

(HI,xn γ) 2000Ko48,2000Ko01,1997Ca16

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	E. Achterberg, O. A. Capurro, G. V. Marti		NDS 110, 1473 (2009)	31-May-2008

2000Ko48,2000Ko01: $^{103}\text{Rh}(^{78}\text{Kr,p}2\text{n})$, E=350 MeV, ATLAS linear accelerator (Argonne National Laboratory). Fragment mass analyzer, GAMMASPHERE array with 101 Compton-suppressed Ge detectors. The remainder of the setup is the same as in the case of **1997Ca16** below. See also **2000AbZZ** for first draft of resulting partial level scheme.

1997Ca16: $^{103}\text{Rh}(^{78}\text{Kr,p}2\text{n})$, E=340 MeV, ATLAS superconducting linear accelerator (Argonne National Laboratory). AYEBALL array of 15 Compton-suppressed Ge detectors and 2 LEP spectrometers, for prompt γ ray detection. Fragment mass analyzer for separation of recoiling evaporation residues; position-sensitive avalanche counter. Residues were implanted in a double-sided Si strip detector for spatial and time correlation studies of the recoil and α ray signals.

 ^{178}Hg Levels

Level scheme based on α - γ correlations, $\gamma\gamma$ coincidences, and intensity balances.

E(level)	$J^{\pi\dagger}$	Comments
0.0 \ddagger	0 ⁺	J^{π} : g.s. of even-even nucleus.
558.00 \ddagger 20	2 ⁺	
1012.4 \ddagger 3	4 ⁺	
1346.9 \ddagger 4	6 ⁺	
1357.8 6	(3 ⁻)	
1447.2 6	3 ⁻	
1743.5 \ddagger 5	8 ⁺	
1851.4 8	(4 ⁻)	
1990.2 5	5 ⁻	
2157.0 8	(5 ⁻)	
2201.2 \ddagger 7	10 ⁺	
2215.3 8	(6 ⁻)	
2388.6 [#] 6	7 ⁻	
2711.6 \ddagger 8	12 ⁺	
2730.0 [#] 7	9 ⁻	
3117.7 [#] 8	11 ⁻	
3265.2 \ddagger 9	14 ⁺	
3539.1 [#] 10	13 ⁻	
3853.8 \ddagger 11	16 ⁺	
3980.4 [#] 12	(15 ⁻)	
4454.4 [#] 14	(17 ⁻)	
4469.3 \ddagger 14	(18 ⁺)	
4971.9 [#] 17	(19 ⁻)	
5090.3 \ddagger 16	(20 ⁺)	
5534.5 [#] 18	(21 ⁻)	

\dagger From **2000Ko48**, based on multipolarity of connecting transition, and band sequence.

\ddagger Band(A): Band 1 Positive-parity g.s. band. Levels connected by stretched E2 transitions (**1997Ca16,2000Ko01**).

[#] Band(B): Band 2 Negative-parity band. Levels connected by stretched E2 transitions (**200Ko48,2000Ko01**).

(HI,xn γ) **2000Ko48,2000Ko01,1997Ca16 (continued)**

$\gamma(^{178}\text{Hg})$

The anisotropy ratio is defined by $R=I_{\gamma}(<34^{\circ}>)/I_{\gamma}(<90^{\circ}>)$ (see 2000Ko01,2000Ko48, for more details), where the averages indicate a mean value for detector rings at angles bracketing the quoted value. $R>1$, generally indicates stretched quadrupole, or mixed $\Delta J=1$ M1/E2 transitions, with $\delta>0$. Values of $R<1$, are associated with either a pure dipole, or a mixed M1/E2, $\Delta J=1$, transition, with $\delta<0$.

E_{γ}^{\dagger}	$I_{\gamma}^{\#}$	$E_i(\text{level})$	J_i^{π}	E_f	J_f^{π}	Mult. [@]	a^b	$I_{(\gamma+ce)}^{\ddagger}$	Comments
231.5 8	2.1 6	2388.6	7 ⁻	2157.0	(5 ⁻)	(E2)	0.239 5		
334.5& 2	61.1 13	1346.9	6 ⁺	1012.4	4 ⁺	E2	0.0775	59 7	$A_2=0.28$ 11, $A_4=-0.24$ 15, $R=1.58$ 22.
341.4 ^a 4	12.5 7	2730.0	9 ⁻	2388.6	7 ⁻	E2	0.0732		$A_2=0.34$ 11, $A_4=0.00$ 15, $R=1.32$ 18.
363.9 8	2.0 5	2215.3	(6 ⁻)	1851.4	(4 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0612 10		
387.7 ^a 4	10.6 7	3117.7	11 ⁻	2730.0	9 ⁻	E2	0.0515		$A_2=0.37$ 11, $A_4=-0.06$ 15, $R=1.45$ 20.
396.6& 4	48.5 24	1743.5	8 ⁺	1346.9	6 ⁺	E2	0.0485	52 7	$A_2=0.33$ 11, $A_4=0.09$ 15, $R=1.21$ 12.
398.4 4	13.8 21	2388.6	7 ⁻	1990.2	5 ⁻	E2	0.0479		$R=1.47$ 20.
421.4 ^a 6	6.0 6	3539.1	13 ⁻	3117.7	11 ⁻	E2	0.0414		$R=1.21$ 18.
441.3 ^a 6	5.4 6	3980.4	(15 ⁻)	3539.1	13 ⁻	(E2)	0.0367		
454.4& 2	74.5 16	1012.4	4 ⁺	558.00	2 ⁺	E2	0.0341	63 9	$A_2=0.29$ 7, $A_4=-0.07$ 12, $R=1.40$ 18.
457.7& 4	29.3 13	2201.2	10 ⁺	1743.5	8 ⁺	E2	0.0335	22 6	$A_2=0.27$ 5, $A_4=-0.12$ 7, $R=1.43$ 18.
474.0 ^a 8	1.9 9	4454.4	(17 ⁻)	3980.4	(15 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0307		
510.4& 4	21.8 9	2711.6	12 ⁺	2201.2	10 ⁺	E2	0.0256	24 4	$A_2=0.41$ 21, $A_4=-0.16$ 27, $R=1.52$ 23.
517.5 ^a 8	1.4 8	4971.9	(19 ⁻)	4454.4	(17 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0248		
542.8 8	2.1 6	1990.2	5 ⁻	1447.2	3 ⁻	E2	0.0221		$R=1.24$ 23.
553.6& 4	12.7 8	3265.2	14 ⁺	2711.6	12 ⁺	E2	0.0211		$R=1.47$ 25.
558.0& 2	100.0 17	558.00	2 ⁺	0.0	0 ⁺	E2	0.0208	100 10	$A_2=0.30$ 7, $A_4=-0.15$ 8, $R=1.36$ 16.
562.6 ^a 8	<1.0	5534.5	(21 ⁻)	4971.9	(19 ⁻)	(E2)	0.0204		
588.6& 6	6.8 7	3853.8	16 ⁺	3265.2	14 ⁺	E2	0.0184		$R=1.51$ 21.
615.5& 8	3.0 5	4469.3	(18 ⁺)	3853.8	16 ⁺	(E2)	0.01660		
621.0& 8	<2.0	5090.3	(20 ⁺)	4469.3	(18 ⁺)	(E2)	0.01627		
632.2 8	4.0 7	1990.2	5 ⁻	1357.8	(3 ⁻)	E2	0.01564		$R=1.35$ 23.
644.0 ^c 8	<1.0	1990.2	5 ⁻	1346.9	6 ⁺	(E1)	0.00530		
644.9 8	2.4 5	2388.6	7 ⁻	1743.5	8 ⁺	E1	0.00529		$R=0.47$ 18.
799.1 8	4.7 11	2157.0	(5 ⁻)	1357.8	(3 ⁻)	(E2)	0.00947		
799.7 6	8.7 8	1357.8	(3 ⁻)	558.00	2 ⁺	(E1)	0.00348		$R=0.60$ 19.
839.0 8	3.4 5	1851.4	(4 ⁻)	1012.4	4 ⁺	(E1)	0.00318		$R=1.59$ 26.
868.4 8	<1.0	2215.3	(6 ⁻)	1346.9	6 ⁺	(E1)	0.00298		
889.1 6	6.8 8	1447.2	3 ⁻	558.00	2 ⁺	E1	0.00286		$R=0.83$ 22.
978.2 6	6.7 9	1990.2	5 ⁻	1012.4	4 ⁺	E1	0.00240		$R=0.69$ 20.
1041.0 ^c 8	<1.0	2388.6	7 ⁻	1346.9	6 ⁺	(E1)	0.00214		

[†] Energy uncertainties estimated by the evaluators, based on the range assumed in 2000Ko48, each depending on its experimental γ -ray intensity.

[‡] From 1997Ca16.

[#] From 2000Ko48.

(HI,xn γ) 2000Ko48,2000Ko01,1997Ca16 (continued)

$\gamma(^{178}\text{Hg})$ (continued)

[@] From angular distribution coefficients, anisotropy ratios, and band structure (2000Ko48, 1997Ca16).

[&] Connects levels in g.s. Band 1.

^a Connects levels Band 2.

^b Total theoretical internal conversion coefficients, calculated using the BrIcc code (2008Ki07) with Frozen orbital approximation based on γ -ray energies, assigned multiplicities, and mixing ratios, unless otherwise specified.

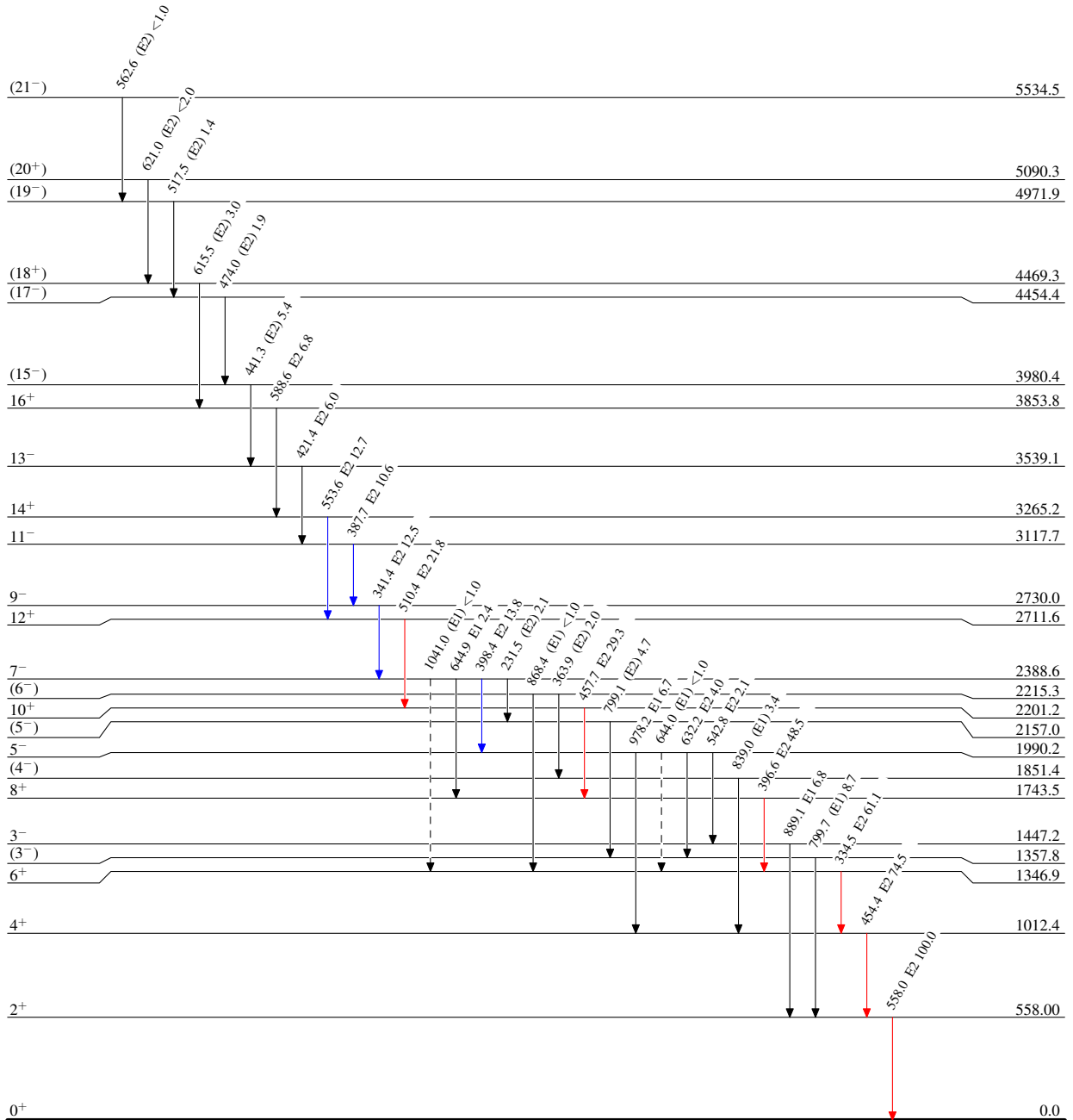
^c Placement of transition in the level scheme is uncertain.

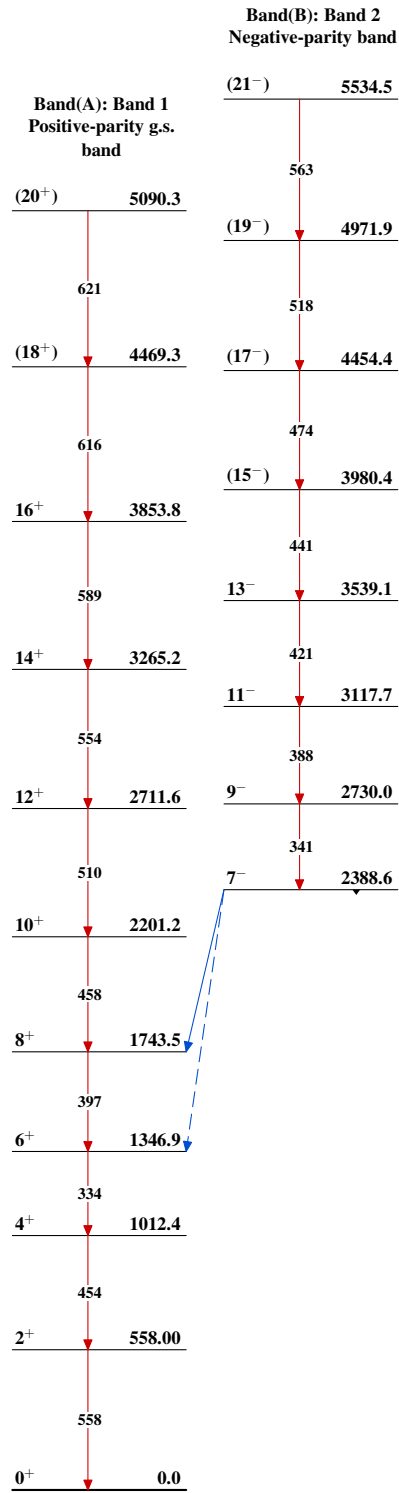
(HI,xn γ) 2000Ko48,2000Ko01,1997Ca16

Legend

Level Scheme
Intensities: Relative I_γ

- $I_\gamma < 2\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma < 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- $I_\gamma > 10\% \times I_\gamma^{max}$
- - - - - γ Decay (Uncertain)



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