## $^{176}$ Ir $\alpha$ decay (8.6 s) 1990Bo19,1986Ke03,1967Si02

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Parent:  $^{176}$ Ir: E=0.0;  $J^{\pi}$ =(5<sup>+</sup>);  $T_{1/2}$ =8.6 s 4;  $Q(\alpha)$ =5240 40;  $\%\alpha$  decay=2.6 5

<sup>176</sup>Ir-J<sup> $\pi$ </sup>: Possible direct population of 6<sup>+</sup> and 4<sup>+</sup> states in <sup>176</sup>Os from <sup>176</sup>Ir ε decay. Possible configuration= $\pi 5/2^-$ ,  $1/2[541] \otimes v 5/2^-$ , 1/2[521] or  $\pi 5/2^-$ ,  $1/2[541] \otimes v 5$ calculations by 2005Wa25.

 $^{176}$ Ir- $T_{1/2}$ : Weighted average of 9.6 s 6 (2005Wa25, weighted average of 9.6 s 6, 9.2 s 7, 9.9 s 11 and 9.8 s 8, higher values of 10.9 s 4 and 10.1 s 3 were omitted since these could have contribution from a possible long-lived isomer proposed by 2005Wa25); 8.00 s 33 from  $\alpha$  decay and 9.00 s 33 from  $\gamma$ -decay curves (1990Bo19, uncertainty of 1 s in each value listed by 1990Bo19 is  $3\sigma$ ), and 8 s I (1967Si02). Note that  $T_{1/2}$ =8.7 s 5 in  $^{176}$ Ir Adopted Levels, based on a choice of somewhat different set of values. Note also that 2005Wa25 propose the existence of a long-lived isomer in <sup>176</sup>Ir with a half-life of 17.6 s 17 determined from decay curve for  $607.2\gamma$  in  $^{176}$ Os from  $\varepsilon$  decay of  $^{176}$ Ir.

<sup>176</sup>Ir-O(α): From 2012Wa38.

 $^{176}$ Ir- $\%\alpha$  decay:  $\%\alpha$ =2.6 5 from unweighted (or LWM) average of 3.1 2 (1990Bo19 where quoted uncertainty of 0.6 corresponds to  $3\sigma$ ) and 2.1 4 (1986Ke03). Note that % $\alpha$ =3.1 6 in <sup>176</sup>Ir Adopted Levels, taken from 1990Bo19.

2005Wa25: measured  $^{176}$ Ir half-life from  $\gamma$ -decay curves. The authors propose the existence of a long-lived isomer in  $^{176}$ Ir with a half-life of 17.6 s 17.

1990Bo19: measured  $E\alpha$ ,  $I\alpha$ ,  $^{176}$ Ir half-life,  $\%\alpha$ . 1986Ke03:  $^{176}$ Ir produced by  $^{89}$ Y( $^{90}$ Zr,2P<sub>n</sub>) and  $^{90}$ Zr( $^{90}$ Zr,3P<sub>n</sub>). Measured  $E\alpha$ ,  $I\alpha$ ,  $\%\alpha$ . Detector: semi.

1967Si02: <sup>176</sup>Ir produced by bombarding <sup>169</sup>Tm(<sup>16</sup>O,X) and Er(<sup>19</sup>F,X) measured E $\alpha$ . Detector: semi.

## <sup>172</sup>Re Levels

Comments E(level),  $T_{1/2}$ : from Adopted Levels.  $J^{\pi}$ : Favored  $\alpha$  transition from (5<sup>+</sup>) parent.

## $\alpha$ radiations

Comments HF: assumed g.s. to g.s. transition. E $\alpha$ : from 1967Si02.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Deduced by evaluator using  $r_0$ =1.54 3, from unweighted average of 1.56 2 for <sup>172</sup>Os, 1.54 3 for <sup>170</sup>W and 1.53 4 for <sup>174</sup>Os, and assuming g.s. to g.s.  $\alpha$  transition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.026 5.