

^{206}Fr $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1981Ri02

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	F. G. Kondev	NDS 201,346 (2025)	21-Jan-2025

Parent: ^{206}Fr : $E=0$; $J^\pi=3^+$; $T_{1/2}\approx 16$ s; $Q(\varepsilon)=7886$ 29; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=11.6 33

Parent: ^{206}Fr : $E=0+x$; $J^\pi=7^+$; $T_{1/2}\approx 16$ s; $Q(\varepsilon)=7886$ 29; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=15.3 15

1981Ri02: ^{206}Fr produced by $\text{Ir}(^{20}\text{Ne},\text{xn})$ reaction on natural target with $E(^{20}\text{Ne})\approx 115$ MeV followed by isotope separation.

$\text{Ge}(\text{Li})$ and $\text{Si}(\text{Li})$ detectors were used to measure γ and ce spectra, and $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences.

The decay scheme involves decay of two states in ^{206}Fr with $J^\pi=3^+$ and 7^+ . This is confirmed by the $\beta^++\varepsilon$ feedings to low spin 2^+ and 4^+ levels, as well as to high-spin 6^+ and 8^+ states. The large Q value in the $\beta^++\varepsilon$ decay of ^{206}Fr suggests that many other, yet unobserved, states are populated. The $\beta^++\varepsilon$ feedings and corresponding $\log ft$ values could not be determined unambiguously.

 ^{206}Rn Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$ [‡]	Comments
0.0	0^+	5.67 min 17	
575.30 10	2^+		
1134.30 15	4^+		
1501.80 15	$(2^-, 3)$		
1762.90 18	6^+	1.8 ns 13	$T_{1/2}$: From 282.3 γ -628.6 $\gamma(\Delta t)$ in 1981Ri02 using the centroid shift method.
1818.30 18	$(6)^+$		
1924.30 20	8^+	6.3 ns 24	$T_{1/2}$: From 282.3 γ -161.4 $\gamma(\Delta t)$ in 1981Ri02 using the centroid shift method.
2024.90 18			
2174.30 20			
2206.90 23	$(7,8)^+$		
2269.90 23	9^-		

[†] From a least-squares fit to E_γ .

[‡] From Adopted Levels.

 $\gamma(^{206}\text{Rn})$

E_γ [†]	I_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J^π_i	E_f	J^π_f	Mult. [‡]	$\alpha^\#$	Comments
161.4 1	10.0 22	1924.30	8^+	1762.90	6^+	E2	1.159	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.249$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.672$ 10; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.180$ 3; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.0576$ 9 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0470$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00953$ 14; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.001080$ 16 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{L})_{\text{exp}}=0.65$ 7.
^x 197.8 1	4.9 10					E2	0.544	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.1683$ 24; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.278$ 4; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0743$ 11; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.0237$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0193$ 3; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00394$ 6; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.000453$ 7 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.34$ 17.
^x 274.9 1	2.4 4							
282.6 1	8.3 9	2206.90	$(7,8)^+$	1924.30	8^+	M1	0.704	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.570$ 8; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.1021$ 15; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0242$ 4; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.00790$ 11 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.00631$ 9; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.001382$ 20; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.000202$ 3 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.51$ 7.
345.6 1	3.3 14	2269.90	9^-	1924.30	8^+	E1	0.0242	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0197$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00344$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000813$ 12; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000262$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000210$ 3; $\alpha(\text{O})=4.52\times 10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{P})=6.27\times 10^{-6}$ 9
356.0 1	3.1 20	2174.30		1818.30	$(6)^+$			

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{206}Fr $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ decay [1981Ri02](#) (continued) $\gamma(^{206}\text{Rn})$ (continued)

E_γ [†]	I_γ [†]	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [‡]	α [#]	Comments
559.0 <i>1</i>	70.0 <i>21</i>	1134.30	4 ⁺	575.30	2 ⁺	E2	0.0271	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0189$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00615$ 9; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001550$ 22; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000500$ 7 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000403$ 6; $\alpha(\text{O})=8.51\times 10^{-5}$ 12; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.109\times 10^{-5}$ 16 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.015$ 5.
575.3 <i>1</i>	100	575.30	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2	0.0254	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0179$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00565$ 8; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001421$ 20; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000458$ 7 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000370$ 6; $\alpha(\text{O})=7.81\times 10^{-5}$ 11; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.022\times 10^{-5}$ 15 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.013$ 5.
628.6 <i>1</i>	31.0 <i>27</i>	1762.90	6 ⁺	1134.30	4 ⁺	E2	0.0209	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.01508$ 22; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00438$ 7; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001094$ 16; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000353$ 5 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000285$ 4; $\alpha(\text{O})=6.03\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{P})=7.99\times 10^{-6}$ 12 Mult.: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.016$ 5.
684.0 <i>1</i>	8.3 <i>21</i>	1818.30	(6) ⁺	1134.30	4 ⁺	E2	0.01744	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.01283$ 18; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00347$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000861$ 12; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.000278$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000224$ 4; $\alpha(\text{O})=4.76\times 10^{-5}$ 7; $\alpha(\text{P})=6.38\times 10^{-6}$ 9
890.6 <i>1</i>	6.1 <i>20</i>	2024.90		1134.30	4 ⁺			
926.5 <i>1</i>	8.0 <i>20</i>	1501.80	(2 ⁻ ,3)	575.30	2 ⁺			

[†] From [1981Ri02](#).[‡] From Adopted Levels. Specific results from ce measurements in [1981Ri02](#) are also presented.[#] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with “Frozen Orbitals” approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

^{206}Fr $\epsilon+\beta^+$ decay 1981Ri02Decay Scheme

Legend

- $\longrightarrow$ $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
 $\longrightarrow$ $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$
 $\longrightarrow$ $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{\max}$

Intensities: Relative I_γ 