

^{178}Ir ε decay [1994Ki01](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. Achterberg, O. A. Capurro, G. V. Marti		NDS 110, 1473 (2009)	31-May-2008

Parent: ^{178}Ir : E=0.0; $T_{1/2}=12$ s 2; $Q(\varepsilon)=7294$ 26; $\% \varepsilon + \% \beta^+$ decay=100.0

^{178}Ir - $T_{1/2}$ from [1973HaVR](#); $Q(\beta^+)$ from [2003Au03](#); branching from [2003Au02](#).

^{178}Ir activity produced by $^{164}\text{Er}(^{19}\text{F},5n)$, E=110 MeV. Measured $E\gamma$, $I\gamma$, $\gamma\gamma$ coin, $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$, γ -ce coin, Ice. Detectors: CAESAR array of six Compton-suppressed HPGe detectors. Superconducting solenoid electron spectrometer. Determined angular correlation and conversion coefficients. Deduced γ -ray multipolarities and level spins and parities.

 ^{178}Os Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0 [†]	0 ⁺	5.0 min 4	
132.26 [†] 17	2 ⁺		J^π : E2 132.2 keV γ ray to the 0 ⁺ g.s., and E0 component in the 732.2 keV transition from the 2 ⁺ 864 keV level.
398.89 [†] 21	4 ⁺		J^π : E2 266.6-keV γ ray to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level, and E2 372.1 keV γ ray from the 2 ⁺ 772 keV level, which allows the range (0 ⁺ to 4 ⁺). Rotational g.s. band level sequence indicates $J^\pi=4^+$.
650.5 [‡] 4	0 ⁺		J^π : E2 518.0 keV γ ray to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level, which allows the range (0 ⁺ to 4 ⁺). Band-head of the β band suggests $J^\pi=0^+$. If that is correct, the 650 keV γ ray deexciting to the 0 ⁺ g.s. would have to have pure E0 character. The available spectra in 1994Ki01 do not allow to decide this issue unambiguously (see also Comment for the 650.4 keV transition).
761.63 [†] 24	6 ⁺		J^π : E2 362.8 keV γ to the 4 ⁺ 399 keV level; rotational band level sequence supports $J^\pi=6^+$.
771.04 [‡] 23	2 ⁺		J^π : E0 component in the 638.8 keV transition to the 2 ⁺ 132-keV level.
864.40 [#] 21	2 ⁺		J^π : E2 864.4 keV γ ray to the 0 ⁺ g.s., and E0 component in the 732.2 keV transition to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level.
1023.22 [‡] 25	4 ⁺		J^π : E0 component in the 624.4 keV transition to the 4 ⁺ 399 keV level. Agreement with level sequence in β band.
1032.0 [#] 3	3 ⁺		J^π : M1+E2 multipolarities of the 633.0 keV transition to the 4 ⁺ 399 keV level, and of the 899.7 keV transition to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level, establish the $J^\pi=3^+$ value uniquely.
1194.1 [†] 4	8 ⁺		J^π : from g.s. rotational band level membership.
1213.0 [#] 3	4 ⁺		J^π : M1+E2 814.2-keV transition to the 4 ⁺ 399 keV level, E2 1080.7 keV transition to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level.
1302.0 4	3 ⁻		J^π : Suggested as band head of a negative parity band (1994Ki01).
1395.8 [‡] 4	6 ⁺		J^π : E0 component in 634.4 keV transition to the 6 ⁺ 762 keV level, E2 372.6 keV transition to the 4 ⁺ 1023 keV level.
1416.5 [#] 4	5 ⁺		J^π : M1+E2 654.8-keV transition to the 6 ⁺ 762 keV level, and E2 1017.7 keV transition to the 4 ⁺ 399 keV level. Additional information 1.
1469.8 4	4 ⁻		
1539.0 4	5 ⁻		
1706.8 4	6 ⁻		
1781.6 5	7 ⁻		

[†] Band(A): $K^\pi=0^+$ g.s. (yrast) rotational band.

[‡] Band(B): $K^\pi=0^+$ Quasi- β band.

[#] Band(C): $K^\pi=2^+$ Quasi- γ band.

γ(¹⁷⁸Os)

No absolute intensity normalization is provided because the ε decay to the g.s. is unknown, and because the **1994Ki01** authors restricted their study to γ-ray data relevant to the g.s., quasi-β, quasi-γ, and odd-parity octupole states. Their experimental ≈ 2 MeV γ-ray energy cutoff could miss a significant fraction of the ε decay intensity.

E_γ^{\ddagger}	I_γ	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^π	E_f	J_f^π	Mult.	δ	$\alpha^\#$	Comments
120.3 4	1.0 4	771.04	2 ⁺	650.5	0 ⁺				Additional information 2.
132.2 2	78 5	132.26	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2		1.460	Mult.: $\alpha_L(\text{exp})=0.72$ 5, $\alpha_M(\text{exp})=0.18$ 1, theory: $\alpha_L=0.746$ 11, $\alpha_M=0.190$ 3.
236.8 4	0.8 4	1706.8	6 ⁻	1469.8	4 ⁻				
237.0 4	1.2 2	1539.0	5 ⁻	1302.0	3 ⁻				
242.7 4	0.8 2	1781.6	7 ⁻	1539.0	5 ⁻				
252.2 4	1.5 3	1023.22	4 ⁺	771.04	2 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.1556	Mult.: transition to the 771 keV 2 ⁺ level.
261.4 4	0.9 3	1023.22	4 ⁺	761.63	6 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.1390	Mult.: transition to the 762 keV 6 ⁺ level.
266.6 2	100.0 22	398.89	4 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E2		0.1308	Mult.: $\alpha_K(\text{exp})=0.079$ 3, $\alpha_L(\text{exp})=0.037$ 3, $\alpha_M(\text{exp})=0.0094$ 9, theory: $\alpha_K=0.0801$ 12, $\alpha_L=0.0385$ 6, $\alpha_M=0.00958$ 14.
270.1 4	0.6 2	1302.0	3 ⁻	1032.0	3 ⁺				
326.0 4	0.54 25	1539.0	5 ⁻	1213.0	4 ⁺				
348.6 5	0.8 2	1213.0	4 ⁺	864.40	2 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.0591	Additional information 3.
362.8 2	39.9 8	761.63	6 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	E2		0.0528	Mult.: $\alpha_K(\text{exp})=0.036$ 2, $\alpha_L(\text{exp})=0.014$ 2, theory: $\alpha_K=0.0366$ 6, $\alpha_L=0.01234$ 18.
372.1 4	2.4 4	771.04	2 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	E2		0.0493	Mult.: from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ and α . Values from combined 372.1 and 372.6 γ rays: $A_2=+0.23$ 11, $A_4=+0.13$ 11; $\alpha_K(\text{exp})(372.1\gamma + 372.6\gamma)=0.036$ 5, theory (average): $\alpha_K=0.0344$ 5.
372.6 4	2.9 4	1395.8	6 ⁺	1023.22	4 ⁺	E2		0.0491	Mult.: See comments and values for the 372.1 keV γ ray from the 771 keV level.
384.5 5	0.62 12	1416.5	5 ⁺	1032.0	3 ⁺				
432.4 4	6.0 3	1194.1	8 ⁺	761.63	6 ⁺	E2		0.0329	Mult.: 1994Ki01 do not report any data for their multipolarity assignment. Agrees with $J^\pi=6^+$ for the 762 keV final level.
437.6 4	0.8 2	1469.8	4 ⁻	1032.0	3 ⁺				
451.5 5	0.58 16	1213.0	4 ⁺	761.63	6 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.0294	Additional information 4.
465.4 4	0.39 12	864.40	2 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.0273	Mult.: transition to the 399 keV 4 ⁺ level.
518.0 5	0.35 8	650.5	0 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E2		0.0209	Mult.: from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$: $A_2=+0.2$ 1, $A_4=+0.85$ 18.
587.4 4	0.8 2	1781.6	7 ⁻	1194.1	8 ⁺				
624.4 3	16.3 6	1023.22	4 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	E0+M1+E2	-3.1 +3-3	0.0157 5	Mult., δ : from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ and α : $A_2=+0.00$ 4, $A_4=+0.14$ 7; $\alpha_K(\text{exp})=0.097$ 4, $\alpha_L(\text{exp})=0.020$ 2, $\alpha_M(\text{exp})=0.0053$ 9, theory: $\alpha_K=0.0124$ 5, $\alpha_L=0.00252$ 6, $\alpha_M=0.000592$ 14. 1994Ki01 estimate a 9.4 % M1 admixture for this transition.
633.0 4	3.1 6	1032.0	3 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	M1+E2	-3.5 +6-7	0.0148 8	Mult., δ : from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$: $A_2=+0.23$ 12, $A_4=-0.19$ 14. 1994Ki01 estimate an 8 % M1 admixture for this transition.
634.4 4	9.5 8	1395.8	6 ⁺	761.63	6 ⁺	E0+M1+E2	-2.2 +3-4	0.0169 11	Mult., δ : from $\gamma\gamma(\theta)$ and α : $A_2=+0.00$ 5, $A_4=+0.12$ 6;

¹⁷⁸Ir ε decay **1994Ki01** (continued)

γ(¹⁷⁸Os) (continued)

<u>E_γ[‡]</u>	<u>I_γ</u>	<u>E_i(level)</u>	<u>J_i^π</u>	<u>E_f</u>	<u>J_f^π</u>	<u>Mult.</u>	<u>δ</u>	<u>α[#]</u>	<u>Comments</u>
638.8 3	16.7 6	771.04	2 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E0+M1+E2	-6.8 +11-16	0.0133 3	α _K (exp)=0.045 6, theory: α _K =0.0135 10. 1994Ki01 estimate a 17 % M1 admixture for this transition.
(650.4 10)		650.5	0 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	(E0)			Mult.,δ: from γγ(θ) and α: A ₂ =+0.04 6, A ₄ =+0.29 9; α _K (exp)=0.082 3, α _L (exp)=0.0128 11, α _M (exp)=0.036 6, theory: α _K =0.01041 23, α _L =0.00219 4, α _M =0.000517 9. 1994Ki01 estimate a 2.1 % M1 admixture for this transition. No γ ray reported. It is not possible to decide whether the 650-keV peak in the γ spectrum shown in 1994Ki01 belongs to the ¹⁷⁸ Ir ε decay or if it is due to some contaminant. In view of this, the E0 assignment in 1994Ki01 is also questionable.
654.8 4	3.5 3	1416.5	5 ⁺	761.63	6 ⁺	M1+E2	-2.3 +3-3	0.0154 9	Mult.,δ: from γγ(θ): A ₂ =+0.23 9, A ₄ =-0.06 11. 1994Ki01 estimate a 16 % M1 admixture for this transition.
732.2 3	6.8 6	864.40	2 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E0+E2(+M1)	+10 +6-3	0.00961 21	Mult.,δ: from γγ(θ) and α: A ₂ =-0.16 8, A ₄ =+0.37 9; α _K (exp)=0.0130 19, theory: α _K =0.00765 17. 1994Ki01 estimate a 1 % M1 admixture for this transition.
771.3 4	1.7 6	771.04	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.00847	Mult.: transition to the 0 ⁺ g.s.
777.4 4	0.58 18	1539.0	5 ⁻	761.63	6 ⁺				
814.2 4	5.8 4	1213.0	4 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	M1+E2	+2.4 +0-12	0.009 3	Mult.,δ: from γγ(θ) and α: A ₂ =-0.34 19, A ₄ =+0.18 20; α _K (exp)=0.0052 18, theory: α _K =0.007 3. 1994Ki01 estimate a 15 % M1 admixture for this transition.
864.4 3	8.7 4	864.40	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2		0.00667	Mult.: α _K (exp)=0.0061 8, theory: α _K =0.00538 8.
891.0 4	1.5 2	1023.22	4 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E2		0.00627	Mult.: from γγ(θ): A ₂ =+0.10 12. Agrees with transition to the 2 ⁺ 132 keV level.
899.7 3	16.9 4	1032.0	3 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	M1+E2	+9.0 +16-11	0.00625 10	Mult.,δ: from γγ(θ) and α: A ₂ =-0.11 6, A ₄ =-0.09 7; α _K (exp)=0.0049 9, theory: α _K =0.00506 8. 1994Ki01 estimate a 1.2 % M1 admixture for this transition.
903.1 5	0.56 19	1302.0	3 ⁻	398.89	4 ⁺				
945.5 5	1.0 2	1706.8	6 ⁻	761.63	6 ⁺				
996.5 5	0.39 12	1395.8	6 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	[E2] [†]		0.00500	Additional information 5.
1017.7 4	8.1 4	1416.5	5 ⁺	398.89	4 ⁺	E2		0.00480	Mult.: α _K (exp)=0.004 1, theory: α _K =0.00392 6.
1070.9 4	1.7 3	1469.8	4 ⁻	398.89	4 ⁺				
1080.7 4	5.0 5	1213.0	4 ⁺	132.26	2 ⁺	E2		0.00426	Mult.: from γγ(θ): A ₂ =+0.11 16.

[†] Multipolarity assumed by the evaluators based on the J^π values of the initial and final levels.

[‡] Uncertainties estimated by evaluators, based on the average fit of γ ray cascades to the respective cross-over transitions.

[#] Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (**2008Ki07**) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ-ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

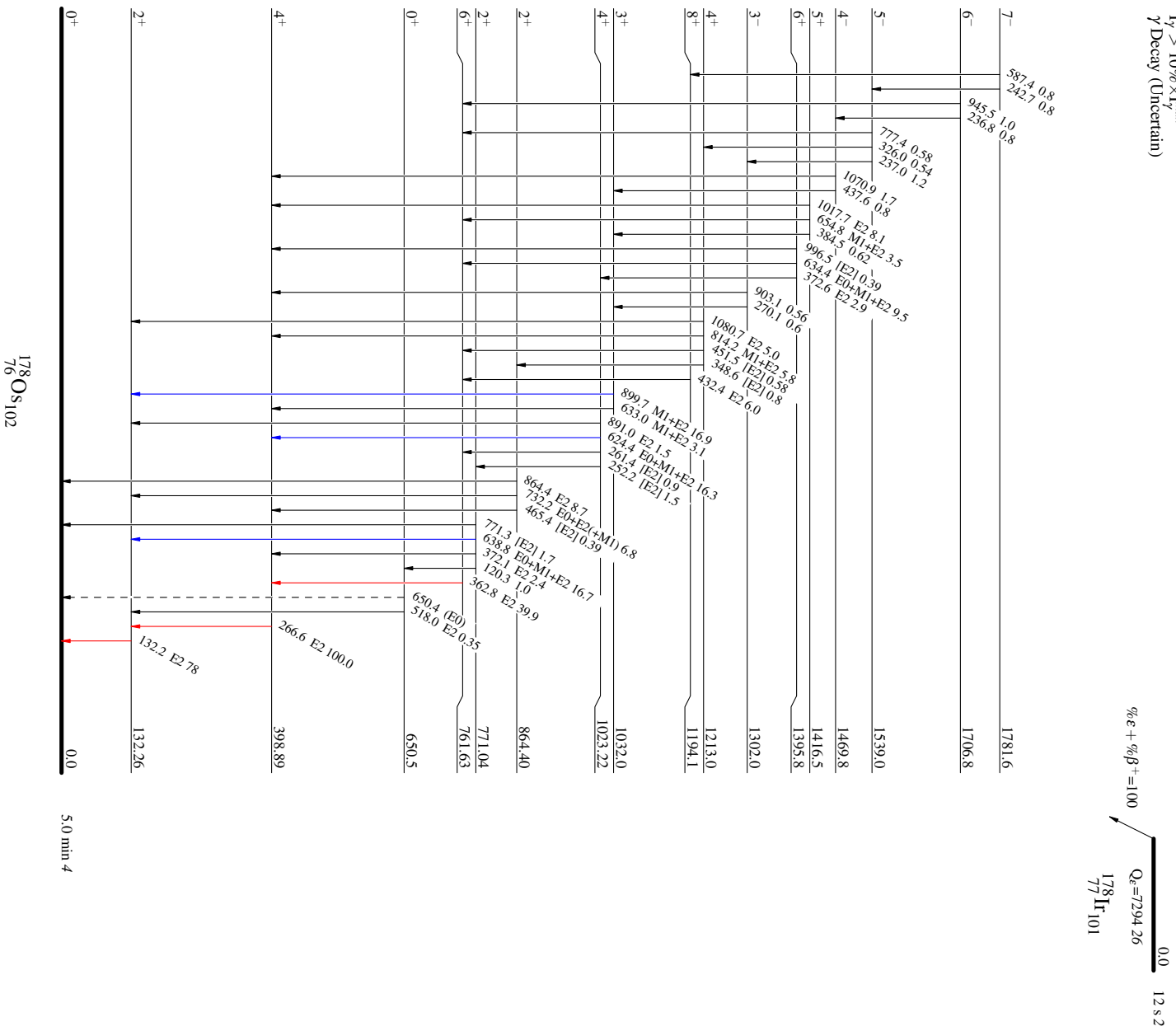
^{178}Ir ϵ decay **1994K101**

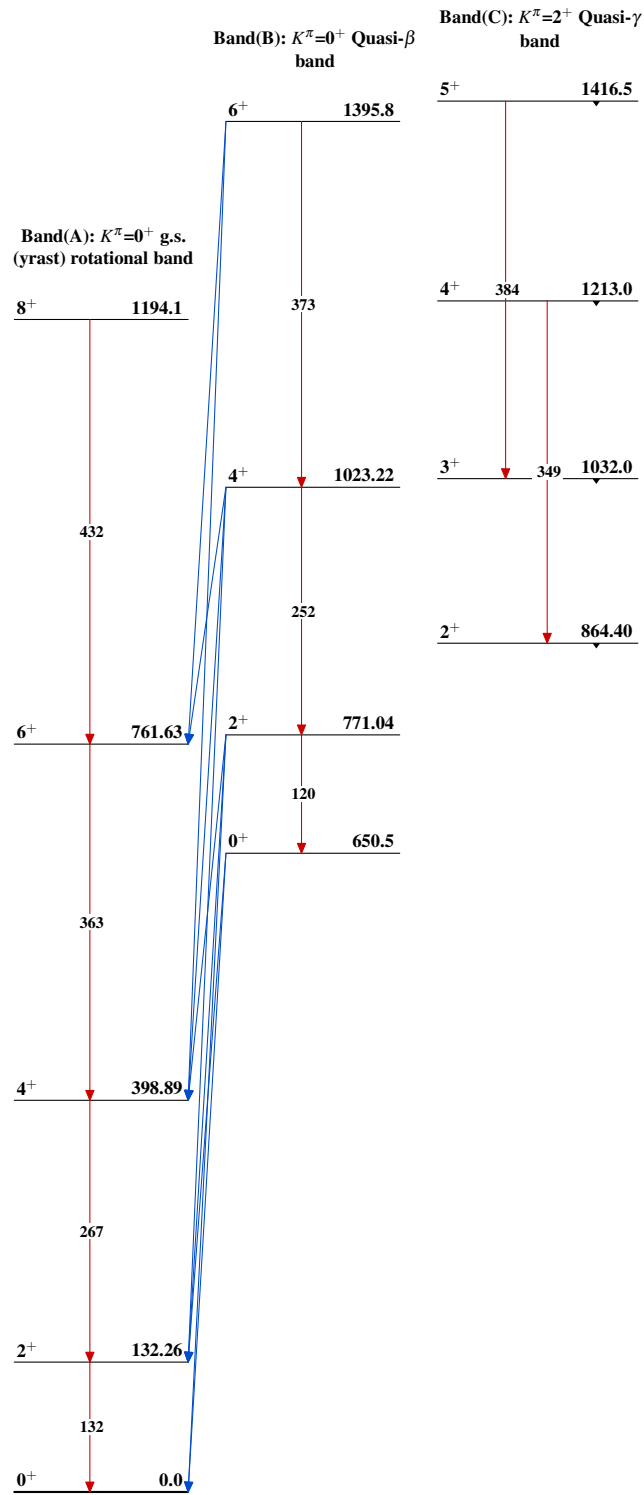
Legend

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_{\gamma\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_{\gamma\text{max}}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_{\gamma\text{max}}$
- - - γ Decay (Uncertain)

Decay Scheme

Intensities: Relative I_γ



^{178}Ir ε decay 1994Ki01 $^{178}_{76}\text{Os}_{102}$