

$^{213}\text{Tl}\beta^-$ decay (23.8 s) 2014Mo02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	M. S. Basunia	NDS 181, 475 (2022)	1-Jan-2022

Parent: ^{213}Tl : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=(1/2^+)$; $T_{1/2}=23.8$ s 44; $Q(\beta^-)=4987$ 28; $\% \beta^-$ decay=100.0

Adapted/Edited the XUNDL dataset compiled by B. Singh (McMaster), March 5, 2014.

Proposed decay scheme is tentative.

^{213}Tl was produced by projectile fragmentation using $E(^{238}\text{U})=1$ GeV/nucleon beam at GSI with an intensity of 1.5×10^9 ions/spill (a repetition of 3 s and an extraction time of 1 s). The reaction products were separated and identified in the magnetic spectrometer Fragment Separator (FRS). Separation of ^{213}Tl nuclei is based on $B\rho-\Delta E-B\rho$ scheme. Implanted in a composite DSSSD detector system comprising of 3 layers. The DSSSD detectors were surrounded by the RISING γ -ray spectrometer comprised of 105 HPGe crystals arranged clusters of seven elements. Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, β - γ -t coin in coincidence with implanted recoils.

 ^{213}Pb Levels

E(level)	J^π †	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0	$9/2^+$	10.2 min 3	$T_{1/2}$: From Adopted Levels.
675	$(5/2^+, 7/2^+)$		

† From 2014Mo02 based on shell-model predictions.

 $\gamma(^{213}\text{Pb})$

E_γ †	I_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π
675	100 29	675	$(5/2^+, 7/2^+)$	0	$9/2^+$

† No numerical datum of the resolution was listed in 2014Mo02.

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Decay Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ 