

**Coulomb excitation 2014Br05**

| Type            | Author       | History Citation   | Literature Cutoff Date |
|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Full Evaluation | Balraj Singh | NDS 130, 21 (2015) | 15-Jul-2015            |

**2014Br05:** Beam= $^{182}\text{Hg}$  at 2.85 MeV/nucleon from REX-ISOLDE-CERN facility. Targets=2.3 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick  $^{120}\text{Sn}$ , 1.1 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick  $^{107}\text{Ag}$ , and 2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> thick  $^{112},^{114}\text{Cd}$ . Measured  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $\gamma\gamma$ -coin, (projectile particle) $\gamma$ -coin, (target particle) $\gamma$ -coin, K x-ray intensities using MINIBALL array for  $\gamma$  rays and double-sided silicon strip detectors (DSSSDs) for particle detection. Deduced  $\gamma$ -ray yields, E2 matrix elements, quadrupole invariants  $\langle Q^2 \rangle$  and  $\langle \cos(3\delta) \rangle$  by GOSIA analysis. Comparison with calculations using beyond mean field and interacting-boson based models. Results interpreted within a two-state mixing model. In GOSIA analysis, known spectroscopic data for branching ratios, level lifetimes, and conversion coefficients were used. Some of results may have been taken from  $\beta$ -decay studies of  $^{182}\text{Tl}$  by E. Rapisarda et al. (to be published; reference 15 in **2014Br05**).

 $^{182}\text{Hg}$  Levels

A third  $2^+$  level is also mentioned in Author e-mail reply of May 16, 2014; only branching ratio data are supplied, not the level energy.

| E(level) | $J^\pi$ | $T_{1/2}$      | Comments   |
|----------|---------|----------------|--|
| 0        | $0^+$   |                | Based on deduced quadrupole invariants $\langle Q^2 \rangle$ and $\langle \cos(3\delta) \rangle$ , ground state is weakly deformed with $\beta \approx 0.15$ ; consistent with oblate-like deformation.  |
| 335      | $0^+$   |                | Based on deduced quadrupole invariants $\langle Q^2 \rangle$ and $\langle \cos(3\delta) \rangle$ , first excited state is prolate deformed.  |
| 352      | $2^+$   | 29.7 ps +13-18 | $T_{1/2}$ : deduced by evaluator from E2 matrix element from g.s., assuming 100% branch for $352\gamma$ . E2 matrix element ( $0,0^+$ to $352,2^+$ )=+1.29 +4-3 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $0,0^+$ )=1.66 +11-7.<br>E2 matrix element ( $335,0^+$ to $352,2^+$ )=-2.68 +15-13 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $335,0^+$ )=7.2 +7-8.<br>Diagonal E2 matrix element ( $352,2^+$ to $352,2^+$ )=-0.04 +130-140 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).  |
| 548      | $2^+$   | 9.5 ps +27-22  | $T_{1/2}$ : deduced by evaluator from B(E2)=0.37 +4-3 from g.s. and branching ratios supplied by authors in May 16, 2014 e-mail reply. Using B(E2)=2.9 7 for $335,0^+$ to $548,2^+$ level gives $T_{1/2}$ =9.0 ps +60-37, consistent with that obtained from B(E2) value for g.s. to 548 level.<br>E2 matrix element ( $0,0^+$ to $548,2^+$ )=-0.61 3 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $0,0^+$ )=0.37 +4-3.<br>E2 matrix element ( $335,0^+$ to $548,2^+$ )=-1.7 2 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $335,0^+$ )=2.9 7.<br>E2 matrix element ( $352,2^+$ to $548,2^+$ )=-2.2 4 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $352,2^+$ )=0.97 +38-32.<br>Diagonal E2 matrix element ( $548,2^+$ to $548,2^+$ )=+0.8 +10-6 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ). |
| 613      | $4^+$   | 26.1 ps +9-8   | $T_{1/2}$ : deduced by evaluator from E2 matrix element from $352,2^+$ , assuming 100% branch for $261\gamma$ .<br>E2 matrix element ( $352,2^+$ to $613,4^+$ )=+3.71 6 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $352,2^+$ )=2.75 9.<br>E2 matrix element ( $548,2^+$ to $613,4^+$ )=+3.1 3 ( <b>2014Br05</b> ).<br>B(E2)(from $548,2^+$ )=1.9 +4-3.   |
| 946      | $6^+$   |                |  |
| 1125     | $4^+$   |                |  |

 $\gamma(^{182}\text{Hg})$ 

| $E_i(\text{level})$ | $J_i^\pi$ | $E_\gamma$ | $I_\gamma$          | $E_f$ | $J_f^\pi$ | Mult.    | $\alpha^\ddagger$ | Comments   |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|-------|-----------|----------|-------------------|--|
| 335                 | $0^+$     | 335        |                     | 0     | $0^+$     |          |                   |  |
| 352                 | $2^+$     | 352        |                     | 0     | $0^+$     | E2       | 0.0673            | $\alpha$ : for $E_\gamma=351.7$ 3.   |
| 548                 | $2^+$     | 196        | 8.8 <sup>†</sup> 32 | 352   | $2^+$     | E0+M1+E2 | 4.7 13            | $\alpha(\text{exp})=4.7$ 13 ( <b>2014Br05</b> )<br>$\alpha(\text{exp})$ : quoted by <b>2014Br05</b> (in reference 15) from $^{182}\text{Tl}$ |

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**Coulomb excitation 2014Br05 (continued)** $\gamma(^{182}\text{Hg})$  (continued)

| $E_i(\text{level})$ | $J_i^\pi$      | $E_\gamma$ | $I_\gamma$          | $E_f$ | $J_f^\pi$      | Mult. | $\alpha^\ddagger$ | Comments   |
|---------------------|----------------|------------|---------------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------------------|--|
|                     |                |            |                     |       |                |       |                   | decay results yet to be published.   |
| 548                 | 2 <sup>+</sup> | 213        | 6.5 <sup>†</sup> 23 | 335   | 0 <sup>+</sup> | [E2]  | 0.315             | $E_\gamma$ : $\gamma$ ray reported on the basis of $^{182}\text{Tl}$ decay results yet to be published (reference 15 in 2014Br05). |
|                     |                | 548        | 100 <sup>†</sup>    | 0     | 0 <sup>+</sup> | [E2]  | 0.0217            |  |
| 613                 | 4 <sup>+</sup> | 261        |                     | 352   | 2 <sup>+</sup> | E2    | 0.1619            | $\alpha$ : for $E_\gamma=261.5$ 3.   |

<sup>†</sup> From  $\gamma$ -branching ratio data received in e-mail reply of May 16, 2014 from K. Wrzosek Lipska. These values are from reference 15 (to be published) in 2014Br05. Also branching ratio from a third 2<sup>+</sup> state is given as:  $I_\gamma(\text{third } 2^+ \text{ to } 352, 2^+)/I_\gamma(\text{third } 2^+ \text{ to } 335, 0^+)=0.70$  22. Energy of the third 2<sup>+</sup> level and associated  $\gamma$ -ray energies are not stated.

<sup>‡</sup> Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on  $\gamma$ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

**Coulomb excitation 2014Br05**Level Scheme

Intensities: Relative photon branching from each level

