

<sup>206</sup>Pb(<sup>6</sup>Li,3n $\gamma$ ) 1976Sj01

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	J. Chen # and F. G. Kondev		NDS 126, 373 (2015)	30-Sep-2013

**1976Sj01:** E=29-34 MeV <sup>6</sup>Li beams were produced from the Stony Brook tandem Van de Graaff accelerator. Targets were enriched metallic foils of <sup>206</sup>Pb (99%).  $\gamma$ -rays were detected by several Ge(Li) detectors ( $\approx$ 12% efficiency and FWHM=2-3 keV at E=1.33 MeV; FWHM=0.5 keV for E $\gamma$ <150 keV). Measured E $\gamma$ , I $\gamma$ ,  $\gamma(\theta, H, t)$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin. Deduced levels, J $\pi$ ,  $\gamma$ -multipolarities, g-factor, T<sub>1/2</sub>, transition strengths.

<sup>209</sup>At Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	J $\pi$ <sup>#</sup>	T <sub>1/2</sub> <sup>‡</sup>	Comments
0.0	9/2 <sup>-</sup>		J $\pi$ : from Adopted Levels.
408.7 5	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>		
576.7 4	11/2 <sup>-</sup>		
724.7 4	13/2 <sup>-</sup>		
746.3 7	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>		
789.0 7	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )		J $\pi$ : from Adopted Levels.
1212.0 7			
1240.9 7	(13/2 <sup>-</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>		
1321.0 7	17/2 <sup>-</sup>		
1427.1 7	21/2 <sup>-</sup>	29 ns 2	g=+0.95 2 g: from $\gamma(H, t)$ using TDPAD (1976Sj01), corrected for diamagnetism and Knight shift. T <sub>1/2</sub> : from 596.3 $\gamma(t)$ , 576.6 $\gamma(t)$ and 724.8 $\gamma(t)$ (1976Sj01).
1771.5 8	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>		
1851.0 9	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>		
2428.0 13	(29/2 <sup>+</sup> ) <sup>@</sup>	0.68 $\mu$ s 8	T <sub>1/2</sub> : from 423.9 $\gamma(t)$ (1976Sj01).

<sup>†</sup> From a least-squares fit to  $\gamma$ -ray energies.

<sup>‡</sup> T<sub>1/2</sub>  $\leq$  5 ns for all excited levels except the 1427 and 2428.

<sup>#</sup> from 1976Sj01, based on deduced  $\gamma$ -ray transition multipolarities, unless otherwise noted.

<sup>@</sup> Tentative assignment by 1978Sj01.

$\gamma(^{209}\text{At})$

E $\gamma$	I $\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	E <sub>i</sub> (level)	J $\pi$ <sub>i</sub>	E <sub>f</sub>	J $\pi$ <sub>f</sub>	Mult. <sup>#</sup>	$\alpha^a$	I <sub>(<math>\gamma+ce</math>)</sub>	Comments
106.1 2	5.8 12	1427.1	21/2 <sup>-</sup>	1321.0	17/2 <sup>-</sup>	E2	6.03 10	41 <sup>‡</sup> 8	ce(K)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.0559 11; ce(L)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.593 7; ce(M)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.159 4; ce(N+)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.0499 11 ce(N)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.0411 9; ce(O)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.00805 18; ce(P)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.000813 18 I $\gamma$ : from I( $\gamma+ce$ ) and theoretical conversion coefficient. Mult.: from conversion coefficient based on intensity balance and I( $\gamma$ ) in delayed spectrum (1976Sj01).
147.9 2	9.9 20	724.7	13/2 <sup>-</sup>	576.7	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	(M1)	3.97	49 <sup>‡</sup> 10	ce(K)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.647 6; ce(L)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.1158 20; ce(M)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.0274 5; ce(N+)/( $\gamma+ce$ )=0.00883 17

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{206}\text{Pb}(^6\text{Li},3n\gamma)$  1976Sj01 (continued) $\gamma(^{209}\text{At})$  (continued)

$E_\gamma$	$I_\gamma^\dagger$	$E_i(\text{level})$	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. #	Comments
							ce(N)/( $\gamma$ +ce)=0.00710 14; ce(O)/( $\gamma$ +ce)=0.00152 3; ce(P)/( $\gamma$ +ce)=0.000210 4 $I_\gamma$ : from I( $\gamma$ +ce) and theoretical conversion coefficient assuming mult=M1. Mult.: lifetime limit $T_{1/2}<5$ ns rules out a pure E2 multipolarity (1976Sj01).
337.6 5		746.3	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	408.7 (7/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
380.3 5	18 2	789.0	(9/2 <sup>-</sup> )	408.7 (7/2 <sup>-</sup> )		(M1+E2)&	$A_2=-0.07$ 9, $A_4=-0.4$ 3 (1976Sj01).
<sup>x</sup> 386.9 5							
408.7 5	36 4	408.7	(7/2 <sup>-</sup> )	0.0 9/2 <sup>-</sup>			
423.9 5	18 2	1851.0	(23/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1427.1 21/2 <sup>-</sup>		(M1+E2)	Mult.: $A_2=-0.26$ 12, $A_4=-0.4$ 3 (1976Sj01).
530.6 5	8 1	1771.5	(15/2 <sup>-</sup> )	1240.9 (13/2 <sup>-</sup> )		(M1+E2)&	Mult.: $A_2=-0.59$ 15, $A_4=-0.05$ 5 (1976Sj01).
576.6 5	100 10	576.7	11/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0 9/2 <sup>-</sup>		(M1+E2)	Mult.: $A_2=-0.40$ 32, $A_4=-0.05$ 6 for 576.6 $\gamma$ +577 $\gamma$ , implies a dipole component (1976Sj01).
577 1	6.0 6	2428.0	(29/2 <sup>+</sup> )	1851.0 (23/2 <sup>-</sup> )			
596.3 5	70 21	1321.0	17/2 <sup>-</sup>	724.7 13/2 <sup>-</sup>		E2@	Mult.: $A_2=+0.3$ 1, $A_4=-0.1$ 1 (1976Sj01).
635.3 5		1212.0		576.7 11/2 <sup>-</sup>			
664.2 5	31 3	1240.9	(13/2 <sup>-</sup> )	576.7 11/2 <sup>-</sup>		(M1+E2)&	Mult.: $A_2=-0.25$ 6, $A_4=-0.3$ 2 (1976Sj01).
724.8 5	100	724.7	13/2 <sup>-</sup>	0.0 9/2 <sup>-</sup>		E2@	Mult.: $A_2=+0.27$ 2, $A_4=-0.06$ 4 (1976Sj01).

<sup>†</sup> From prompt spectrum normalized to 100 for the 724.8 $\gamma$ , unless otherwise noted.

<sup>‡</sup> Obtained by 1976Sj01 from intensity balance in delayed spectrum.

# From 1976Sj01 based on  $\gamma(\theta)$ , unless otherwise noted.

@ Stretched quadrupole transition based on  $\gamma(\theta)$  data. The lifetime limits rule out mult=M2.

&  $\gamma(\theta)$  suggests D+Q, but M1/E2 assignment is most probable based on the lifetime limits.

<sup>a</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>x</sup>  $\gamma$  ray not placed in level scheme.

$^{206}\text{Pb}({}^6\text{Li}, 3n\gamma)$  1976Sj01

## Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative  $I_\gamma$ 

## Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$

