

$^{24}\text{Mg}(p, ^6\text{He})$ 1969Ce01

<u>Type</u>	<u>Author</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Citation</u>	<u>Literature Cutoff Date</u>
Full Evaluation	J. H. Kelley, G. C. Sheu		ENSDF	29-July-2015

Population of ^{19}Na was first observed using the $^{24}\text{Mg}(p, ^6\text{He})^{19}\text{Na}$ reaction. A 54.7 MeV proton beam, from the Berkeley 88-inch cyclotron, impinged on a thin ^{24}Mg target. A pair of Si detectors comprising ΔE - ΔE -E-VETO transmission detectors was used to identify the reaction products. Discussion on careful analysis to discriminate against erroneous ^6He events is given in the text. A single peak is observed in the ^6He energy spectrum corresponding to a mass excess $\Delta M=12974$ keV 70 (1969). The discovery of the first excited state at $E_x=120$ keV (1975Be38) suggests that the peak observed here is made up of the unresolved ground and first excited states. The observed cross section is $\sigma(\theta_{\text{lab}}=14.1^\circ)\approx 120$ nb/sr.

 ^{19}Na LevelsE(level)

0