

$^{202}\text{Pb}$   $\alpha$  decay ( $52.5 \times 10^3$  y) [1981Na15](#)

| Type            | Author                           | History | Citation            | Literature Cutoff Date |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Full Evaluation | Huang Xiaolong and Kang Mengxiao |         | NDS 133, 221 (2016) | 1-Dec-2015             |

Parent:  $^{202}\text{Pb}$ :  $E=0$ ;  $J^\pi=0^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=52.5 \times 10^3$  y 28;  $Q(\alpha)=2590$  4;  $\% \alpha$  decay  $<1.0$

$^{202}\text{Pb}$ - $T_{1/2}$ : From [1981Na15](#). Others:  $\approx 3 \times 10^5$  y ([1954Hu61](#)),  $54.2 \times 10^3$  y 24 ([1979NiZV](#)).

$^{202}\text{Pb}$ - $\% \alpha$  decay:  $\% \alpha < 1$ , from systematics ([1987Sc05](#)).

 $^{198}\text{Hg}$  Levels

| E(level) | $J^\pi$ |
|----------|---------|
| 0        | $0^+$   |

 $\alpha$  radiations

| $E_\alpha$ | E(level) | $I_\alpha^\dagger$ | HF    | Comments  |
|------------|----------|--------------------|-------|---|
| (2539 4)   | 0        | 100                | 1.000 | $E_\alpha$ : From $Q(\alpha)$ of <a href="#">2012Wa38</a> . |

$^\dagger$  For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by  $<0.01$ .