

^{213}Ac α decay 1968Va04,2000He17

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev		NDS 126, 373 (2015)	30-Sep-2013

Parent: ^{213}Ac : $E=0.0$; $J^\pi=9/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=738$ ms 16; $Q(\alpha)=7501$ 6; $\% \alpha$ decay ≈ 100.0

^{213}Ac - J^π : Assuming a favored α -decay to ^{209}Fr g.s. ($J^\pi=9/2^-$).

^{213}Ac - $Q(\alpha)$: From $E\alpha=7360$ keV 6.

1968Va04: ^{213}Ac activities were produced by the $^{197}\text{Au}(^{20}\text{Ne},6n)$, $^{209}\text{Bi}(^{12}\text{C},8n)$ and $^{203}\text{Tl}(^{16}\text{O},8n)$ reactions at beam energies of 99 MeV ^{20}Ne , 118 MeV ^{12}C , and 112 and 135 MeV ^{16}O from the Berkeley heavy-ion linear accelerator (HILAC). α particles were detected by a Si(Au) surface-barrier detector. Measured single $E\alpha$, $\alpha(t)$.

2000He17: ^{213}Ac activities were produced using various heavy-ion reactions at GSI. Reaction products were separated by a velocity filter (SHIP). 16-strip position-sensitive silicon detector was used to implant the recoils and correlate subsequent α decay events. Measured single $E\alpha$, $\alpha(t)$.

 ^{209}Fr Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$9/2^-$	50.5 s 7	$J^\pi, T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels.

 α radiations

$E\alpha$	E(level)	$I\alpha^\ddagger$	HF †	Comments
7360 6	0.0	100	≈ 0.94	$E\alpha$: weighted average of 7356 10 (2000He17) and 7364 8 (1968Va04). The value from 1968Va04 has been increased by 2 keV by the evaluators to account for the changes in calibration energies, as recommended in 1991Ry01. Other: 7420 (1961Gr42).

† $r_0(^{209}\text{Fr})=1.471$ 11, weighted average of $r_0(^{208}\text{Rn})=1.466$ 8 and $r_0(^{210}\text{Ra})=1.492$ 16, both deduced by using HF=1.

‡ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≈ 1.0 .