. $E\gamma=150.84\ 15, I\gamma=41\ 2$, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=150.9$ (1985Kh01). $DCO=0.76\ 12$ $\alpha(K)=2.0\ 18; \alpha(L)=0.85\ 14; \alpha(M)=0.22\ 5$ $\alpha(N)=0.059\ 13; \alpha(O)=0.013\ 3; \alpha(P)=0.0022\ 3; \alpha(Q)=9.7\times10^{-5}\ 78$ $156.44^{\ddagger}\ 6$ $2.4\ 3$ 2401.30 $(33/2^-)$ 2244.86 $31/2^-$ $(M1+E2)$ $3.2\ 16$ $D\gamma=0.97\ 35$ $\alpha(K)=0.1261\ 18; \alpha(L)=0.0259\ 4; \alpha(M)=0.00622\ 9$ $\alpha(N)=0.001632\ 23; \alpha(O)=0.000368\ 6; \alpha(P)=6.35\times10^{-5}\ 9;$ $\alpha(Q)=3.97\times10^{-6}\ 6$ $158.74^{\ddagger}\ 8$ $3.2\ 3$ 1710.42 $25/2^+$ 1551.67 $(23/2^-)$ $(E1)$ 0.1603 $DCO=0.67\ 2; A_2=-0.19\ 7; A_4=-0.09\ 7$ $\alpha(K)=0.1146\ 16; \alpha(L)=0.0233\ 4; \alpha(M)=0.00561\ 8$ $\alpha(N)=0.001471\ 21; \alpha(O)=0.000332\ 5; \alpha(P)=5.74\times10^{-5}\ 8;$ $\alpha(Q)=3.63\times10^{-6}\ 5$ $E\gamma=165.24\ 15, I\gamma=34\ 2$ (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=165.3$ (1985Kh01). $165.29\ 1$ $34.2\ 5$ 1183.05 $21/2^+$ 1017.64 $19/2^-$ $(E1)$ 0.1454 $DCO=0.63\ 14; A_2=-0.19\ 7; A_4=-0.05\ 7$ $E\gamma=185.05\ 15, I\gamma=24\ 1$ (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=185.0$ (1985Kh01). $185.02\ 1$ $24.2\ 5$ 1301.01 $23/2^+$ 1116.08 $21/2^-$ $(E1)$ 0.1110 $DCO=0.68\ 2; A_2=-0.18\ 6; A_4=-0.09\ 7$ $E\gamma=208.98\ 15, I\gamma=40\ 2$ (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=209.1$ (1985Kh01). $209.01\ 1$ $41.3\ 3$ 866.62 $17/2^+$ 657.66 $15/2^-$ $(E1)$ 0.0832

²⁰⁹Bi(¹³C,3n γ) 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)

<u>γ(²¹⁹Ac) (continued)</u>										
<u>E_y[†]</u>	<u>I_y[†]</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.^a</u>	<u>δ^b</u>	<u>α^c</u>	<u>Comments</u>	
217.87 [‡] 23	4.3 15	1183.05	21/2 ⁺	965.31	19/2 ⁺	(M1+E2)	-0.19 9	1.83 6	DCO=0.83 7 $\alpha(K)=1.46$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.280$ 5; $\alpha(M)=0.0673$ 10 $\alpha(N)=0.0179$ 3; $\alpha(O)=0.00415$ 7; $\alpha(P)=0.000764$ 13; $\alpha(Q)=6.61 \times 10^{-5}$ 25	
221.63 7	5.2 4	576.93	13/2 ⁺	355.29	13/2 ⁻	(E1)		0.0725	DCO=1.13 16 Mult.: $\Delta J=0$ transition; DCO value for $\Delta J=0$, dipole is about the same as for $\Delta J=2$, quadrupole transitions. $E\gamma=221.5$ (1985Kh01).	
230.59 2	37.2 9	1413.74	23/2 ⁻	1183.05	21/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0660	DCO=0.64 2; $A_2=-0.23$ 7; $A_4=+0.10$ 10	
235.86 3	15.0 7	576.93	13/2 ⁺	340.95	11/2 ⁻	(E1)		0.0627	$E\gamma=230.65$ 15, $I\gamma=29$ 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=230.7$ (1985Kh01). DCO=0.69 4; $A_2=-0.15$ 7; $A_4=-0.03$ 7 $E\gamma=235.89$ 15, $I\gamma=20$ 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=235.9$ (1985Kh01).	
246.04 [‡] 2	4.9 2	1547.04	25/2 ⁺	1301.01	23/2 ⁺	M1+E2	-0.23 5	1.29 3	DCO=0.89 7 $\alpha(K)=1.03$ 3; $\alpha(L)=0.197$ 3; $\alpha(M)=0.0475$ 7 $\alpha(N)=0.01260$ 19; $\alpha(O)=0.00292$ 5; $\alpha(P)=0.000538$ 9; $\alpha(Q)=4.63 \times 10^{-5}$ 12	
250.72 ^d 1	30.9 ^{d@} 9	965.31	19/2 ⁺	714.62	17/2 ⁻	(E1)		0.0544	DCO=0.66 1; $A_2=-0.22$ 6; $A_4=+0.01$ 6 DCO, A_2 , A_4 for 250.72 doublet, both $\Delta J=1$, dipole (E1). $E\gamma=250.70$ 15, $I\gamma=52$ 2, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=250.7$ (1985Kh01).	6
250.72 ^d 1	18.6 ^{d@} 8	1551.57	25/2 ⁻	1301.01	23/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0544	Mult.: see A_2 , A_4 and DCO with the second placement from 965 level. $E\gamma=250.4$ (1985Kh01).	
253.98 [‡] 1	6.9 2	1180.71	(19/2 ⁻)	926.50	17/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0528	DCO=0.74 17	
259.01 [‡] 6	4.3 3	1551.67	(23/2 ⁻)	1292.65	21/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0505	DCO=0.57 23	
260.50 5	4.9 3	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	1698.82	27/2 ⁺	M1+E2	-0.50 10	0.96 6	DCO=1.21 12 $\alpha(K)=0.75$ 6; $\alpha(L)=0.159$ 5; $\alpha(M)=0.0388$ 9 $\alpha(N)=0.01029$ 23; $\alpha(O)=0.00237$ 6; $\alpha(P)=0.000431$ 13; $\alpha(Q)=3.41 \times 10^{-5}$ 24	
265.96 1	23.3 3	1813.04	27/2 ⁻	1547.04	25/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0475	DCO=0.66 2; $A_2=-0.13$ 7; $A_4=-0.02$ 7 $E\gamma=265.93$ 15, $I\gamma=17$ 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=266.0$ (1985Kh01).	
268.77 3	11.0 3	926.50	17/2 ⁺	657.66	15/2 ⁻	(E1)		0.0464	DCO=0.68 3 $E\gamma=268.95$ 15, $I\gamma=7$ 2, isotropic $\gamma(\theta)$ (1986Dr07).	
285.73 2	7.5 3	2244.86	31/2 ⁻	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	(E1)		0.0404	DCO=0.64 3; $A_2=-0.34$ 8; $A_4=+0.04$ 10 $E\gamma=285.28$ 15, $I\gamma=4.8$ 3 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=285.6$ (1985Kh01).	
289.09 13	2.8 3	866.62	17/2 ⁺	576.93	13/2 ⁺	(E2)		0.179	DCO=0.93 14 $E\gamma=290.0$ (1985Kh01).	
290.61 [‡] 4	7.7 6	631.31	(13/2 ⁺)	340.95	11/2 ⁻	(E1)		0.0388	DCO=0.74 8 Initial level $J^\pi=(13/2^-)$ in Table I of 1994Cr01 seems a misprint.	

²⁰⁹Bi(¹³C,3n γ) 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)

<u>$\gamma(^{219}\text{Ac})$</u> (continued)									
E_{γ}^{\dagger}	I_{γ}^{\dagger}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^{π}	E_f	J_f^{π}	Mult. ^a	δ^b	α^c	Comments
295.45 [±] 6	2.9 3	926.50	17/2 ⁺	631.31	(13/2 ⁺)	(E2)		0.1677	DCO=0.99 14 Final level $J^{\pi}=(13/2^-)$ in Table I of 1994Cr01 seems a misprint.
302.53 [@] 5	25.0 10	657.66	15/2 ⁻	355.29	13/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-1.0 4	0.46 15	DCO=1.29 3; $A_2=+0.43$ 6; $A_4=+0.06$ 7 $\alpha(K)=0.34$ 13; $\alpha(L)=0.088$ 12; $\alpha(M)=0.0219$ 25 $\alpha(N)=0.0058$ 7; $\alpha(O)=0.00133$ 16; $\alpha(P)=0.00023$ 4; $\alpha(Q)=1.54 \times 10^{-5}$ 56 $E\gamma=302.49$ 15, $I\gamma=32$ 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=302.4$ (1985Kh01).
303.6 [@] 5	4.0 10	1017.64	19/2 ⁻	714.62	17/2 ⁻				$E\gamma=303.3$ (1985Kh01).
316.5 [@]	18.5 [@] 16	1183.05	21/2 ⁺	866.62	17/2 ⁺	E2		0.1363	DCO=1.07 9; $A_2=+0.28$ 5; $A_4=-0.18$ 6 A_2 and A_4 for a doublet. $E\gamma=316.61$ 15, $I\gamma=50$ 1, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=316.4$ (1985Kh01).
316.64 1	39.8 [@] 17	657.66	15/2 ⁻	340.95	11/2 ⁻	E2		0.1362	DCO=1.01 4; $A_2=+0.28$ 5; $A_4=-0.18$ 6 A_2 and A_4 for a doublet. $E\gamma=316.61$ 15, $I\gamma=50$ 1, doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=316.6$ (1985Kh01).
325.04 5	5.3 4	2023.91	29/2 ⁻	1698.82	27/2 ⁺	(E1)			DCO=0.62 5 $E\gamma=325.38$ 15 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=324.9$ (1985Kh01).
335.68 4	4.8 4	1301.01	23/2 ⁺	965.31	19/2 ⁺	E2		0.1148	DCO=1.12 12; $A_2=+0.36$ 6; $A_4=-0.16$ 17 $E\gamma=335.67$ 15, $I\gamma=3.8$ 3 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=335.8$ (1985Kh01).
341.01 1	74.2 7	340.95	11/2 ⁻	0.0	9/2 ⁻	M1+E2	-0.26 2	0.516 9	DCO=0.88 2; $A_2=+0.10$ 5; $A_4=+0.06$ 6 $\alpha(K)=0.413$ 7; $\alpha(L)=0.0784$ 12; $\alpha(M)=0.0188$ 3 $\alpha(N)=0.00499$ 8; $\alpha(O)=0.001159$ 17; $\alpha(P)=0.000214$ 4; $\alpha(Q)=1.85 \times 10^{-5}$ 3 δ : weighted average of -0.26 2 from DCO (1994Cr01) and 0.25 5 from $\gamma(\theta)$ (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=341.01$ 15, $I\gamma=82$ 4 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=340.8$ (1985Kh01). This γ seen only in $\gamma\gamma$ -coin data (1994Cr01).
x348.5									
349.39 4	7.0 5	926.50	17/2 ⁺	576.93	13/2 ⁺	E2		0.1025	DCO=1.00 8; $A_2=+0.13$ 7; $A_4=-0.11$ 9 $E\gamma=349.48$ 15, $I\gamma=11$ 1 (1986Dr07).
355.23 1	100.0 9	355.29	13/2 ⁻	0.0	9/2 ⁻	E2		0.0978	DCO=1.01 3; $A_2=+0.25$ 5; $A_4=-0.07$ 6 $E\gamma=355.19$ 15, $I\gamma=100$ 4 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=355.1$ (1985Kh01).
359.11 3	57.2 38	714.62	17/2 ⁻	355.29	13/2 ⁻	E2		0.0949	DCO=1.00 3; $A_2=+0.24$ 6; $A_4=-0.12$ 9 DCO for 359.11 γ +359.96 γ . $E\gamma=359.21$ 15, $I\gamma=78$ 4 (1986Dr07); $I\gamma$ is probably for a doublet. $E\gamma=359.0$ (1985Kh01).
359.96 7	23.5 37	1017.64	19/2 ⁻	657.66	15/2 ⁻	E2		0.0943	DCO=1.00 3 DCO for 359.11 γ +359.96 γ . $E\gamma=360.0$ 3, part of 359.21 doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=360.2$ (1985Kh01).
364.01 2	18.4 5	1547.04	25/2 ⁺	1183.05	21/2 ⁺	E2		0.0914	DCO=0.99 8; $A_2=+0.27$ 6; $A_4=-0.10$ 7 $E\gamma=363.99$ 15, $I\gamma=14$ 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma=364.1$ (1985Kh01).

²⁰⁹Bi(¹³C,3n γ) 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)

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 γ (²¹⁹Ac) (continued)

E_{γ}^{\dagger}	I_{γ}^{\dagger}	E_i (level)	J_i^{π}	E_f	J_f^{π}	Mult. ^a	α^c	Comments
366.37 4	11.5 5	1292.65	21/2 ⁺	926.50	17/2 ⁺	E2	0.0898	DCO=1.05 7; A ₂ =+0.40 6; A ₄ =-0.23 9 $E\gamma$ =366.44 15, I γ =11 1 (1986Dr07).
391.98 2	6.5 2	2351.21	33/2 ⁺	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	E2	0.0748	DCO=1.09 11 $E\gamma$ =391.8 (1985Kh01).
396.19 3	8.9 2	1413.74	23/2 ⁻	1017.64	19/2 ⁻	E2	0.0727	DCO=1.07 9 $E\gamma$ =396.0 3, part of 397.6 doublet (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =396.1 (1985Kh01).
397.74 3	12.8 3	1698.82	27/2 ⁺	1301.01	23/2 ⁺	E2	0.0720	DCO=0.98 8; A ₂ =+0.18 7; A ₄ =-0.05 9 $E\gamma$ =397.61 15, I γ =20 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =397.9 (1985Kh01).
399.31 6	3.9 2	1813.04	27/2 ⁻	1413.74	23/2 ⁻	(E2)	0.0712	DCO=0.93 21 $E\gamma$ =399.5 (1985Kh01).
401.46 1	18.6 3	1116.08	21/2 ⁻	714.62	17/2 ⁻	E2	0.0702	DCO=0.99 3; A ₂ =+0.21 6; A ₄ =-0.06 7 $E\gamma$ =401.54 15, I γ =17 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =401.6 (1985Kh01).
407.25 ^{#e} 3	4.0 1	1699.90?	(25/2 ⁺)	1292.65	21/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0676	DCO=1.06 20
409.14 [#] 6	1.9 1	2836.8	37/2 ⁺	2427.62	33/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0668	DCO=0.96 25
412.30 1	15.5 3	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	1547.04	25/2 ⁺	E2	0.0655	DCO=0.95 5; A ₂ =+0.22 9; A ₄ =-0.03 11 $E\gamma$ =412.27 15, I γ =11 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =412.2 (1985Kh01).
413.86 ^{#e} 10	2.2 2	2113.76?	(29/2 ⁺)	1699.90?	(25/2 ⁺)	(E2)	0.0649	DCO=1.40 47
417.78 [#] 2	8.3 3	1710.42	25/2 ⁺	1292.65	21/2 ⁺	E2	0.0633	DCO=0.94 8
419.36 [#] 6	2.5 1	3254.21	(41/2 ⁻)	2834.85	(37/2 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0627	DCO=1.19 29
431.53 10	3.3 2	2244.86	31/2 ⁻	1813.04	27/2 ⁻	[E2]	0.0583	DCO=0.71 12 Mult.: E2 implied from ΔJ^{π} in 1994Cr01 , but DCO is typical of $\Delta J=1$, dipole. $E\gamma$ =432.2 (1985Kh01).
433.55 [#] 12	4.9 3	2834.85	(37/2 ⁻)	2401.30	(33/2 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0576	DCO=0.92 15
435.42 5	8.5 5	1551.57	25/2 ⁻	1116.08	21/2 ⁻	E2	0.0570	DCO=0.94 8; A ₂ =+0.38 41; A ₄ =+0.01 90 $E\gamma$ =436.30 15, I γ =2 1 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =435.2 (1985Kh01).
442.92 [#] 6	2.6 2	3249.07	41/2 ⁺	2806.15	37/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0546	DCO=0.95 25
450.47 3	7.5 4	2149.32	31/2 ⁺	1698.82	27/2 ⁺	E2	0.0523	DCO=0.90 7; A ₂ =+0.38 12; A ₄ =-0.25 15 $E\gamma$ =450.1 2, I γ =3.5 2 (1986Dr07). $E\gamma$ =450.3 (1985Kh01).
454.94 [#] 3	6.8 3	2806.15	37/2 ⁺	2351.21	33/2 ⁺	(E2)		DCO=0.88 10
466.27 [#] 8	2.1 2	3720.5	(45/2 ⁻)	3254.21	(41/2 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0481	DCO=1.17 42
468.3 [#] 2	6.1 2	2427.62	33/2 ⁺	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0475	DCO=0.89 13
472.57 [#] 18	1.4 3	2023.91	29/2 ⁻	1551.57	25/2 ⁻			
479.17 [#] 3	5.0 2	2178.0+x	(J+2)	1698.82+x	J	E2		DCO=0.93 9
485.23 [#] 8	1.6 1	2444.55	33/2 ⁺	1959.32	29/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0436	DCO=0.94 19
535.01 ^{#&e} 15	1.8 [#] 1	1461.51?		926.50	17/2 ⁺	D		A ₂ =-0.09 6; A ₄ =+0.02 9 I γ : value of 18 1 given by 1986Dr07 seems erroneous in view of statement by the authors in the text that this γ ray was very weak. Also this γ was not seen in the coincidence spectrum with gate at 236 γ . Evaluators assume that there is a misprint in the quoted I γ value and that it is possibly 1.8.

$^{209}\text{Bi}(\text{C},\text{3n}\gamma)$ **1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01 (continued)**

$\gamma(^{219}\text{Ac})$ (continued)

E_γ^{\dagger}	I_γ^{\dagger}	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. ^a	Comments
556.07 ^b 2	3.4 <i>I</i>	2734.1+x	(J+4)	2178.0+x	(J+2)	E2	DCO=1.07 <i>II</i>
668.0 ^{#&e} 3	#	2129.5?	29/2 ⁻	1461.51?			

[†] From 1994Cr01, unless otherwise stated. Corresponding values from 1986Dr07 and 1985Kh01 are listed under comments. Note that some of the uncertainties for E_γ values are underestimated, as suggested by large reduced χ^2 in least-squares fit to obtain level energies.

^b This γ ray observed by 1994Cr01 only.

[#] This γ ray observed by 1986Dr07 only.

^c From $\gamma\gamma$ coin data in 1994Cr01.

[&] Placement not confirmed by 1994Cr01 by $\gamma\gamma$ coincidence, although the authors observe a 535-668 γ cascade, and it is in coincidence with a 348.5 γ but not in coincidence with 236 γ and 269 γ as would be expected if the placement of the cascade in 1986Dr07 were correct. 1994Cr01 mention that the 535 and 668 gamma rays may not belong to ^{219}Ac level scheme.

^a From $\gamma(\theta)$, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (DCO), and γ -ray transition intensity balance at each level (1985Kh01). All observed γ rays decay with lifetimes ≤ 10 ns (1985Kh01), which from RUL implies that the measured stretched quadrupole transitions are E2, not M2.

^b From $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (DCO) data (1994Cr01).

^c Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

^d Multiply placed with intensity suitably divided.

^e Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{209}\text{Bi}({}^{13}\text{C},3n\gamma)$ 1994Cr01, 1986Dr07, 1985Kh01

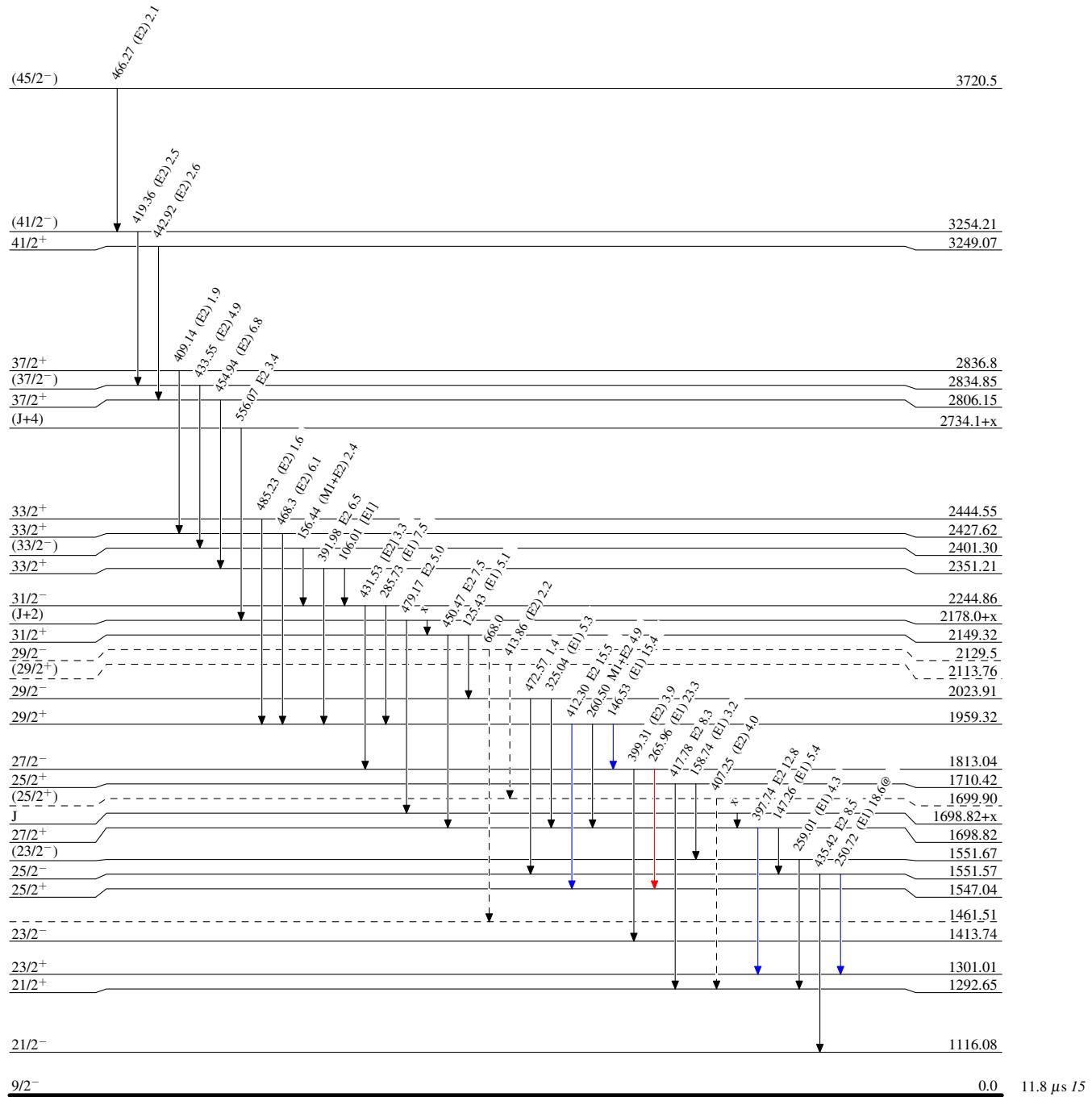
Legend

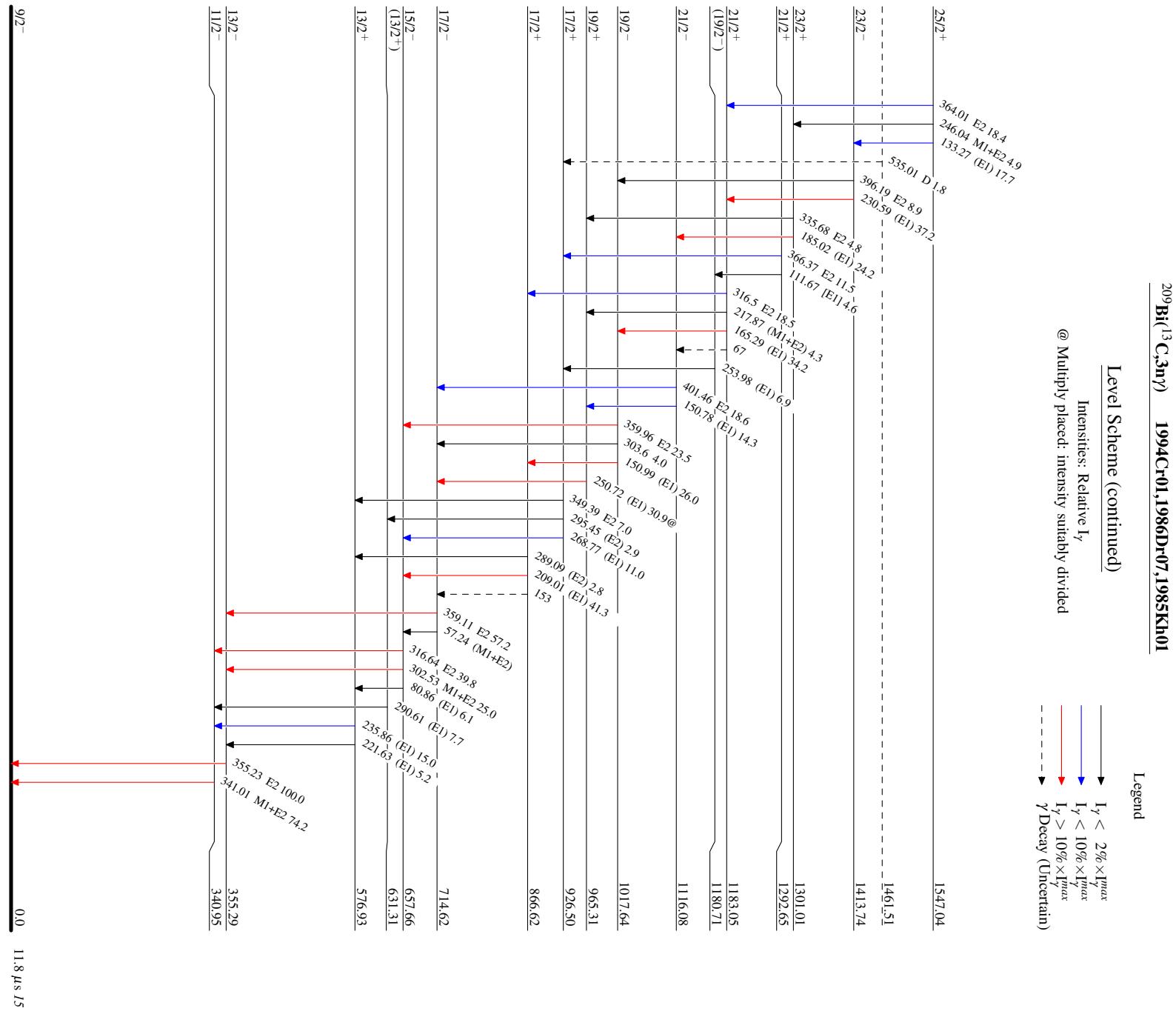
Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ

@ Multiply placed: intensity suitably divided

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{\max}$
- - - → γ Decay (Uncertain)





$^{209}\text{Bi}({}^{13}\text{C},3n\gamma)$ 1994Cr01,1986Dr07,1985Kh01