

^{197}Pt β^- decay (95.41 min) 1965Ha15

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
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Parent: ^{197}Pt : E=399.59; $J^\pi=13/2^+$; $T_{1/2}=95.41$ min 18; $Q(\beta^-)=718.7$ 6; % β^- decay=3.3 4 ^{197}Pt -% β^- decay: From $(I(\gamma+ce)(279\gamma)+I(\gamma+ce)(202\gamma))/I(\gamma+ce)(346\gamma)$ and $I\gamma(346\gamma):I\gamma(279\gamma):I\gamma(202\gamma)=100:0.21$ 2:0.0031 12.

Others: 1964Gr02, 1973Ba66.

Sources produced by $^{196}\text{Pt}(n,\gamma)$ (1965Ha15) and $^{196}\text{Pt}(d,p)$ (1941Sh08). ^{197}Au Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [†]	$T_{1/2}$ [†]	Comments
0.0	$3/2^+$	stable	
77.0 8	$1/2^+$	1.91 ns 1	
279.0 7	$5/2^+$	18.6 ps 15	
409.0 8	$11/2^-$	7.73 s 6 %IT=100	

[†] From Adopted Levels. β^- radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ ^{†‡}	Log $f\tau$	Comments
(709.3 10)	409.0	3.3 4	6.75 6 av	$E\beta=221.76$ 22

[†] From γ intensity imbalance.[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.033 4. $\gamma(^{197}\text{Au})$ $I\gamma$ normalization: From $I(\gamma+ce)(279\gamma)+I(\gamma+ce)(202\gamma)=100$.

X-ray intensities

Radiations	E, Kev a	Intensities ab
Au L x-ray	9.710	1.13 17
Au ka2 x-ray	66.9895 8	0.24 3
Au ka1 x-ray	68.8037 8	0.40 5
Au kb x-ray	78.00	0.177 20

a, Calculated values

b, values per 100 parent decays

E_γ	I_γ ^{†‡#}	E_i (level)	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	δ [†]	α [@]	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ [#]	Comments
(77)	0.47 7	77.0	$1/2^+$	0.0	$3/2^+$	M1+E2	-0.35 1	4.31 8	2.00 30	$\alpha(L)= 3.26$ 6; $\alpha(M)= 0.793$ 15; $\alpha(N+..)= 0.248$ 5 I_γ : from $I(\gamma+ce)$ and α . $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$: from intensity balance at the 77 level.

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{197}\text{Pt } \beta^-$ decay (95.41 min) 1965Ha15 (continued) **$\gamma(^{197}\text{Au})$ (continued)**

E_γ	$I_\gamma^{\dagger\ddagger\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult. [†]	δ^\dagger	$\alpha^@$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^{\#}$	Comments
(130)	4.47 15	409.0	$11/2^-$	279.0	$5/2^+$	E3		30.5	140 1	$\alpha(K)= 1.028; \alpha(L)= 21.66;$ $\alpha(M)= 5.95; \alpha(N+..)= 1.902$ $\alpha(\text{exp})=29.4\ 50$ (1983La26) E_γ : obscured by 129.8 γ via ^{195}Pt IT decay.
202	1.46 21	279.0	$5/2^+$	77.0	$1/2^+$	E2		0.367		I_γ : from $I(\gamma+ce)$ and α . $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$: from intensity balance at the 279 level.
279	100	279.0	$5/2^+$	0.0	$3/2^+$	M1+E2	-0.40 4	0.380 7		$\alpha(K)= 0.1670; \alpha(L)= 0.1494;$ $\alpha(M)= 0.0382;$ $\alpha(N+..)=0.01189$ I_γ : from $I_\gamma/I_\gamma(279\gamma)$ in ^{197}Hg ε decay (23.8 h). Other: ≤ 5 (1965Ha15).
(409)	0.15 5	409.0	$11/2^-$	0.0	$3/2^+$	M4		3.97		$\alpha(K)= 0.308\ 7; \alpha(L)= 0.0548\ 4; \alpha(M)=0.01279\ 8;$ $\alpha(N+..)=0.00400$ $\alpha(K)= 2.415; \alpha(L)= 1.155;$ $\alpha(M)= 0.306; \alpha(N+..)= 0.0983$ I_γ : from $I_\gamma/I_\gamma(130\gamma)$ in ^{197}Hg ε decay (23.8 h) based on ce ratios and known multipolarities.

[†] Established via Coul. ex., Mossbauer, decay studies.[‡] Relative intensity normalized to $I_\gamma(279\gamma)=100$.[#] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.024 6.@ Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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