

$^9\text{Be}(^{19}\text{N},^{18}\text{N})$ 2012Ro22

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	R. Spitzer, J. H. Kelley		ENSDF	30-Jun-2021

2012Ro22: XUNDL dataset compiled by TUNL (2012).

The authors produced beams of ^{19}N by fragmenting a 700 MeV/nucleon ^{40}Ar beam on a thick ^9Be target and magnetically filtering the products in the first half of the FRS at GSI. The secondary beam particles were easily identified at the intermediate focal plane by their energy loss and time of flight in a set of standard detectors.

The beams impinged on a 1.72 g/cm² Be target and underwent further reactions, including one-neutron knockout reactions. Analysis of the FRS final focal plane detectors, coupled with measurements from the MINIBALL γ -ray spectrometer which was located at the 1.72 g/cm² target permitted identification of ^{18}N levels populated in the 1n knockout reactions.

 ^{18}N Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	σ (mb)	Comments
0 [‡]	1 ⁻	41 10	Cross section value deduced by the compilers from total cross section of 65 mb 10.
115 [‡]	(2 ⁻)		
587	(2 ⁻)	6 2	σ (mb): <6 mb 2. This level is populated in Branching<0.09 2 of 1n-knockout reactions at E/nucleon \approx 700 MeV.
728 40	(3 ⁻)	15 2	σ (mb): >15 mb 2. This level is populated in Branching>0.23 1 of 1n-knockout reactions at E/nucleon \approx 700 MeV. If this is the only level populated then Branching<0.32 4.

[†] From Adopted Levels.

[‡] Branching ratio (Branching) of 0.64 assigned by compilers to 0+115 levels, assuming a maximum branching=0.36 for 587+728 levels. (2012Ro22) do not mention the population of g.s. and 115 levels.