## <sup>208</sup>Pb(<sup>16</sup>O,<sup>15</sup>O) **1975Be40**

History				
Туре	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date	
Full Evaluation	J. Chen <sup>#</sup> and F. G. Kondev	NDS 126, 373 (2015)	30-Sep-2013	

1975Be40: E=139 MeV <sup>16</sup>O beam was produced from the Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory 88-inch cyclotron. Targets were 100-150  $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup> enriched <sup>208</sup>Pb on carbon backings. Reaction products were momentum analyzed with an energy-loss magnetic spectrometer, FWHM=180-240 keV. Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis. Others:

1978O102: E=312.6 MeV beam was produced from the Berkeley 88-inch cyclotron. Thick targets of 1-3 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> <sup>208</sup>Pb were used. Reaction products were momentum analyzed with a quadrupole-sextupole-dipole (QSD) magnetic spectrometer, FWHM=300 keV. Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis.

1987Me05: E=793 MeV beam was produced from the GANIL facility. A 300  $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup> <sup>208</sup>Pb on a 30  $\mu$ g/cm<sup>2</sup> carbon backing was used. Reaction products were momentum analyzed with the magnetic spectrometer, FWHM=215 keV (see also 1986Be41).

Measured  $\sigma(\theta)$ . Deduced levels, spectroscopic factors from DWBA analysis.

1975Be40 deduce rms radius difference  $\langle n \rangle - \langle p \rangle = 0.1$  fm 1.

## <sup>209</sup>Pb Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	S <sup>‡</sup>	Comments		
0.0	0.89	S: for configuration= $\nu(2g_{9/2})^{+1}$ .		
800 50	0.83	S: for configuration= $\nu(1i_{11/2})^{+1}$ .		
1450 50	0.75	S: for configuration= $\nu(1j_{15/2})^{+1}$ . Value given is corrected for a small contribution (theory value of 0.91 assumed) from unresolved $\nu(3d_{5/2})^{+1}$ level at 1567 keV.		
2050 50	≤9.8 <sup>#</sup>	S: for configuration= $\nu(4s_{1/2})^{+1}$ .		
2490 50	1.7 <sup>#</sup>	S: for configuration= $\nu(2g_{7/2})^{+1}$ . Value given is corrected for a small contribution (theory value of 0.90 assumed) from unresolved $\nu(3d_{3/2})^{+1}$ level at 2538 keV.		
3050 50	0.07 <sup>#</sup>	S: for configuration= $\nu(1j_{15/2})^{+1}$ .		
≈3800 5000 <i>50</i>	0.25 <sup>#</sup>	S: if levels in the broad peak 3500-4100 keV are $v(1j_{15/2})^{+1}$ .		
5880 <i>50</i> 6320 <i>50</i>				

<sup>†</sup> From 1975Be40.

<sup>‡</sup> From 139-MeV data of 1975Be40 (finite-range DWBA) as recalculated by 1978Ol02. The values are normalized to S(g.s.)=0.89, the theoretical value from 1973Ri13. See 1978Ol02 and 1987Me05 for values of s deduced from data taken at higher bombarding energies. 1975Be40 state that strength $\leq$ 0.1 for any high-spin J=L+1/2 single-particle fragments in the energy range 5-10 MeV.

<sup>#</sup> Approximate value since fit to data is poor.