

$^{187}\text{Hg}$   $\alpha$  decay (2.4 min) [1970Ha18](#)

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin	NDS 134, 149 (2016)	15-Apr-2015

Parent:  $^{187}\text{Hg}$ : E=59 16;  $J^\pi=13/2^{(+)}$ ;  $T_{1/2}=2.4$  min 3;  $Q(\alpha)=5230$  14;  $\% \alpha$  decay > 0.025

$^{187}\text{Hg}$ -E: From [2012Au07](#).

$^{187}\text{Hg}$ - $\% \alpha$  decay:  $\% \alpha=0.00035$  10 from simultaneous counting of  $\alpha$ 's and K x-rays ([1970Ha18](#)). given As limit because x-ray intensity not corrected for internal conversion and not divided between isomer and ground state decays.

See the comment on  $^{187}\text{Hg}$   $\alpha$  decay (1.9 min).

For this decay scheme,  $Q_{\text{xBR}}=1.322$  5.

 $^{183}\text{Pt}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$ <sup>†</sup>
316.9 7	(13/2 <sup>+</sup> )

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Levels.

 $\alpha$  radiations

$E_\alpha$	E(level)	$I_\alpha$ <sup>‡</sup>	HF <sup>†</sup>	Comments
4870 20	316.9	100	0.050 10	this $E_\alpha$ implies $Q(\alpha)=5234$ 26 cf. 5230 14 from <a href="#">2012Wa38</a> .

<sup>†</sup> If  $r_0=1.493$  12 (unweighted average of  $r_0(^{182}\text{Pt})=1.504$  27 and  $r_0(^{184}\text{Pt})=1.481$  28 ([1998Ak04](#)).

<sup>‡</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by >0.00025.