

^{203}Rn α decay (44 s) 1993Wa04

Type	Author	Citation	History Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	01-Dec-2015

Parent: ^{203}Rn : E=0; $J^\pi=(3/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=44$ s 2; $Q(\alpha)=6629.8$ 21; % α decay=66 9 ^{203}Rn - $T_{1/2}$: From ^{203}Rn Adopted Levels in ENSDF database. ^{203}Rn - $Q(\alpha)$: From 2012Wa38. ^{203}Rn -% α decay: % α =66 9 for ^{203}Rn α decay taken from ^{203}Rn Adopted Levels in ENSDF database.

Others: 1996Ta18, 1995Uu01, 1978HoZZ, 1971Ho01, 1967Va17.

 ^{199}Po Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]
0	(3/2 ⁻)
72	(5/2 ⁻)

† From Adopted Levels.

 α radiations

E α	E(level)	I α [#]	H α [‡]	Comments
(6428.6 [†] 25)	72	2.6 [†] CA	30 SY	E α : from 1993Wa04.
6499.2	0	97 [†]	1.6 2	E α : weighted average of 6499.2 (1996Ta18), 6499.10 (1995Uu01), 6499.3 25 (1993Wa04), 6497.5 (1967Va17).

[†] If ^{203}Rn g.s. is $3/2^-$ (as expected from systematics), the main α branch would go to ^{199}Po g.s. and an $\approx 2.6\%$ branch is expected (from HF syst of 1980Sc26) to populate the 72-keV $5/2^-$ state. If, however, the ^{203}Rn g.s. has $J=5/2$, then the 6499.2 α ($I\alpha \approx 97\%$) is expected to feed the 72-keV level and an $\approx 3\%$ 6568.8 α is expected to populate the ^{199}Po g.s.

[‡] $r_0(^{199}\text{Po})=1.508$ 10.

For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.66 9.