

^{179}Pt ε decay 1993Me13,2000Ro41

Type	Author	History
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin	Citation
		NDS 110, 265 (2009)

Parent: ^{179}Pt : E=0.0; $J^\pi=1/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=21.2$ s 4; $Q(\varepsilon)=5814$ 14; % ε +% β^+ decay=99.76 32000Ro41: measured E(ce), I(ce) using high-resolution magnetic spectrograph. source: descendant of ^{183}Hg source.1993Me13: measured E γ , I γ , $\gamma\gamma$ coin, K x ray- γ coin, $\gamma(t)$. ^{179}Ir Levels

E(level)	J^π [†]	Comments
0.0 [‡]	(5/2) ⁻	
99.8 [‡]	(1/2) ⁻	
193.1 [‡]	(3/2) ⁻	
271.5	(1/2,3/2) ⁺	Possible configuration=(π 3/2[402]) (1993Me13).
343.0	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	
377.8		
493.1	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	
502.2	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	

[†] From Adopted Levels.[‡] Band(A): possible 1/2[541] band member. ε, β^+ radiations

Since $Q(\varepsilon)$ is large (=5814), and decay is only observed to populate levels with $E \leq 502$ keV, the decay scheme is probably incomplete, and the deduced $\varepsilon+\beta^+$ feeding and log ft values may be unreliable. Also, significant I γ remains unplaced.

E(decay)	E(level)	I β^+ [‡]	I ε [‡]	Log ft [†]	I($\varepsilon+\beta^+$) [‡]	Comments
(5312 14)	502.2	4.9 8	3.7 6	5.58 8	8.6 14	av $E\beta=1943.0$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3531$ 19; $\varepsilon L=0.0593$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=0.01866$ 10
(5321 14)	493.1	6.8 11	5.2 8	5.44 7	12.0 19	av $E\beta=1947.2$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3519$ 19; $\varepsilon L=0.0591$ 4; $\varepsilon M+=0.01860$ 10
(5436 14)	377.8	1.5 2	1.0 2	6.16 7	2.5 4	av $E\beta=2000.4$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3368$ 18; $\varepsilon L=0.0565$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.01779$ 10
(5471 14)	343.0	4.0 8	2.7 5	5.75 9	6.7 13	av $E\beta=2016.4$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3324$ 18; $\varepsilon L=0.0558$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.01755$ 10
(5543 14)	271.5	9.4 13	6.2 9	5.40 7	15.6 22	av $E\beta=2049.5$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3234$ 18; $\varepsilon L=0.0543$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.01707$ 10 Log ft : far too low for a first-forbidden transition. If the unplaced 1565.4 γ fed this level (consistent with $\gamma\gamma$ coin data), log ft would increase to a more acceptable value of 5.94 12.
(5621 14)	193.1	23 5	15 3	5.04 10	38 8	av $E\beta=2085.8$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3139$ 17; $\varepsilon L=0.0526$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.01656$ 9
(5714 14)	99.8	11 9	6 5	5.4 4	17 14	av $E\beta=2129.0$ 65; $\varepsilon K=0.3029$ 17; $\varepsilon L=0.0508$ 3; $\varepsilon M+=0.01598$ 9

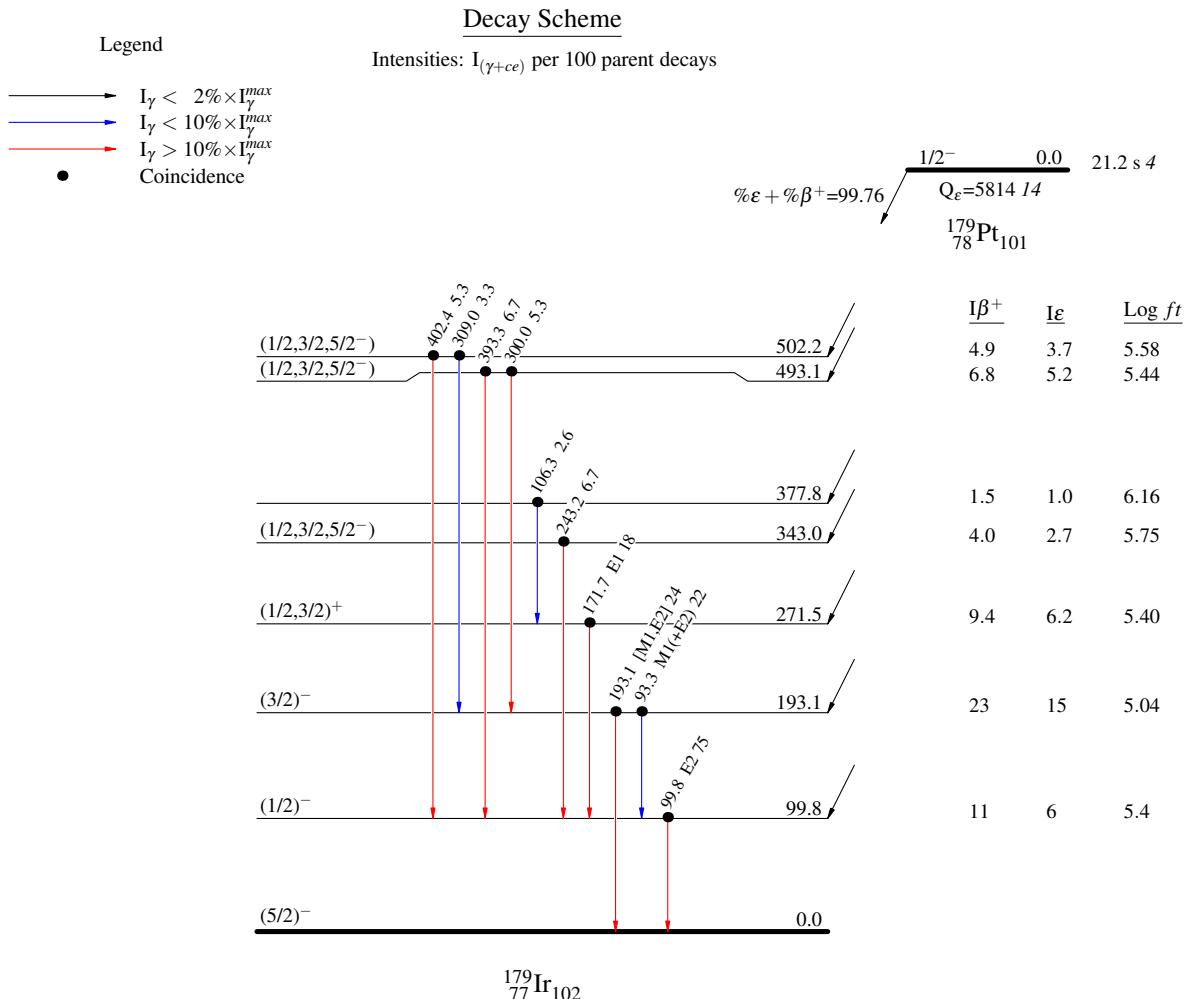
[†] These values probably do not constitute a reliable argument for level J^π because the three unplaced transitions have significant intensity. note that log $ft=5.0$ and 5.4, respectively, to the 193 and 272 levels which have opposite parity; this inconsistency could be removed, however, if the 1565.4 γ fed the 272 level. placement of the 203.3 γ and 915.3 γ May significantly change log ft values to other levels, also.

[‡] Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{179}\text{Pt } \varepsilon$ decay 1993Me13,2000Ro41 (continued) $\gamma(^{179}\text{Ir})$

E_γ^\dagger	$I_\gamma^{\ddagger\ddagger}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	$a^\#$	Comments
93.3	16 1	193.1	(3/2) ⁻	99.8	(1/2) ⁻	M1(+E2)	≤ 0.52	7.33 18	$\alpha(K)=5.6~6; \alpha(L)=1.3~4;$ $\alpha(M)=0.32~9; \alpha(N+..)=0.092~24$ $\alpha(N)=0.078~2I; \alpha(O)=0.013~3;$ $\alpha(P)=0.00070~7$ Mult., δ : from $\alpha(K)\exp=7~2$ (2000Ro41).
99.8	81 14	99.8	(1/2) ⁻	0.0	(5/2) ⁻	E2	4.65		$\alpha(K)=0.757~1I; \alpha(L)=2.93~5;$ $\alpha(M)=0.754~1I;$ $\alpha(N+..)=0.210~3$ $\alpha(N)=0.182~3; \alpha(O)=0.0278~4;$ $\alpha(P)=9.15\times 10^{-5}~13$ Mult., δ : from L2:L3=170 40:150 30 (2000Ro41). $\delta(M1,E2)>3$ (2000Ro41). $I_\gamma=13.3\%$ 9 assuming recommended I_γ normalization. I_γ : corrected for contribution from ^{179}Ir .
106.3	15 1	377.8		271.5	(1/2,3/2) ⁺				Placed by evaluator; level, but no γ , shown in decay scheme (1993Me13).
171.7	100	271.5	(1/2,3/2) ⁺	99.8	(1/2) ⁻	E1	0.1003		$\alpha(K)=0.0823~12;$ $\alpha(L)=0.01387~20;$ $\alpha(M)=0.00319~5;$ $\alpha(N+..)=0.000913~13$ $\alpha(N)=0.000775~11;$ $\alpha(O)=0.0001311~19;$ $\alpha(P)=7.62\times 10^{-6}~11$ Mult.: based on $\alpha(K)\exp\approx 0.1$ (1993Me13).
193.1	87 5	193.1	(3/2) ⁻	0.0	(5/2) ⁻	[M1,E2]	0.7 3		$\alpha(K)=0.5~3; \alpha(L)=0.140~14;$ $\alpha(M)=0.034~5;$ $\alpha(N+..)=0.0098~12$ $\alpha(N)=0.0083~12;$ $\alpha(O)=0.00137~10;$ $\alpha(P)=6.E-5~4$ Coin with 93γ , 193γ . I_γ : from coin spectrum.
^x 203.3	15 1								
243.2	41 5	343.0	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	99.8	(1/2) ⁻				
300.0	32 3	493.1	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	193.1	(3/2) ⁻				
309.0	20 3	502.2	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	193.1	(3/2) ⁻				
393.3	41 3	493.1	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	99.8	(1/2) ⁻				
402.4	32 3	502.2	(1/2,3/2,5/2) ⁻	99.8	(1/2) ⁻				
^x 915.3	48 7								Coin with 300γ , 393γ .
^x 1565.4	68 6								Coin with 100γ , 172γ .

[†] From 1993Me13.[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.165 23.# Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multipolarities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.^x γ ray not placed in level scheme.

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Band(A): Possible 1/2[541] band member

