212 Th α decay

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Full Evaluation M. J. Martin NDS 108,1583 (2007) 1-Jun-2007

Parent: 212 Th: E=0.0; J^{π} =0+; $T_{1/2}$ =30 ms +20-10; $Q(\alpha)$ =7952 10; $\%\alpha$ decay=99.7 3 $T_{1/2}(^{212}$ Th)=30 ms +20-10, measured by 1980Ve01, is adopted In 1992Ar05 and used In calculations here.

The $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ branching was estimated by 1992Ar05 As \approx 0.3% from gross β decay calculations of 1973Ta30. The partial half-life for 212 Th β^- decay was calculated by 1997Mo25 As 15.05 s, which gives $\%\beta^+$ =0.20. The r₀ parameter, calculated by using $\%\alpha$ =99.7 3, fits the local r₀ systematics.

²⁰⁸Ra Levels

 $\frac{\text{E(level)}}{0.0} \quad \frac{\text{J}^{\pi}}{0^{+}}$

 α radiations

 $\frac{\text{E}\alpha}{7802 \ 10} \quad \frac{\text{E(level)}}{0.0} \quad \frac{\text{HF}^{\dagger}}{1.0}$

Comments

Ilpha: only one lpha group has been observed. The 2⁺ state has not been observed. Its energy is estimated to Bepprox500 keV by extrapolation from 2⁺ level energies In heavier radium isotopes In accordance with the trend observed for radon isotopes. The intensity of the 7310-keV unobserved lpha is estimated As <2.3 per 100 lpha decays by assuming its hindrance factor to Be greater than 1. Ilpha(7802lpha)=98.8 12 is used In computation.

 $E\alpha$: measured by 1980Ve01.

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ r₀(208 Ra)=1.510 27 is calculated from Hf($^{7802}\alpha$)=1.0.