

Coulomb excitation 1969He07,1970Br12,1973Kr02

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev		NDS 126, 373 (2015)	30-Sep-2013

1969He07: ($\alpha, \alpha'\gamma$) E=18 MeV, ($^{16}\text{O}, ^{16}\text{O}'\gamma$) E=70 MeV. Target was a thick piece of zone-purified ²⁰⁹Bi. γ -rays were detected by a 32 cm³ Ge(Li) detector, FWHM=4.5 KeV. Measured E γ , I γ , Doppler-shift, $\gamma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, T_{1/2}, γ -branching ratios, transition probabilities, μ .

1970Br12: ($\alpha, \alpha'\gamma$) E=19 MeV. Targets were thick chemically pure bismuth with a thickness of 0.010 inch. γ -rays were detected by a 25 cm³ lithium-drifted Ge detector. Measured E γ , I γ , $\gamma(\theta)$, Doppler-shift. Deduced levels, T_{1/2}, γ -branchings ratios, transition probabilities, configurations. Comparisons with model calculations.

1973Kr02: ($\alpha, \alpha'\gamma$) E=15 MeV α beam was produced from the Heidelberg EN tandem accelerator. Natural Bi target. γ -rays were detected by two Ge(Li) detectors. Measured E γ , I γ , $\gamma(\theta)$. Deduced levels, mixing ratios, transition probabilities.

1972Ha59: ($\alpha, \alpha'\gamma$) E=15-18 MeV α beam was produced from the Chalk River MP tandem accelerator. Natural Bi target. γ -rays were detected by two Ge(Li) detectors. Measured E γ , I γ . Deduced levels, transition probabilities.

Others: **1998Wo15**, **1985Ze05**, **1983Ru03**, **1980Sh12**, **1965An13**, **1963Hr01**, **1962Na06**.

²⁰⁹Bi Levels

B(E3) values are primarily from **1969He07** and are based on the assumption that unobserved but possible low-energy transitions between multiplet states do not have significant branching. Others: **1970Br12**, **1972Ha59**, **1973Kr02**. Note that the B(E3) value for the combined seven states of the assumed multiplet configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$ is 0.55 7, a weighted average of values of **1969He07** (0.45 15) and **1970Br12** (0.57 7).

E(level) [‡]	J π [#]	T _{1/2} ^{&}	L [@]	Comments
0.0	9/2 ⁻			configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1}$.
896.5 3	7/2 ⁻	8.2 ^a ps 12	2	B(E2) \uparrow =0.00261 16 B(E2) \uparrow : weighted average of 0.0018 6 (1969He07), 0.0024 2 (1972Ha59), and 0.00275 14 (1973Kr02). Other: 0.00139 +16-23 (1970Br12), but the bombarding energy was such that the assumption of pure Coulomb excitation may not be valid (1973Kr02).
1608.3 4	13/2 ⁺	0.23 ^a ns 13	3	configuration= $\pi(2f_{7/2})^{+1}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.022 8 (1969He07) B(E3) \uparrow : other: 0.0124 32 in 1970Br12 , but see also the comment to the 896-keV level.
2492.0 10	3/2 ⁺	\approx 31 ^a ps		configuration= $\pi(1i_{13/2})^{+1}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.021 3 (1969He07)
2563.0 10	9/2 ⁺	0.015 ps 3		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.074 11 (1969He07)
2582.5 9	7/2 ⁺	0.31 ps 10		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.052 8 (1969He07)
2600.3 [†] 6	11/2 ⁺	0.036 ps 10		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.094 14 (1969He07)
2600.5 [†] 7	13/2 ⁺	0.26 ps 11		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.108 15 (1969He07)
2615.8 8	5/2 ⁺	7.2 ps 11		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.034 5 (1969He07)
2741.2 4	15/2 ⁺	9.1 ^a ps 12		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E3) \uparrow =0.077 10 (1969He07)
2821.8 8	5/2 ⁻	6.9 ^a fs 9		configuration= $\pi(1h_{9/2})^{+1} \otimes 3^{-}$. B(E2) \uparrow =0.029 10 (1970Br12) E(level): from 1970Br12 only. This value is 4 keV lower than the adopted one. configuration= $\pi(2f_{5/2})^{+1}$.

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Coulomb excitation 1969He07,1970Br12,1973Kr02 (continued)

^{209}Bi Levels (continued)

† From the ^{16}O -induced spectrum, 1969He07 resolved the 992 γ into two components based on the appreciable Doppler-broadening in one member of the doublet. The energy separation was determined to be 2 ± 1 keV and the intensity of the Doppler-broadened component of the doublet relative to the 2600 γ (also Doppler broadened) was found to be ≈ 0.2 . 1969He07 and 1970Br12 suggest that the two Doppler-broadened transitions de-excite the $11/2^+$ member of the $11/2,13/2$ doublet at 2600, while the non-Doppler-broadened component of the 992 doublet de-excites the $13/2^+$ member.

‡ From a least-squares fit to γ -ray energies.

From 1969He07 and 1970Br12.

@ Values for the 896 and 1608 levels are from 1970Br12 based on $\sigma(E)$. Excitation of levels with $E(\text{level})=2493$ to 2741 is assumed to be E3. The E1 contribution is estimated to be $<1\%$ (1970Br12).

& From Adopted Levels.

^a From Adopted Levels.

$\gamma(^{209}\text{Bi})$								
$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^\#$	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	Comments
896.5	$7/2^-$	896.5 3	100	0.0	$9/2^-$	M1+E2	-0.95 25	E_γ : weighted average of 896.5 5 in 1969He07, 897.0 5 in 1970Br12, 896.5 3 in 1972Ha59, 896.3 3 in 1973Kr02. δ : from $\gamma(\theta)$ (1973Kr02).
1608.3	$13/2^+$	1608.4 5	100	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 1.
2492.0	$3/2^+$	2492 1	100	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 2.
2563.0	$9/2^+$	2563 1	100	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 3.
2582.5	$7/2^+$	1686 1	67	896.5	$7/2^-$			Additional information 4.
		2582.5 15	33	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 5.
2600.3	$11/2^+$	992.0 5	15@	1608.3	$13/2^+$			Additional information 6.
		2600 1	85	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 7.
2600.5	$13/2^+$	992 1	99	1608.3	$13/2^+$			Additional information 8.
		2600 1	1	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 9.
2615.8	$5/2^+$	1719 1	59	896.5	$7/2^-$			Additional information 10.
		2616 1	41	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 11.
2741.2	$15/2^+$	140		2600.5	$13/2^+$			E_γ : from level energies. Transition not reported in Coulomb excitation. $I(\gamma+ce)=29.1\%$ 6 from Adopted Gammas.
		1133.0 5	33&	1608.3	$13/2^+$			Additional information 12.
		2741.3 5	38&	0.0	$9/2^-$			Additional information 13.
2821.8	$5/2^-$	1925‡ 1		896.5	$7/2^-$			
		2822‡ 1		0.0	$9/2^-$			

† From weighted average of 1969He07 and 1970Br12, unless otherwise noted.

‡ These values differ by 4-5 keV from adopted values.

From 1969He07 based on the α -induced spectrum, uncertainties=15%. The authors state that the ^{16}O -induced yield at $\theta=90^\circ$ gives essentially the same values. Other: 1970Br12. Values of these authors for the 2582 and 2741 levels are inconsistent with those of 1969He07. Data of 1968Wi24 from $(n,n'\gamma)$ and of 1972Ha59 from $(^7\text{Li},\alpha 2n\gamma)$ support the values of 1969He07.

@ Based on Doppler-broadening in the ^{16}O -induced spectrum, 1969He07 conclude that the 992 γ is a doublet with energy separation 2 ± 1 keV. The 15% branching shown is tentative since there is an impurity line present at the same energy. See comment on 2599, 2601 levels for a discussion of the level doublet at 2600.

& 1969He07 report 53% and 47% for the 2741 γ and 1133 γ , respectively. The evaluator has renormalized these values using $I(\gamma+ce)(140\gamma)=29.1\%$ 9 from Adopted Gammas.

Coulomb excitation 1969He07,1970Br12,1973Kr02Level Scheme

Intensities: % photon branching from each level

