

Adopted Levels

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	K. Auranen and E. A. Mccutchan		NDS 168, 117 (2020)	1-Aug-2020

$S(p)=-3.90 \times 10^2$ 10; $Q(\alpha)=8420$ 50 [2017Wa10](#)

$S(n)=8560$ (syst) 130; $S(2p)=1770$ 90; $Q(\epsilon p)=7100$ (syst) 90 ([2017Wa10](#)).

[1997Mi03](#): activity was produced in the $^{182}\text{W}(^{35}\text{Cl},5n)$ reaction using a beam energy of 182.5 MeV. ^{212}Pa was separated with the JAERI recoil mass separator and identified by time- and position-correlated alpha-decay chains.

[2014Ya19](#): nuclei of interest were produced in a $^{40}\text{Ca}(E=193 \text{ MeV}) + ^{175}\text{Lu}$ complete fusion reaction at the HIRFL-Lanzhou facility. The target was a $500\text{-}\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ -thick layer of natural Lu ($>97.4\%$ ^{175}Lu) evaporated on a $40 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon backing. The residues were selected using gas-filled recoil separator SHANS, and implanted into a position sensitive silicon detectors. Time and position correlation were measured between evaporation residue implantation (ER) and the subsequent α -decay events. $E\alpha$, half-lives, ER- α correlations were measured.

 ^{212}Pa Levels

E(level)	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	5.1 ms +51-17	<p>$\% \alpha \approx 100$</p> <p>$\% \alpha$: only α decay has been observed. Theoretical calculations in 2019Mo01 suggest the $\% \epsilon + \% \beta^+$ branch is less than 1%.</p> <p>$T_{1/2}$: from 2014Ya19, obtained by combining the results of 2014Ya19 and 1997Mi03. Others: 5.1 ms +61-19 (1997Mi03).</p> <p>$E\alpha=8250$ keV 20 from 2014Ya19, was obtained by combining the results of 2014Ya19 and 1997Mi03. Others: $E\alpha=8270$ keV 30 very likely is emitted from the g.s. of ^{212}Pa (1997Mi03).</p>