214 Th α decay

History					
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date		
Full Evaluation	M. Shamsuzzoha Basunia	NDS 121, 561 (2014)	31-Mar-2014		

Parent: ²¹⁴Th: E=0.0; $J^{\pi}=0^+$; $T_{1/2}=87$ ms 10; $Q(\alpha)=7827$ 5; % α decay=99.9 1

²¹⁴Th ε branch was estimated by 1995El07 as $\leq 0.2\%$ from the β gross theory of 1973Ta30. The r₀ parameter, calculated by using $\%\alpha$ =99.9 *1*, fits the local r₀ trend.

Additional information 1. The partial half-life for ²¹⁴Th β^+ decay was calculated by 1997Mo25 as 19.4328 s, which gives $\%\beta^+=0.51$.

²¹⁰Ra Levels

$\frac{\mathrm{E(level)}}{0.0}$	$\frac{\mathbf{J}^{\pi}}{0^{+}}$	T ₁ 3.7	/2 s 2	Comments T _{1/2} : From Adopted Levels.
				α radiations
<u>Εα</u> 7678 <i>10</i>	$\frac{\mathrm{E}(\mathrm{le})}{0.0}$	vel)	HF [†] 1.0	Comments Ea: Weighted average of 7680 10 (1968Va18), 7677 10 (1980Ve01) and 7670 20 (1984Sc13). Uncertainty – lowest experimental value. Ia: only one α group has been observed. Upper limit on intensity of an unobserved 7090-keV α to 2 ⁺ state is estimated as <0.93 per 100 α decays by assuming its hindrance factor to be <1 (the 2 ⁺ level energy of E(2 ⁺)≈600 is used which is obtained by extrapolation from 2 ⁺ level energies in heavier radium isotopes). Possible α transitions to higher level are neglected.

[†] $r_0(^{210}Ra)=1.499~6$ is calculated by evaluator from Hf(7678 α)=1.0. Other: $r_0(^{210}Ra)=1.492~16$ (1998Ak04) using $T_{1/2}(^{214}Th)=100$ ms 25, $Q(\alpha)=7826~7~(2003Au03)$, and $I\alpha(7678\alpha$ to g.s.) =99.5~5 per 100 α decays.