²⁰⁸Pb(n, γ): E=0.8-20 MeV 1972Be46,1981Dr08,1982Jo01

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Full Evaluation J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev NDS 126, 373 (2015) 30-Sep-2013

S(n)=3937.4 13 (2012Wa38).

1972Be46: E=6.2-14.7 MeV neutrons were produced by 3 H(p,n) with proton beams from the Los Alamos Van de Graaff accelerator. γ -rays were detected with a NaI(Tl) detector. Measured σ (E γ). Deduced giant resonance structure.

1981Dr08: E=10-20 MeV neutrons at the Los Alamos tandem. NaI detector. Measured $\sigma(E\gamma)$, asymmetry. Deduced E2 giant isovector resonance.

1982Jo01: E=0.8-7.7 MeV neutrons at the tandem accelerators at Bruyeres-le-Chatel and Uppsala. NaI(Tl) detector. Measured $\sigma(E\gamma)$.

1982Ki05: E=7-13 MeV. Measure $\sigma(E\gamma,\gamma)$. Deduced dipole EWSR in GDR region.

Others: 2010Se03, 2008Re07, 2004Ra29, 2003Be49, 1971Be38, 1971Dr07, 1967Cs01.

1972Be46 studied $\sigma(E)$ for transitions to bound single-particle states of 209 Pb (unresolved). Energy of giant dipole state found to be 13.6 MeV 5 (from decay to $2g_{9/2}$), 13.7 MeV 5 (from decay to $1i_{11/2}$), 13.8 MeV 5 (from decay to $1j_{15/2}+3d_{5/2}$), and 13.7 MeV 5 (from decay to $2g_{7/2}+3d_{3/2}$).

1981Dr08 measured fore-aft asymmetry (ratio of difference to sum of yields at 55° and 125°). From a comparison of this asymmetry with theory, they suggest that the E2 giant isoscalar resonance is centered within 1 MeV of 23.5 MeV.

1982Jo01 looked for an asymmetry in the yield around 90° as evidence for possible excitation of isoscalar E2 and M1 giant resonances. No asymmetry was seen.

1982Ki05 measured $\gamma(\theta)$ for the transitions to the g.s. and first excited states. These exhaust 0.39% and 0.13%, respectively, of the classical dipole sum rule between E(exc)=10.9 and 16.9 MeV.

²⁰⁹Pb Levels

E(level) Comments

13.7×10³ 5 E(level): from 1972Be46.