

$^{208}\text{Pb}(\alpha, ^3\text{He})$  1975Ti02,1986Ma49,1981Pe10

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev		NDS 126, 373 (2015)	30-Sep-2013

Target  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  target  $J^\pi=0^+$ .

**1975Ti02:** E=58 MeV  $\alpha$  beam was produced from the University of Michigan 83-inch cyclotron. A 98% enriched self-supporting 1.5 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  target was used. Reaction products were detected by an array of position-sensitive detectors on the focal plane of a magnetic spectrograph, FWHM $\approx$ 50 keV (estimated by evaluator). Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis.

**1986Ma49:** E=183 MeV  $\alpha$  beam was produced from the K220 Orsay synchrocyclotron. A 10 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> 99.9% enriched  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  target was used. Reaction products were detected by two multiwire proportional chambers at the focal plane of a large magnetic spectrometer, FWHM=200 keV. Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, strength functions.

**1981Pe10:** E=61.5 and 81.5 MeV beams were produced from the University of Maryland Isochronous Cyclotron. Target was 1 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> 99% enriched  $^{208}\text{Pb}$  evaporated onto a 10  $\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$  carbon backing. Reaction products were detected by two telescopes of a silicon  $\Delta E$  detector and a Si(Li) E detector, FWHM<100 keV for E=61 MeV, 150 keV for E=81 MeV. Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis.

Others: 1999Ah01, 1984Ga37.

 $^{209}\text{Pb}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	L <sup>‡</sup>	S <sup>@</sup>
0.0		0.94 <sup>a</sup>
781 8		1.05 <sup>b</sup>
1426 8		0.57 <sup>c</sup>
2520 <sup>&amp;</sup>		0.93 <sup>d</sup>
3050 14		0.062 <sup>c</sup>
3550 14		0.032 <sup>c</sup>
3715 14		0.028 <sup>c</sup>
3934 14	6,7,8 <sup>#</sup>	
4211 14	6,7,8 <sup>#</sup>	

<sup>†</sup> From 1975Ti02. In addition to the resolved peaks in the range 0 to 4.2 MeV, 1986Ma49 also study the region from 4.5 to 15 MeV, in which region the spectrum is dominated by a wide bump at about 10.7 MeV. On the basis of  $\sigma(\theta)$  and C<sup>2</sup>S for several energy slices in this region, the authors suggest that the enhanced cross section is due to neutron stripping to high-spin states with neutron number n>185, namely, 2h<sub>11/2</sub>, 1j<sub>13/2</sub>, and 1k<sub>17/2</sub>.

<sup>‡</sup> Values reported in ( $\alpha, ^3\text{He}$ ) by 1986Ma49 and 1975Ti02 (for the first three states) agree with the (d,p) values, but the shapes for adjacent L values are not sufficiently different to yield unique L assignments.

<sup>#</sup> Fit consistent with L=8 (possible 1k<sub>17/2</sub>) as suggested by core-particle model, however, fit is equally good for L=7 (possible 1j<sub>15/2</sub>) and for L=6 (although not considered by authors), so a unique L value cannot be assigned. L=6 is assigned to a level at 3937 5 in (p,d).

<sup>@</sup> From 1975Ti02 (except 2520 level) calculated using local zero-range DWBA with normalization factor=50 and neutron parameters radius=1.275 fm, diffuseness=0.65 fm, and spin-orbit coupling strength=25. Neutron well depth chosen based on separation energy approximation. 1986Ma49 report values in good agreement with those of 1975Ti02 except for S(g.s.)=0.69. 1981Pe10 report values for the first three states of 0.86, 0.69, and 0.98 at E=61, and somewhat lower values (8 to 16%) for E=81. The results of these authors for S(781 and 1426 levels) do not agree with those of the other authors in ( $\alpha, ^3\text{He}$ ) or of other single particle transfer reactions.

<sup>&</sup> From 1986Ma49. Peak is masked by impurities in spectrum of 1975Ti02.

<sup>a</sup> For configuration= $\nu(2g_{9/2})^{+1}$ .

<sup>b</sup> For configuration= $\nu(1i_{11/2})^{+1}$ .

<sup>c</sup> For configuration= $\nu(1j_{15/2})^{+1}$ .

<sup>d</sup> For configuration= $\nu(2g_{7/2})^{+1}$ , from 1986Ma49.