

$^{217}\text{Ac}$  IT decay (740 ns) 1985De14

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	B. Singh, A. Chakraborty, S. Bhattacharya		NDS 147, 382 (2018)	1-Dec-2017

Parent:  $^{217}\text{Ac}$ :  $E=2012.2$  7;  $J^\pi=(29/2)^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=740$  ns 40; %IT decay=95.49 18

$^{217}\text{Ac}$ -%IT decay: %IT=95.49 18.

**1985De14** (also **1981MaYW**): investigation of level structure of  $^{217}\text{Ac}$  through  $\alpha\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $\alpha(\text{ce})$ - and  $(\text{ce})(\text{ce})(\text{ce})$ -coin, g factors by  $\alpha(\theta, \text{H}, \text{t})$ -TDPAD method, and half-lives of g.s. and isomer using the following three reactions: 1.  $^{205}\text{Tl}(^{16}\text{O}, 4\text{n}), E(^{16}\text{O})=96$  MeV pulsed beam. Level scheme proposed below 1683-keV excitation. Seven Ge(Li) and Ge detectors and eight NaI(Tl) detectors were used. 2.  $^{206}\text{Pb}(^{15}\text{N}, 4\text{n}), E(^{15}\text{N})=80, 84, 87$  MeV; measured g-factor by Directional Perturbed Angular Distribution (DPAD) method with  $\alpha$  particle measurement using three pairs of Si detectors. See also 3.  $^{209}\text{Bi}(^{12}\text{C}, 4\text{n}), E(^{12}\text{C})=75$  MeV, pulsed beam; measured  $\alpha$  spectra,  $\alpha$ -ce and ce-ce coincidences using Si detectors.

**1983GoZX**, **1983GoZP**, **1982GoZU**, **1982SaZO**:  $E(^{12}\text{C})=77, 80$  MeV pulsed beam; measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $E\alpha$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$  and  $\alpha\gamma$  at the Tandem accelerator laboratory of Tsukuba University. Details of this study are not available.

Decay scheme is basically as proposed by **1985De14** from their  $\gamma\gamma$  and  $\gamma(\text{ce})$  coincidences. In the level scheme shown by **1982GoZU**, ordering of the 478.9 and 349.0 gammas was reversed, and a level at 1019 keV was introduced from these cascading gammas. Their (486.4 $\gamma$ )( $\gamma$ ) coincidence spectrum shown, however, indicates the presence of the 349.0 $\gamma$  and absence of the 478.9 $\gamma$ . Gamma rays observed at 501.6, 371.7, 380, and 327.6 keV were placed by **1982GoZU** in cascade to deexcite proposed levels at 3263, 2762, 2390 and 2010, respectively. These levels and  $\gamma$  placements are assumed here as preliminary results.

 $^{217}\text{Ac}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	9/2 <sup>-</sup>	69 ns 4	% $\alpha=100$ g=+0.85 1 ( <b>1985De14</b> , <b>1981MaYW</b> ) $T_{1/2}$ : from Adopted Levels. This level decays 100% by $\alpha$ . $E\alpha=9650$ 10 ( <b>1973No09</b> ), % $I\alpha=94.8$ 20 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) observed in the 740-ns isomer decay; $^{217}\text{Ac}$ g.s. to $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s. $\alpha$ transition.
660.2 3	13/2 <sup>-</sup>		
670.2 3	11/2 <sup>-</sup>		
1146.6 4	17/2 <sup>-</sup>		% $\alpha\leq 0.27$ 4 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) Observed 10780 15 $\alpha$ transition with $I\alpha=0.27\%$ 4 was assigned by <b>1985De14</b> from 1147 and/or 1149 levels to the $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s.
1149.1 3	15/2 <sup>-</sup>		% $\alpha\leq 0.27$ 4 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) Observed 10780 15 $\alpha$ transition with $I\alpha=0.27\%$ 4 was assigned by <b>1985De14</b> from 1147 and/or 1149 levels to the $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s.
1498.1 4	19/2 <sup>-</sup>		% $\alpha\leq 0.46$ 13 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) Observed 11137 15 $\alpha$ doublet with $I\alpha=0.46\%$ 13 was assigned by <b>1985De14</b> from 1498 and/or 1528 levels to the $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s.
1528.4 5	(21/2) <sup>-</sup>	<10 ns	$T_{1/2}$ : see comment for half-life on 1528 level. % $\alpha\leq 0.46$ 13 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) Observed 11137 15 $\alpha$ doublet with $I\alpha=0.46\%$ 13 was assigned by <b>1985De14</b> from 1498 and/or 1528 levels to the $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s. $T_{1/2}$ : from $\gamma\gamma(\text{t})$ ( <b>1985De14</b> ). Other: 8 ns 2 was measured by <b>1973No02</b> for the 11130 $\alpha$ from either the 1149 or 1528 level. No level with 8 ns half-life was found by <b>1985De14</b> , but could not be definitely ruled out either by the authors.
1682.2 6	(23/2) <sup>-</sup>		
1792.2 6	(25/2) <sup>-</sup>		
1916.2 6	(27/2) <sup>-</sup>		
2012.2 7	(29/2) <sup>+</sup>	740 ns 40	% $\alpha=4.51$ 18 ( <b>1985De14</b> ); %IT=95.49 18 g=+0.347 5 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) This level partially decays by three $\alpha$ transitions ( <b>1985De14</b> ): $E\alpha=11625$ 17, $I\alpha=0.12$ 2, transition to $^{213}\text{Fr}$ g.s.; $E\alpha=11137$ 15, $I\alpha=0.32$ 9, transition to 498, 7/2 <sup>-</sup> level in $^{213}\text{Fr}$ ;

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{217}\text{Ac}$  IT decay (740 ns) [1985De14](#) (continued) $^{217}\text{Ac}$  Levels (continued)

<u>E(level)<sup>†</sup></u>	<u>J<sup>π</sup><sup>‡</sup></u>	<u>T<sub>1/2</sub></u>	Comments
			<p><math>E\alpha=10541</math> <i>l</i> (from <math>E\alpha=9650</math> and decay scheme), <math>I\alpha=4.07</math> <i>l6</i>, transition to 1105, 13/2<sup>+</sup> level in <math>^{213}\text{Fr}</math>. The <math>\alpha\gamma</math> data in <a href="#">1985De14</a> revealed (10541<math>\alpha</math>)(1105<math>\gamma</math>)- and (11137<math>\alpha</math>)(498<math>\gamma</math>)-coincidences. g factor from Table 2 in <a href="#">1985De14</a>, where corrections for diamagnetic and Knight shifts were applied. Note that in authors' level-scheme Figure 12, <math>g=0.345</math> <i>l0</i>. Their previous <math>g=+0.34</math> <i>l</i> (<a href="#">1981MaYW</a>). T<sub>1/2</sub>: from <math>\gamma(t)</math> (<a href="#">1985De14</a>). Other measurement: 400 ns <i>l00</i> (<a href="#">1973No02</a>). <math>\alpha(\theta)</math> measurements for 10.54-MeV <math>\alpha</math> from the 2012 level: <math>A_2=+0.56</math> <i>3</i>, <math>A_4=+0.24</math> <i>5</i> (<a href="#">1985De14</a>). See also <a href="#">1973No02</a> for <math>\alpha(\theta)</math> measurement.</p>

<sup>†</sup> From least-squares fit to E $\gamma$  data, assuming 0.3 keV uncertainty for each  $\gamma$  ray, except 1 keV when E $\gamma$  stated to nearest keV.

<sup>‡</sup> From Adopted Levels.

<sup>217</sup>Ac IT decay (740 ns) **1985De14** (continued)

$\gamma(^{217}\text{Ac})$

I<sub>γ</sub> normalization, I(γ+ce) normalization: 1/Branching. Absolute γ and electron intensities (per 100 decays of the isomer) given by **1985De14**.  
A<sub>2</sub> from γ(θ) data, and conversion electron intensities are from measurements by **1985De14**.

$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>‡a</sup>	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.#	$\delta$	$\alpha^b$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^a$	Comments
(30.3 6)	0.41 4	1528.4	(21/2) <sup>-</sup>	1498.1	19/2 <sup>-</sup>	[M1]		114 7	47 4	ce(L)/(γ+ce)=0.75 4; ce(M)/(γ+ce)=0.180 15 ce(N)/(γ+ce)=0.048 5; ce(O)/(γ+ce)=0.0111 10; ce(P)/(γ+ce)=0.00206 19; ce(Q)/(γ+ce)=0.000183 17 α(L)=86 6; α(M)=20.7 13 α(N)=5.5 4; α(O)=1.28 8; α(P)=0.236 15; α(Q)=0.0210 14 E <sub>γ</sub> : from the level scheme. The γ-ray is not seen, its existence was deduced by <b>1985De14</b> from the observed (154γ)(351γ) coincidence. Because of the prompt coincidences, T <sub>1/2</sub> (1528.5 level)<10 ns; which implies M1 multipolarity for the 30.3γ ( <b>1985De14</b> ). I <sub>(γ+ce)</sub> : weighted average of 48 4 from intensity balance at the 1498 level, and 35 15 from intensity balance at the 1528 level, deduced by evaluators. I <sub>γ</sub> : from I(γ+ce) and α(theory) for M1.
96	5 1	2012.2	(29/2) <sup>+</sup>	1916.2	(27/2) <sup>-</sup>	E1+M2	0.17 +5-6	2.0 12		α(L)=1.44 87; α(M)=0.39 24 α(N)=0.105 64; α(O)=0.024 15; α(P)=0.0043 27; α(Q)=3.2×10 <sup>-4</sup> 20 Ice(L)=6 4, Ice(M)=4 3 ( <b>1985De14</b> ). Mult.,δ: from α(L)exp=1.2 8, α(M)exp=0.8 6; δ=0.17 +5-6 deduced by evaluators using BrIceMixing code. <b>1985De14</b> give δ(M2/E1)=0.15 5.
110 <sup>&amp;</sup>	7 1	1792.2	(25/2) <sup>-</sup>	1682.2	(23/2) <sup>-</sup>	M1(+E2)	<0.4	12.5 6		α(K)=9.6 8; α(L)=2.17 22; α(M)=0.53 7 α(N)=0.141 17; α(O)=0.033 4; α(P)=0.0059 5; α(Q)=0.00045 4 Ice(L)=12 7, Ice(M)=3 1. Mult.,δ: from α(L)exp=1.7 10, α(M)exp=0.43 15, δ deduced by evaluators using BrIceMixing code. <b>1985De14</b> give M1.
153.8	16 2	1682.2	(23/2) <sup>-</sup>	1528.4	(21/2) <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2	+0.39 8	4.57 18		A <sub>2</sub> =+0.19 5 α(K)=3.52 20; α(L)=0.795 20; α(M)=0.195 7 α(N)=0.0518 17; α(O)=0.0119 4; α(P)=0.00214 5; α(Q)=0.000161 9 Ice(K)=53 13, Ice(L)=12 3, Ice(M)=3 1.

<sup>217</sup>Ac IT decay (740 ns) **1985De14** (continued)

$\gamma(^{217}\text{Ac})$  (continued)

<u>E<sub>γ</sub><sup>†</sup></u>	<u>I<sub>γ</sub><sup>‡a</sup></u>	<u>E<sub>i</sub>(level)</u>	<u>J<sub>i</sub><sup>π</sup></u>	<u>E<sub>f</sub></u>	<u>J<sub>f</sub><sup>π</sup></u>	<u>Mult.#</u>	<u>δ</u>	<u>α<sup>b</sup></u>	<u>Comments</u>
220	10 2	2012.2	(29/2) <sup>+</sup>	1792.2	(25/2) <sup>-</sup>	M2(+E3)	<0.6	7.62 17	Mult.,δ: from α(K)(exp)=3.3 9, α(L)exp=0.75 21, α(M)exp=0.19 7, K/L=4.4 15, and δ=+0.39 8 for ΔJ=1 from γ(θ). From ce data, evaluators deduce δ=0.4 +5-4 using BrIceMixing code. α(K)=5.31 11; α(L)=1.72 4; α(M)=0.444 10 α(N)=0.120 3; α(O)=0.0277 7; α(P)=0.00501 12; α(Q)=0.000403 9 Ice(K)=55 8, Ice(L)=19 3, Ice(M)=5 3. Mult.,δ: from α(K)(exp)=5.5 14, α(L)exp=1.9 5, α(M)exp=0.50 34; BriceMixing code gives δ(E3/M2)<0.6, but this value gives B(E3)(W.u.) which is inconsistent with RUL, thus pure M2 is adopted as suggested in 1985De14, although, small E3 admixture is not excluded.
234&	5 1	1916.2	(27/2) <sup>-</sup>	1682.2	(23/2) <sup>-</sup>	E2 <sup>@</sup>		0.357 8	α(K)=0.1185 20; α(L)=0.175 4; α(M)=0.0472 11 α(N)=0.0126 3; α(O)=0.00276 7; α(P)=0.000445 10; α(Q)=6.66×10 <sup>-6</sup> 12 Ice(L)=2.7 22, Ice(M)=1.3 12. Mult.: from α(L)exp=0.54 45, α(M)exp=0.26 24.
349.0	16 2	1498.1	19/2 <sup>-</sup>	1149.1	15/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2 <sup>@</sup>		0.1028	α(N)=0.00259 4; α(O)=0.000576 9; α(P)=9.50×10 <sup>-5</sup> 14; α(Q)=2.62×10 <sup>-6</sup> 4 α(K)=0.0529 8; α(L)=0.0369 6; α(M)=0.00975 14 Ice(K)=0.58 55, Ice(L)=0.46 24. Mult.: from α(K)(exp)=0.036 35, α(L)exp=0.029 16.
351.5	21 2	1498.1	19/2 <sup>-</sup>	1146.6	17/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2	+0.65 +20-10	0.38 5	A <sub>2</sub> =+0.30 4 (1985De14) α(K)=0.30 5; α(L)=0.063 5; α(M)=0.0154 11 α(N)=0.0041 3; α(O)=0.00094 7; α(P)=0.000171 14; α(Q)=1.34×10 <sup>-5</sup> 19 Ice(K)=7.4 12, Ice(L)=2.3 8, Ice(M)=0.53 18. Mult.,δ: from α(K)(exp)=0.35 7, α(L)exp=0.109 40, α(M)exp=0.025 9, and δ=+0.65 +20-10 for ΔJ=1 from γ(θ). From ce data, evaluators deduce δ=0.3 +5-3 using BrIceMixing code.
381.8	46 5	1528.4	(21/2) <sup>-</sup>	1146.6	17/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2 <sup>@</sup>		0.0803	A <sub>2</sub> =+0.18 3 α(K)=0.0442 7; α(L)=0.0267 4; α(M)=0.00702 10 α(N)=0.00187 3; α(O)=0.000415 6; α(P)=6.90×10 <sup>-5</sup> 10; α(Q)=2.15×10 <sup>-6</sup> 3 Ice(K)=1.7 6, Ice(L)=1.1 5, Ice(M)=0.31 10. Mult.,δ: from α(K)(exp)=0.037 14, α(L)exp=0.024 11, α(M)exp=0.0067 23, and γ(θ).
478.9	8 2	1149.1	15/2 <sup>-</sup>	670.2	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2 <sup>@</sup>		0.0450	α(K)=0.0283 4; α(L)=0.01241 18; α(M)=0.00321 5 α(N)=0.000854 12; α(O)=0.000191 3; α(P)=3.24×10 <sup>-5</sup> 5; α(Q)=1.324×10 <sup>-6</sup> 19 Ice(K)=0.33 24, Ice(L)=0.23 16. E <sub>γ</sub> : a 479-keV γ reported in 1982SaZO, placed from a 1498 level. Mult.: from α(K)(exp)=0.041 19, α(L)exp=0.029 22.

<sup>217</sup>Ac IT decay (740 ns) **1985De14** (continued)

$\gamma(^{217}\text{Ac})$ (continued)									
$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>‡</sup> $\alpha$	$E_i$ (level)	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>#</sup>	$\delta$	$\alpha$ <sup>b</sup>	Comments
486.4	77 8	1146.6	17/2 <sup>-</sup>	660.2	13/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2 <sup>@</sup>		0.0434	A <sub>2</sub> =+0.18 3 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) $\alpha$ (K)=0.0275 4; $\alpha$ (L)=0.01181 17; $\alpha$ (M)=0.00305 5 $\alpha$ (N)=0.000811 12; $\alpha$ (O)=0.000182 3; $\alpha$ (P)=3.08×10 <sup>-5</sup> 5; $\alpha$ (Q)=1.282×10 <sup>-6</sup> 18 Ice(K)=1.6 7, Ice(L)=0.92 47. Mult.: from $\alpha$ (K)(exp)=0.021 10, $\alpha$ (L)exp=0.012 6, and $\gamma$ ( $\theta$ ).
489 <sup>&amp;</sup>	6 2	1149.1	15/2 <sup>-</sup>	660.2	13/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1(+E2)	<1	0.16 4	$\alpha$ (K)=0.130 35; $\alpha$ (L)=0.026 5; $\alpha$ (M)=0.0062 11 $\alpha$ (N)=0.0016 3; $\alpha$ (O)=0.00038 7; $\alpha$ (P)=7.0×10 <sup>-5</sup> 14; $\alpha$ (Q)=5.8×10 <sup>-6</sup> 16 $\gamma$ not seen in <b>1982GoZU</b> . Ice(K)=1.1 4, Ice(L)=0.18 9. Mult., $\delta$ : from $\alpha$ (K)(exp)=0.18 9 and $\alpha$ (L)exp=0.030 18; $\delta$ deduced by evaluators using BrIccMixing code. <b>1985De14</b> deduce up to 90% E2 admixture, or $\delta$ <3.
660.3	83 7	660.2	13/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	9/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2		0.0218	A <sub>2</sub> =+0.17 2 ( <b>1985De14</b> ) $\alpha$ (N)=0.000318 5; $\alpha$ (O)=7.20×10 <sup>-5</sup> 11; $\alpha$ (P)=1.252×10 <sup>-5</sup> 18; $\alpha$ (Q)=6.89×10 <sup>-7</sup> 10 $\alpha$ (K)=0.01544 22; $\alpha$ (L)=0.00474 7; $\alpha$ (M)=0.001198 17 Ice(K)=0.92 25, Ice(L)=0.32 11, Ice(M)=0.07 7. Mult.: from K/L(exp)=2.8 12.
670.1	11 3	670.2	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0	9/2 <sup>-</sup>	M1+E2		0.055 34	$\alpha$ (K)=0.043 29; $\alpha$ (L)=0.0088 43; $\alpha$ (M)=0.00213 98 $\alpha$ (N)=5.6×10 <sup>-4</sup> 26; $\alpha$ (O)=1.30×10 <sup>-4</sup> 62; $\alpha$ (P)=2.4×10 <sup>-5</sup> 12; $\alpha$ (Q)=1.9×10 <sup>-6</sup> 13 Ice(K)=0.31 31, Ice(L)=0.08 4, Ice(M)=0.04 4. Mult., $\delta$ : from $\alpha$ (L)exp=0.0073 36; $\delta$ overlaps all values. $\alpha$ : value within the uncertainty overlaps pure M1 and pure E2.

<sup>†</sup> Measured  $E_\gamma$  values in **1985De14** were reported to nearest keV and with no uncertainties. Corresponding values in **1983GoZX** and **1982GoZU** listed to nearest tenth of a keV agree with those in **1985De14**. More precise values from **1983GoZX** are given here when available, even though these values are also listed without uncertainties, and remain unpublished as a regular journal article.

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute photon intensities from **1985De14**.

<sup>#</sup> From ce measurements and angular distribution data of **1985De14**. The ce intensities given in **1985De14** are absolute intensities per 100 decays of the 740-ns isomer.

<sup>@</sup> From ce data as well as  $\gamma$ ( $\theta$ ) data, M1 admixture is possible, however, based on the level scheme, mult=E2 is required.

<sup>&</sup> This  $\gamma$  from **1985De14** only, not reported by **1983GoZX** or **1982GoZU**.

<sup>a</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 1.0007 19.

<sup>b</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (**2008Ki07**) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

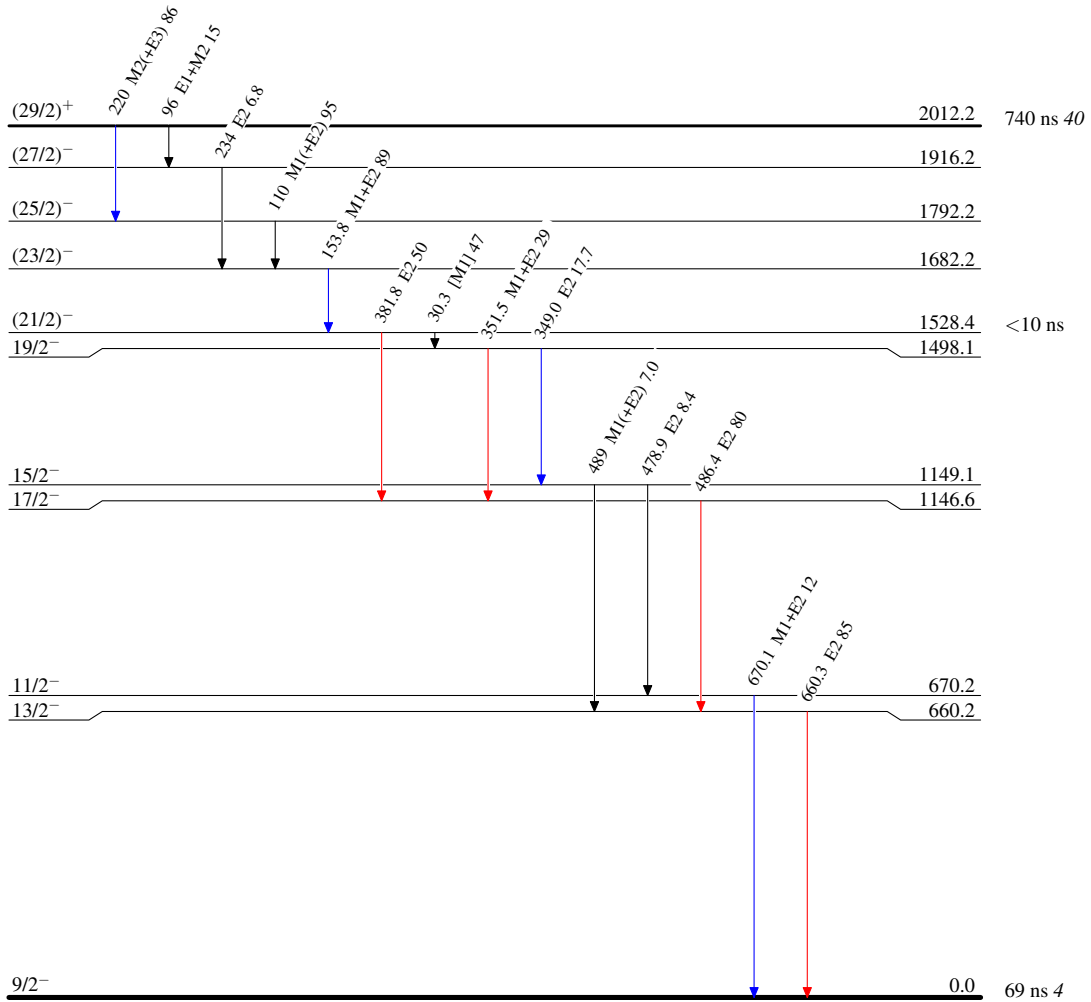
$^{217}\text{Ac}$  IT decay (740 ns) 1985De14

## Decay Scheme

Intensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays  
 $\%IT=95.49\ 18$

## Legend

- $\longrightarrow$   $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $\longrightarrow$   $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $\longrightarrow$   $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $\longrightarrow$   $\gamma$  Decay (Uncertain)

 $^{217}_{89}\text{Ac}_{128}$