

$^{209}\text{Bi}(\alpha,\alpha')$ : giant resonance [1979Ha46](#)

| Type            | Author                     | History | Citation            | Literature Cutoff Date |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Full Evaluation | J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev |         | NDS 126, 373 (2015) | 30-Sep-2013            |

[1979Ha46](#), [1977Ha08](#): E=120 MeV  $\alpha$  beam was produced from the KVI cyclotron. A target of 3.40 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> self-supporting  $^{209}\text{Bi}$ , enriched to 99.99%, was used. Scattered  $\alpha$ -particles were detected with a  $\Delta E$ -E telescope of surface-barrier detectors, FWHM $\approx$ 20 keV at  $E\alpha=5.5$  MeV. Measured  $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ . Deduced resonances, isoscalar multipole strength from DWBA, collective analysis.

Others:

[1997Fa19](#),[1999Fa19](#): E=240 MeV  $\alpha$  beam was produced from the Superconducting Cyclotron K500 of the Texas A&M University. A target of 4.5 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> Bi was used. Charged particles, fission fragments, neutrons, and  $\gamma$ -rays were detected in coincidence with  $\alpha$  particles by six  $\Delta E$ -E silicon telescopes, a  $4\pi$  neutron ball calorimeter, and germanium detectors, respectively. Measured  $E_\alpha$ , multiplicities. Deduced GDR parameters vs excitation energy.

[1988Ch10](#): E=50.5 MeV  $\alpha$  was from the 224 cm variable-energy cyclotron at Calcutta.  $\alpha$ -particles were detected by two Si detectors. Measured  $\sigma(E_\alpha,\theta)$ . Deduced optical model parameters, deformation lengths. Nearside-Farside decomposition, DWBA analysis, Notch test.

 $^{209}\text{Bi}$  Levels

Data are from [1979Ha46](#). The same data are reported in [1978Va22](#), and a preliminary report is contained in [1977Ha08](#). Other: [1978ChYN](#).

For  $(\alpha,\alpha')$  data for low-lying excitations see "inelastic scattering".

| E(level)          | L | Comments  |
|-------------------|---|---|
| 0.0               |   |   |
| $10.9\times 10^3$ | 3 | $\Gamma=2.7$ MeV 3, %EWSR=90-150 for L=2, or 50-150 (L=2) + 20-40 (L=4).                                    |
| $13.7\times 10^3$ | 3 | $\Gamma=2.0$ MeV 4, %EWSR=80-120 (L=0), 30-50 (L=2), with maximum contribution from L=4 giving %EWSR=15-30. |