

^{189}Pb IT decay (22.2 μs) 2005Ba51,2009Dr03

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	T. D. Johnson, Balraj Singh		NDS 142, 1 (2017)	15-Apr-2017

Parent: ^{189}Pb : $E=2475.53$ 18; $J^\pi=(31/2^-)$; $T_{1/2}=22.2 \mu\text{s} +69-14$; %IT decay=100.0

2005Ba51: $^{158}\text{Gd}(^{36}\text{Ar},5n\gamma)$: $E=178$ MeV. Target= 0.43 mg/cm^2 92.9% enriched ^{158}Gd . Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$, particle- γ coin with 10 Compton-suppressed Ge detectors and parallel-grid avalanche counter (PGAC). Fragment mass analyzer (FMA) used to accept evaporation residues recoiling from target according to their mass/charge ratio. Reaction products detected by PGAC via energy loss (ΔE) and focal-plane-position signals. $^{164}\text{Er}(^{29}\text{Si},4n\gamma)$: $E=140$ MeV. Target= 2.5 mg/cm^2 73.6% enriched ^{164}Er . Measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma(t)$, lifetimes with six Compton-suppressed Ge detectors and two planar low energy photon spectrometer (LEPS) detectors of the CAESAR array.

2009Dr03: ^{164}Er beam produced at $E=145$ MeV by 14UD Pelletron accelerator at Australian National University. Target= $700 \mu\text{g/cm}^2$. A spectrometer, consisting of the fusion product separator SOLITAIRE, an annular array of six cooled Si(Li) electron detectors, a single large-volume Ge detector and a single LEPS detector, were used to measure both γ rays and conversion electrons. CAESAR array of Ge detectors was used in complementary experiments.

 ^{189}Pb Levels

E(level) [†]	J^π [‡]	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
40 4	(13/2 ⁺)		Additional information 1. E(level): from Adopted Levels, based on α -decay data in 2013Sa43 .
677.60 23	(13/2 ⁺)		
858.80 ^a 10	(17/2 ⁺)		
950.56 ^{&} 17	(15/2 ⁺)		
1181.59 [@] 15	(17/2 ⁺)	<6.9 [#] ns	In-out transition intensity imbalance of -13 10 at this level.
1327.25 ^a 13	(21/2 ⁺)	<2.1 [#] ns	
1340.11 ^{&} 17	(19/2 ⁺)		
1607.45 [@] 15	(21/2 ⁺)	<2.8 [#] ns	
1813.0 ^{&} 4	(23/2 ⁺)		
1865.43 ^a 16	(25/2 ⁺)		
2137.83 [@] 16	(25/2 ⁺)	<2.1 [#] ns	In-out transition intensity imbalance of 26 15 at this level.
2280.36 23	(27/2 ⁺)		
2474.53 18	(31/2 ⁻)	22.2 $\mu\text{s} +69-14$	E(level): this isomer is interpreted as bandhead of a shears structure with neutrons (in i13/2 orbital) coupled to protons at $\approx 60^\circ$. $T_{1/2}$: deduced from fitting of single exponential decay functions to the decay curves of both the 468 and 819 transitions (2005Ba51).

[†] From least-squares fit to E_γ data, keeping the energy of the 40-keV level as fixed, its uncertainty of 4 keV is not carried over in the energies of the higher levels.

[‡] Assignments are as given in [2005Ba51](#) and [2009Dr03](#), based on multipolarities from conversion data, systematics of neighboring isotopes and isotones, and transition strengths.

[#] Estimated from $\gamma\gamma(t)$.

[@] Band(A): Band based on (17/2⁺), $\alpha=+1/2$. [2005Ba51](#) compared this band with 9/2[624] band in ^{187}Pb .

[&] Band(a): Band based on (15/2⁺), $\alpha=-1/2$. [2005Ba51](#) compared this band with 9/2[624] band in ^{187}Pb .

^a Band(B): $\nu_{13/2}^{-3}$ band.

^{189}Pb IT decay (22.2 μs) 2005Ba51,2009Dr03 (continued) $\gamma(^{189}\text{Pb})$

I γ normalization: From summed I(γ +ce) of γ rays to 40-keV level=100, deduced using GABS normalization code.
The $\alpha(\text{exp})$ values have been determined from intensity balance considerations.

E_γ †	I_γ ‡&	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	α @	Comments
142.4 2	7 1	2280.36	(27/2 ⁺)	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	2.5 10	%I γ =5.1 7
193.9 3	4 1	2474.53	(31/2 ⁻)	2280.36	(27/2 ⁺)	M2	7.04	%I γ =2.9 6 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=5.3$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})\text{exp}<2.6$ 9; $\alpha(\text{M})\text{exp}<1.2$; K/L>2.0 8 $\alpha(\text{K})=5.08$ 8; $\alpha(\text{L})=1.477$ 23; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.371$ 6; $\alpha(\text{N}+..)=0.1158$ 18 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0953$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.0187$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.00180$ 3 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}$, $\alpha(\text{L})\text{exp}$, $\alpha(\text{M})\text{exp}$ from 2009Dr03. L-conversion line contaminated by K lines of 267 γ and 272 γ , and M conversion line contaminated by K line of 279 γ .
230.9 2	6.2 24	1181.59	(17/2 ⁺)	950.56	(15/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.6 3	%I γ =4.6 17
267.4 3	14 3	1607.45	(21/2 ⁺)	1340.11	(19/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.37 21	%I γ =10.3 20
272.4 2	11 2	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	1865.43	(25/2 ⁺)	E0+M1+E2#	1.50 20	%I γ =8.1 12 $\alpha(\text{exp})=1.50$ 20 (2005Ba51)
279.7 2	5 1	1607.45	(21/2 ⁺)	1327.25	(21/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.33 19	%I γ =3.7 8
323.5 3	3.6 12	1181.59	(17/2 ⁺)	858.80	(17/2 ⁺)	E0+M1+E2#	1.5 5	%I γ =2.6 9 $\alpha(\text{exp})=1.5$ 5 (2005Ba51)
325.0 5	4 2	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	1813.0	(23/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.22 13	%I γ =2.9 15
336.7 1	58 6	2474.53	(31/2 ⁻)	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	E3	0.395	%I γ =43 9 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.113$ 16; $\alpha(\text{L})\text{exp}=0.181$ 26; $\alpha(\text{M})\text{exp}<0.086$; K/L=0.62 12 $\alpha(\text{K})=0.1324$ 19; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.195$ 3; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.0521$ 8 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.01325$ 19; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.00242$ 4; $\alpha(\text{P})=0.0001439$ 21 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}$, $\alpha(\text{L})\text{exp}$, $\alpha(\text{M})\text{exp}$ from 2009Dr03. Other: $\alpha(\text{exp})=0.30$ 30 (2005Ba51). Additional information 2.
389.7 2	7 2	1340.11	(19/2 ⁺)	950.56	(15/2 ⁺)	[E2]	0.0552	%I γ =5.1 14
425.9 1	55 11	1607.45	(21/2 ⁺)	1181.59	(17/2 ⁺)	[E2]	0.0438	%I γ =40 4 $\alpha(\text{K})=0.0293$ 5; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.01086$ 16; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00273$ 4 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000691$ 10; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.0001294$ 19; $\alpha(\text{P})=9.40\times 10^{-6}$ 14
468.4 1	79 4	1327.25	(21/2 ⁺)	858.80	(17/2 ⁺)	E2	0.0344	%I γ =58 20 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.023$ 3 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{K})=0.0239$ 4; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00797$ 12; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00199$ 3 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000504$ 7; $\alpha(\text{O})=9.49\times 10^{-5}$ 14; $\alpha(\text{P})=7.20\times 10^{-6}$ 10
473.0 5	4 2	1813.0	(23/2 ⁺)	1340.11	(19/2 ⁺)	[E2]	0.0336	%I γ =2.9 15
481.2 2	8 3	1340.11	(19/2 ⁺)	858.80	(17/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.08 5	%I γ =5.9 21
503.8 3	10.0 22	1181.59	(17/2 ⁺)	677.60	(13/2 ⁺)	[E2]	0.0288	%I γ =7.3 16
530.3 1	66 14	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	1607.45	(21/2 ⁺)	E2	0.0255	%I γ =48 22 $\alpha(\text{K})\text{exp}=0.021$ 4 (2009Dr03)

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

^{189}Pb IT decay (22.2 μs) 2005Ba51,2009Dr03 (continued) $\gamma(^{189}\text{Pb})$ (continued)

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\&}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	$\alpha^\@$	Comments
538.2 1	32 3	1865.43	(25/2 ⁺)	1327.25	(21/2 ⁺)	E2	0.0247	$\alpha(\text{K})=0.0184$ 3; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00543$ 8; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001343$ 19 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000340$ 5; $\alpha(\text{O})=6.45\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{P})=5.16\times 10^{-6}$ 8 %I γ =23.5 19 $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.018$ 3 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{K})=0.01780$ 25; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.00519$ 8; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.001284$ 18 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.000325$ 5; $\alpha(\text{O})=6.17\times 10^{-5}$ 9; $\alpha(\text{P})=4.96\times 10^{-6}$ 7
609.3 3	11 2	2474.53	(31/2 ⁻)	1865.43	(25/2 ⁺)	(E3)	0.0542	%I γ =8.1 14 $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.020$ 6 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{K})=0.0331$ 5; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.01582$ 23; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.00406$ 6 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.001031$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=0.000194$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.478\times 10^{-5}$ 21
637.4 3	8 3	677.60	(13/2 ⁺)	40	(13/2 ⁺)	E0+M1+E2 [#]	0.49 19	%I γ =5.9 21 $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.41$ 16 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{exp})$: $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}$ multiplied by a factor of 1.2 to include higher shells. Other: $\alpha(\text{exp})=0.40$ 35 (2005Ba51).
810.8 2	40.0 24	2137.83	(25/2 ⁺)	1327.25	(21/2 ⁺)	E2	0.01012	%I γ =29.4 17 $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.012$ 3 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{K})=0.00788$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001701$ 24; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000409$ 6 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0001037$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=2.01\times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.85\times 10^{-6}$ 3
818.8 1	100	858.80	(17/2 ⁺)	40	(13/2 ⁺)	E2	0.00991	%I γ =73 3 $\alpha(\text{K})_{\text{exp}}=0.008$ 2 (2009Dr03) $\alpha(\text{K})=0.00773$ 11; $\alpha(\text{L})=0.001660$ 24; $\alpha(\text{M})=0.000399$ 6 $\alpha(\text{N})=0.0001012$ 15; $\alpha(\text{O})=1.96\times 10^{-5}$ 3; $\alpha(\text{P})=1.81\times 10^{-6}$ 3
910.6 3	12 2	950.56	(15/2 ⁺)	40	(13/2 ⁺)	[M1+E2]	0.015 8	%I γ =8.8 14
1142.1 6	11 2	1181.59	(17/2 ⁺)	40	(13/2 ⁺)	[E2]	0.00516	%I γ =8.1 14

[†] From 2005Ba51. Values from 2009Dr03 are in agreement, but given to only the nearest keV.

[‡] Values are from 2005Ba51 in out-of-beam measurements, and scaled down by a factor of five by the evaluators so as to renormalize to 100 for the intensity of the 818 γ -ray. Intensities per 100 decays of the isomer, deduced using GABS code, are listed as %I γ in continuation records. Intensities from in-beam measurements are given in a separate dataset.

[#] Measured $\alpha(\text{exp})$ implies E0 admixture.

[@] Theoretical values from BrIcc code with "Frozen Orbitals" approximation. For mult=[M1+E2], given value overlaps those for pure M1 and pure E2.

[&] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.73 3.

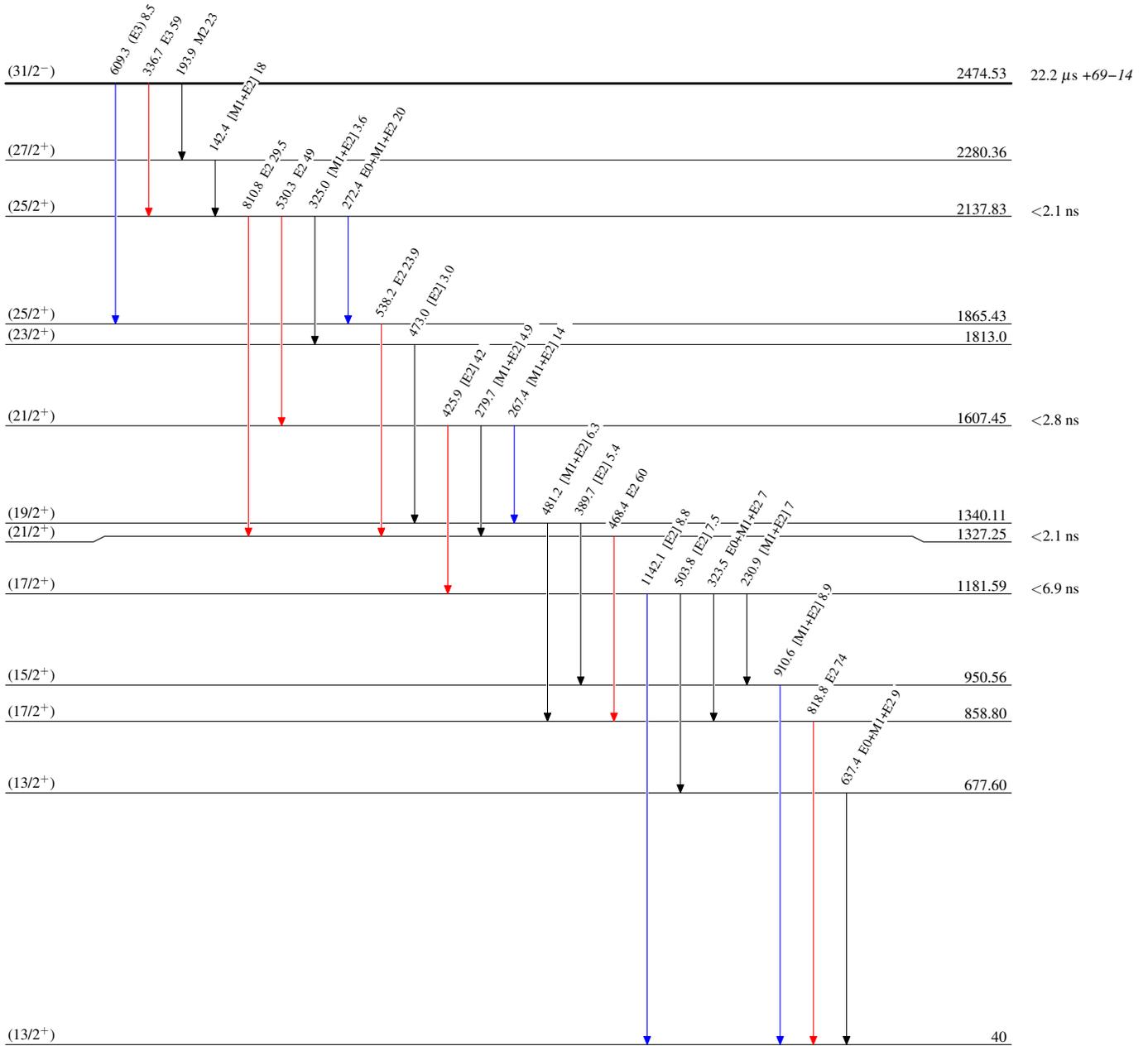
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Decay Scheme

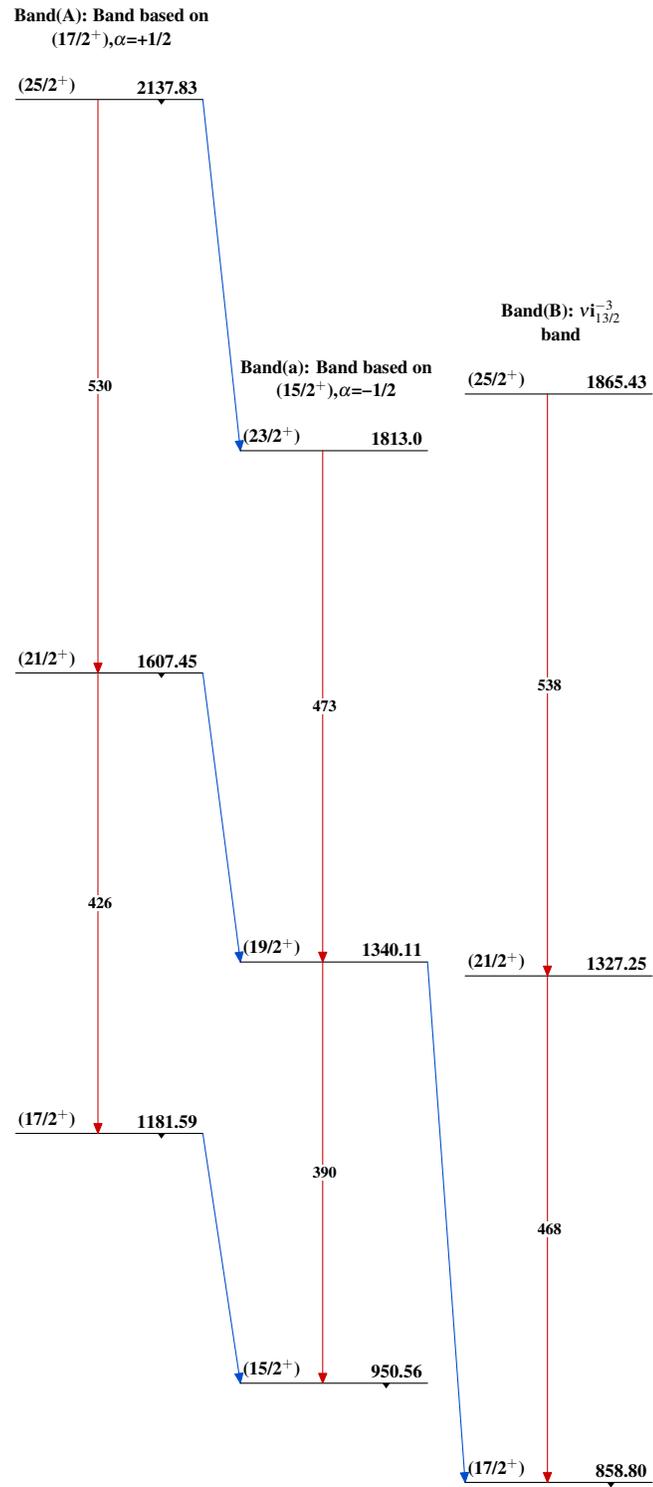
Intensities: $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$ per 100 parent decays
%IT=100.0

Legend

- $I_{\gamma} < 2\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} < 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$
- $I_{\gamma} > 10\% \times I_{\gamma}^{max}$



$^{189}_{82}\text{Pb}_{107}$

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