

$^{195}\text{Tl}$  IT decay (3.6 s)    1963Di10

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
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Parent:  $^{195}\text{Tl}$ : E=482.63 17;  $J^\pi=9/2^-$ ;  $T_{1/2}=3.6$  s 4; %IT decay=100.0Sources produced by  $^{187}\text{Re}(^{12}\text{C},4\text{n})$  ([1963Di10](#)) and daughter nucleus of  $^{195}\text{Pb}$   $\varepsilon$  decay (15 min).**1963Di10:**  $^{187}\text{Re}(^{12}\text{C},4\text{n})$  E=59,67 MeV ([1963Di10](#)) natural target, pulsed beam, measured ce (s) between 67-MeV beam pulses:  
ce(K)(383 $\gamma$ )/ce(L)(99 $\gamma$ )=0.078. $^{195}\text{Tl}$  Levels

E(level) <sup>†</sup>	$J^\pi$ <sup>‡</sup>	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0 <sup>‡</sup>	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	1.16 <sup>‡</sup> h 5	
383.64 12	3/2 <sup>+</sup>		
482.63 17	9/2 <sup>-</sup>	3.6 s 4	%IT=100 $T_{1/2}$ : from $\gamma(t)$ measurement ( <a href="#">1963Di10</a> ). Other: 3.5 s 4 ( <a href="#">1957An54</a> ).

<sup>†</sup> From E $\gamma$  and decay scheme using least-squares fit to data.<sup>‡</sup> From Adopted Levels. $\gamma(^{195}\text{Tl})$ I $\gamma$  normalization: Assuming no  $\gamma$ -transition to g.s. from E(level)=482.6.

E $\gamma$	I $\gamma$ <sup>†‡</sup>	E $_i$ (level)	J $^\pi_i$	E $_f$	J $^\pi_f$	Mult.	$\delta$	$\alpha^{\#}$	Comments
99.0 6	0.69 2	482.63	9/2 <sup>-</sup>	383.64	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	E3		157 6	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.562$ 20; $\alpha(\text{L})=114$ 5; $\alpha(\text{M})=32.6$ 13; $\alpha(\text{N}..)=9.7$ 4
383.64 12	100	383.64	3/2 <sup>+</sup>	0.0	1/2 <sup>+</sup>	M1+E2	1.8 +4-3	0.090 11	$E_\gamma$ : from <a href="#">1957An54</a> . Mult.: based on L-subshell ratios ( $^{195}\text{Pb}$ decay). $\alpha(\text{K})=0.067$ 10; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.0176$ 10; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00430$ 22; $\alpha(\text{N}..)=0.00130$ 7
									E $\gamma$ : from <a href="#">1977CoZM</a> , $^{195}\text{Pb}$ $\varepsilon$ decay. Mult.: from $\alpha(\text{exp})$ . $\delta$ : 1.8 +4-3 from K/L=3.8 3 ( <a href="#">1963Di10</a> ). Other $\delta=2.1$ from I( $\gamma+\text{ce}$ )(99 $\gamma$ )=I( $\gamma+\text{ce}$ )(384 $\gamma$ ) and ce(K)(383 $\gamma$ )/ce(L)(99 $\gamma$ )=0.078.

<sup>†</sup> Relative photon intensity normalized to I $\gamma$ (383.6 $\gamma$ )=100 and intensity balance.<sup>‡</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.917 9.# Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code ([2008Ki07](#)) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

