

$^{199}\text{Ti}$  IT decay (28.4 ms)    1963Di10

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	NDS 108, 79 (2007)	15-Oct-2006

Parent:  $^{199}\text{Ti}$ : E=749.8 4;  $J^\pi=9/2^-$ ;  $T_{1/2}=28.4$  ms 2; %IT decay=100.01963Di10: Produced by  $^{197}\text{Au}(\alpha,2n)$ , E( $\alpha$ )=22 MeV, in-beam measurements, magnetic spectrometer.

Others: 1963De28, 1965Gr04, 1967Co20, 1977KoZH, 1977Go15.

 $^{199}\text{Ti}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>†</sup>	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$1/2^+$		
367.0 3	$3/2^+$	<1.5 ns	$T_{1/2}$ : from 1959Jo21.
720 1	$(5/2)^+$		
749.8 4	$9/2^-$	28.4 ms 2	$T_{1/2}$ : weighted av: 28.9 ms 6 (1963De38), 27 ms 4 (1963Di10), 26.6 ms 14 (1965Gr04), 29.2 ms 10 (1967Co20), 28.4 ms 2 (1977KoZH).

<sup>†</sup> From 'Adopted Levels'. $\gamma(^{199}\text{Ti})$ I $\gamma$  normalization: From average of  $\sum I(\gamma+ce)$  to g.s. and  $\sum I(\gamma+ce)$  from 749 level=100.

$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>#@</sup>	$E_i$ (level)	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult.	$\delta$	$\alpha^&$	Comments
(29)		749.8	$9/2^-$	720	$(5/2)^+$	[M2]		$6.7 \times 10^3$ 3	$\alpha(L)=4.94 \times 10^3$ 22; $\alpha(M)=1.35 \times 10^3$ 6 $\alpha$ : for $E\gamma=29.3$ 3 from E(level) difference (adopted E(level)). $I(\gamma+ce)=Ti(353\gamma)+Ti(720\gamma)=10$ from decay scheme.
353	6.1	720	$(5/2)^+$	367.0	$3/2^+$	M1+E2	0.6 2	0.211 25	$\alpha(K)=0.169$ 22; $\alpha(L)=0.032$ 2; $\alpha(M)=0.0075$ 5; $\alpha(N..)=0.00240$ 14 Mult., $\delta$ : from 'adopted gammas'.
367.0 <sup>‡</sup> 3	116	367.0	$3/2^+$	0.0	$1/2^+$	E2+M1	+1.6 2	0.112 10	$\alpha(K)=0.083$ 9; $\alpha(L)=0.0214$ 9; $\alpha(M)=0.00522$ 19; $\alpha(N..)=0.00168$ 6 $\delta$ : from $K/L=3.5$ 3 (1963Di10) and $(L_1+L_2)/L_3=7.4$ ( $^{199}\text{Pb}$ $\varepsilon$ decay); sign is positive from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ (1963Di10).
382.8 <sup>‡</sup> 3	103	749.8	$9/2^-$	367.0	$3/2^+$	E3		0.229	$\alpha(K)=0.0966$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.101$ ; $\alpha(M)=0.0266$ ; $\alpha(N..)=0.00872$ Mult.: from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ , $A_2=0.20$ +4-3 for $9/2(E3)3/2(M1+E2)1/2$ ; also $K/L=0.88$ 5 (1963Di10); also $\alpha(K)\exp=0.10$ from $(\alpha,2n\gamma)$ reaction; theory: $\alpha(K)(E3)=0.097$ .
720	2.6	720	$(5/2)^+$	0.0	$1/2^+$	[E2]		0.0125	$\alpha(K)=0.00958$ ; $\alpha(L)=0.00218$ $I_\gamma$ : $I_\gamma(720)=4.2$ from $I_\gamma(720)/I_\gamma(353)=0.69$ in $^{199}\text{Pb}$ $\varepsilon$ decay.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

**$^{199}\text{Tl}$  IT decay (28.4 ms) 1963Di10 (continued)** $\gamma(^{199}\text{Tl})$  (continued)<sup>†</sup> From 1963Di10, unless otherwise noted.<sup>‡</sup> From 1967Co20.# Calculated from ce intensities (1963Di10) and adopted  $\alpha(K)$ .@ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by  $\approx 0.75$ .& Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.