

^{217}Ra α decay [1970To07](#),[1970Va13](#),[2019Mi08](#)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	M. S. Basunia	NDS 181, 475 (2022)	1-Jan-2022

Parent: ^{217}Ra : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=(9/2^+)$; $T_{1/2}=1.6 \mu\text{s}$ 2; $Q(\alpha)=9161$ 6; $\% \alpha$ decay=100.0

^{217}Ra - J^π : From [2018Ko01](#) ($A=217$ evaluation).

^{217}Ra - $T_{1/2}$: from $8995\alpha(t)$ ([1970Va13](#) – good statistics). Others: $1.7 \mu\text{s}$ 3 ([1990An19](#) – appears to supersede their earlier value 1.7 us 1 ([1990AnZU](#))), $1.4 \mu\text{s} +4-3$ ([2019Ya04](#)), $4 \mu\text{s}$ 2 ([1970To07](#)), and $2.5 \mu\text{s}$ 2 ([2019Mi08](#) – from time correlations between ^{221}Th and ^{217}Ra α decays). Weighted average of all the data, without $2.5 \mu\text{s}$ 2 ([2019Mi08](#)) yields the same value.

^{217}Ra - $Q(\alpha)$: From [2021Wa16](#).

Others: [2021Hu19](#), [1990An19](#), [1990AnZU](#).

[1970To07](#): ^{221}Th was produced from $^{208}\text{Pb}(^{16}\text{O},3n)$, $E=10.6$ MeV/nucleon, 99% enriched ^{208}Pb target, alpha spectra were obtained on-line using the helium-jet recoil transport method for ^{221}Th decay chain, Si(Au) detector. Measured $E\alpha$, $T_{1/2}$; deduced $Q\alpha$. FWHM = 25 keV.

[1970Va13](#): ^{221}Th was produced bombarding different targets with different projectiles, measured $E\alpha$ of the ^{221}Th decay chain. Deduce t , Q .

[2019Mi08](#): Studied ^{225}U α decay chain, produced by the fusion evaporation reactions of $E=212$, 217, and 226 MeV (mid-target) ^{48}Ca beams on a $\approx 530 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ ^{181}Ta target sandwiched between carbon layers of $50 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ upstream and $10 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ downstream. Evaporation residues (ERs) were separated by the SHIP velocity filter and implanted into the COMPACT Spectroscopy Set-up (COMPASS), consisting of a Double sided Silicon Strip Detector (DSSD), surrounded by 4 Single sided Silicon Strip Detectors (SSSDs). Measured energy and time spectra of correlations between ER and α particles from subsequent decays. Deduced halflife.

 ^{213}Rn Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	(9/2 ⁺)	19.4 ms 2	$J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels.

 α radiations

[2019Mi08](#) reported two $E\alpha$ of values 8990 keV 40 (8.99 MeV 4) and 8910 keV 40 (8.91 MeV 4). 8990 α is in good agreement with the literature value for the ^{217}Ra g.s. to ^{213}Rn g.s. decay. The other 8910 α , if considered to decay from ^{217}Ra g.s., it would feed an excited level at about 84 keV 41 (deduced from $Q\alpha(^{221}\text{Ra})$ and $E\alpha$). [2019Mi08](#) did not propose any depopulation or feeding level for this $E\alpha$, and no known excited levels in ^{217}Ra or ^{213}Rn are matching for the decay of this $E\alpha$.

$E\alpha$	E(level)	$I\alpha^\ddagger$	HF [†]	Comments
8992 8	0.0	100	1.69 22	$E\alpha$: Weighted average of 8990 8 (1970To07 , semi), 8995 10 (1970Va13 , semi), 8990 40 (2019Mi08 – 8.99 MeV 4), and 8988 26 (2019Ya04). Uncertainty is the lowest input value. Other: 8966 15 (2021Hu19).

[†] Using $r_0(^{213}\text{Rn})=1.5526$ 27, extrapolated value based on $r_0(^{212}\text{Rn})=1.5433$ 36 and $r_0(^{214}\text{Rn})=1.5655$ 13 ([2020Si16](#)).

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.