

^{179}W ε decay (6.40 min) 1969Ko18,1969Bi10

Type	Author	History Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin	NDS 110, 265 (2009)	15-Nov-2008

Parent: ^{179}W : E=221.91 3; $J^\pi=1/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=6.40$ min 7; $Q(\varepsilon)=1063$ 16; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=0.29 4

^{179}W - $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay: from decay scheme assuming $\text{Ti}(120.1\gamma[^{179}\text{W}]+221.5\gamma[^{179}\text{W}]+238.7\gamma[^{179}\text{Ta}])=100\%$ and

$\text{I}(239\gamma):\text{I}(222\gamma)=100$ 5:3870 300 (1969Ko18). $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ feeding to the g.s. is not expected ($\Delta J=3$, $\Delta\pi=\text{yes}$ transition).

1969Ko18: measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma\gamma$ coin, Ice. Detectors: Ge(Li), Si(Li).

1969Bi10: measured E_γ , I_γ , $\gamma(t)$. Detector: Ge(Li).

The level scheme is that of 1969Ko18 after the elimination of an unobserved 8.7γ ($\text{I}(\gamma+\text{ce}) \leq 34$ 14) connecting the 750 and 742 levels. 1969Ko18 proposed this γ to achieve intensity balance At the 742 level because they believed that level to Be the $5/2$ member of the $1/2[541]$ band to which there should Be At most a negligible ε branch from the $1/2^-$ parent.

 ^{179}Ta Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi^\dagger$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0 ‡	$7/2^+$	1.82 y 3	$T_{1/2}$: from Adopted Levels.
238.7 $^\#$ 3	$5/2^+$		
520.3 $^\textcircled{a}$ 4	$(1/2)^+$		
527.7 $^\textcircled{a}$ 4	$(3/2)^+$		
741.6 7	$1/2, 3/2$		J^π : $5/2^-$ $1/2[541]$ suggested by 1969Ko18; assignment not adopted because the 628-keV level bears that assignment in Adopted Levels.
750.3 5	$(1/2, 3/2)$		J^π : $1/2^-$ $1/2[541]$ suggested by 1969Ko18; this E(level) is compatible with a $5/2$ band member At 628 keV, As In Adopted Levels. However, the 680 level is assigned $1/2^-$ $1/2[541]$ In Adopted Levels.

† From Adopted Levels.

‡ Band(A): $7/2[404]$ g.s. band.

$^\#$ Band(B): $5/2[402]$ band.

$^\textcircled{a}$ Band(C): $1/2[411]$ band.

 ε, β^+ radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$\text{I}\varepsilon^\dagger$	$\text{Log } ft$	Comments
(535 16)	750.3	0.10 4	6.20 18	$\varepsilon K=0.7943$ 13; $\varepsilon L=0.1563$ 10; $\varepsilon M+=0.0494$ 4
(543 16)	741.6	0.08 4	6.31 22	$\varepsilon K=0.7950$ 13; $\varepsilon L=0.1558$ 9; $\varepsilon M+=0.0493$ 4
(757 16)	527.7	≤ 0.12	≥ 6.5	$\varepsilon K=0.8059$ 6; $\varepsilon L=0.1478$ 5; $\varepsilon M+=0.04630$ 16
(765 16)	520.3	≤ 0.12	≥ 6.5	$\varepsilon K=0.8061$ 6; $\varepsilon L=0.1476$ 5; $\varepsilon M+=0.04623$ 16
(1046 ‡ 16)	238.7	< 0.008	$> 8.5^{1u}$	$\varepsilon K=0.7914$ 8; $\varepsilon L=0.1582$ 6; $\varepsilon M+=0.05031$ 20 $\text{I}(\varepsilon+\beta^+)$: from $\log f^{1u} t > 8.5$ for 1U transition.

† Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

‡ Existence of this branch is questionable.

^{179}W ε decay (6.40 min) **1969Ko18,1969Bi10** (continued) $\gamma(^{179}\text{Ta})$

I γ normalization: from decay scheme assuming $\text{Ti}(120.1\gamma[^{179}\text{W}]+221.5\gamma[^{179}\text{W}]+238.7\gamma[^{179}\text{Ta}])=100\%$ and
 $\text{I}(239\gamma):\text{I}(222\gamma)=100\ 5:3870\ 300$ (**1969Ko18**). $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ feeding to the g.s. is not expected ($\Delta J=3$, $\Delta\pi=\text{yes}$ transition).

$E_\gamma^\dagger$ (7.4 6)	$I_\gamma^{\dagger\oplus}$	$E_i(\text{level})$ 527.7	J_i^π (3/2) ⁺	E_f 520.3	J_f^π (1/2) ⁺	Mult. [‡]	$\alpha^\&$	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^\oplus$ 63 30	Comments
									E_γ : from level energy difference; γ not observed, but existence is implied by $\gamma\gamma$ coin data. $\text{I}(\gamma+ce)>52\ 18,<82\ 11$ from intensity balance at 528, 520 levels, respectively.
213.9 5	26 [#] 9	741.6	1/2,3/2	527.7	(3/2) ⁺	[D,E2]	0.28 23		
222.5 5	26 [#] 8	750.3	(1/2,3/2)	527.7	(3/2) ⁺	[D,E2]	0.25 21		
230.1 5	9 [#] 5	750.3	(1/2,3/2)	520.3	(1/2) ⁺	[D,E2]	0.23 19		
238.7 3	100 5	238.7	5/2 ⁺	0.0	7/2 ⁺	M1+E2	0.27 11		$\alpha(K)=0.21\ 11$; $\alpha(L)=0.0484\ 8$; $\alpha(M)=0.0114\ 4$; $\alpha(N+..)=0.00312\ 6$ $\alpha(N)=0.00270\ 8$; $\alpha(O)=0.000400\ 19$; $\alpha(P)=1.8\times 10^{-5}\ 11$ $\%I_\gamma=0.228\ 22$ based on adopted normalization. Mult.: from Adopted Gammas. M1,E2 from $\alpha(L)\text{exp}=0.11\ 5$ (1969Ko18).
281.7 3	85 8	520.3	(1/2) ⁺	238.7	5/2 ⁺	(E2)	0.0992		$\alpha(K)=0.0662\ 10$; $\alpha(L)=0.0253\ 4$; $\alpha(M)=0.00614\ 9$; $\alpha(N+..)=0.001653\ 25$ $\alpha(N)=0.001446\ 21$; $\alpha(O)=0.000202\ 3$; $\alpha(P)=5.16\times 10^{-6}\ 8$ Mult.: M1,E2 from $\alpha(L)\text{exp}=0.054\ 20$ (1969Ko18); level scheme favors E2.
288.9 3	13 3	527.7	(3/2) ⁺	238.7	5/2 ⁺	[M1,E2]	0.16 7		$\alpha(K)=0.12\ 7$; $\alpha(L)=0.026\ 3$; $\alpha(M)=0.0061\ 5$; $\alpha(N+..)=0.00166\ 17$ $\alpha(N)=0.00144\ 13$; $\alpha(O)=0.00022\ 4$; $\alpha(P)=1.1\times 10^{-5}\ 7$

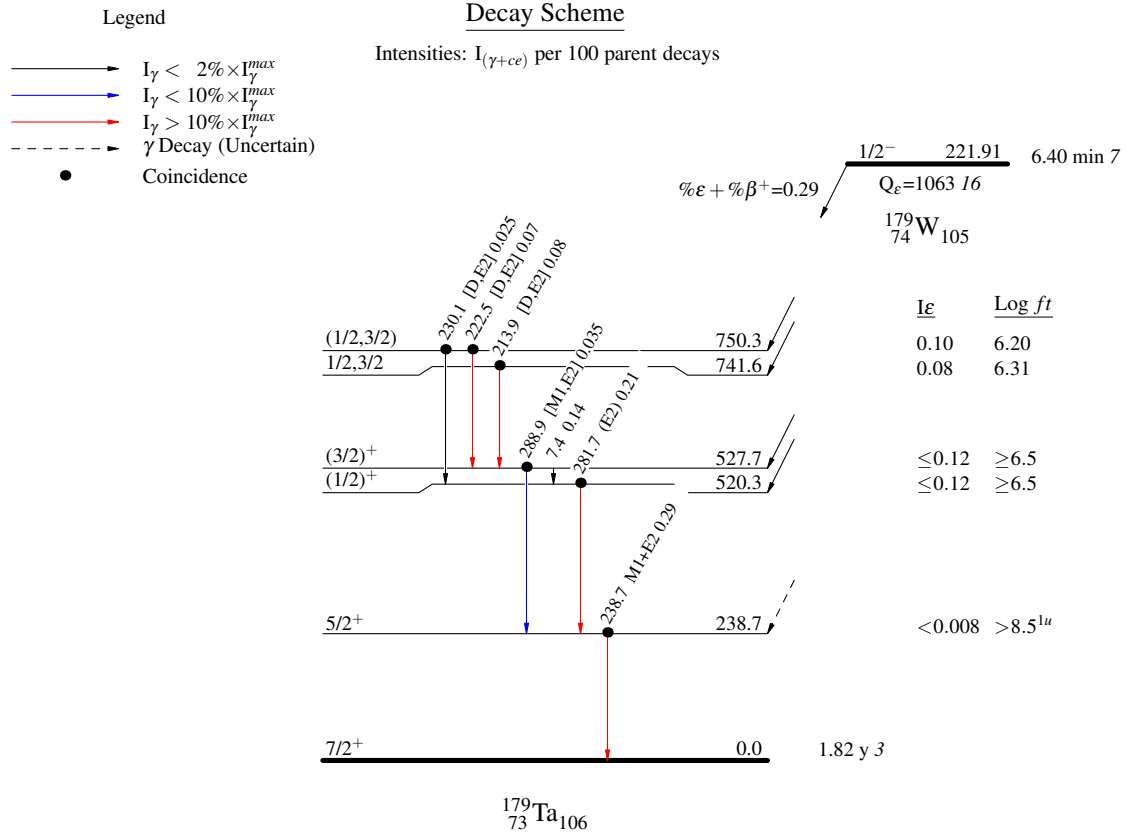
[†] From **1969Ko18**. I γ from singles spectrum, except as noted.

[‡] From Adopted Gammas, except As noted. $\alpha(L)\text{exp}$ values quoted from **1969Ko18** were normalized assuming $\alpha(K)(M3)=6.45$ for the 221.5γ in ^{179}W .

[#] Deduced by evaluator by scaling I γ from spectrum gated by 282γ in **1969Ko18** by 0.85 (based on $\text{I}(239\gamma):\text{I}(282\gamma)=100:85$ In singles spectrum).

[⊕] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.0023 3.

[&] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (**2008Ki07**) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

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