

^{176}Au α decay (1.05 s) 2014An10,1975Ca06,1984ScZQ

Type	Author	Citation	History Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	31-Dec-2015

Parent: ^{176}Au : E=0+x; $J^\pi=(3^-,4^-)$; $T_{1/2}=1.05$ s 1; $Q(\alpha)=6434$ 7; % α decay=75 8

^{176}Au -E: Absolute energies of the g.s. and isomer in ^{176}Au are not known according to 2014An10.

^{176}Au -J $^\pi$: As given in 2014An10 based on (3 $^-$) suggested by 2004GoZZ and (4 $^-$) in 2013KoZR, both from possible configuration= $\pi s_{1/2} \otimes \nu(f_{7/2}$ or $h_{9/2}$). 2012Au07 list (5 $^-$) from α decay to a 168.4-keV level in ^{172}Ir , but this level is no longer supported by results of detailed ^{176}Au α -decay study by 2014An10.

^{176}Au -T $_{1/2}$: From 2004GoZZ. Others: 1.2 s 4 (2013KoZR), 0.84 s +17-14 (2002Ro17), 0.83 s 14 (1999Da18), 1.00 s 20 (1990SeZW), 1.25 s 30 (1975Ca06), from decay of 6260 α , but this α is no longer supported by 2004GoZZ and 2014An10.

^{176}Au -Q(α): From Ea=6288 keV 7. Other: 6558 keV 7 (2012Wa38).

^{176}Au -% α decay: % α =75 8 (2013KoZR).

2014An10: ^{176}Au produced in $^{141}\text{Pr}(^{40}\text{Ca},5\text{n})$, E=208, 212 MeV reaction using UNILAC accelerator and SHIP separator at GSI. Measured Ea, I α , E γ , I γ , (implants) α correlations, $\alpha\gamma$ and $\alpha\alpha$ correlations using 300 μm thick 35x80 mm 2 16-sided position-sensitive 16-sided Si detector, and three tof detectors to distinguish between reaction products and scattered beam particles. Gamma rays were detected using a four-crystal Clover Ge detector with a lower detection threshold of \approx 20 keV photon energy. Another experiment was carried out for ^{180}Tl α decay to ^{176}Au using RILIS at ISOLDE-CERN facility. This decay preferentially populates low-spin isomer of ^{176}Au since parent $J^\pi(^{180}\text{Tl})=(4^-,5^-)$ proposed in Authors' earlier studies or (5 $^-$) in 2013KoZR. In this study correlated radiations: 6157 α -126.3 γ , 6138 α -151.5 γ , 6054 α -236.6 γ and 5798 α -500.0 γ were seen which match the $\alpha\gamma$ correlations seen in GSI experiment, thus confirming the assignment of the α groups and γ rays to the decay of low-spin isomer of ^{176}Au .

2013KoZR: measured Ea and half-life of ^{176}Au decay.

1990SeZW: $^{106}\text{Cd}(^{74}\text{Se},n3\text{p})$ E=340 MeV. Recoil-mass separator. Measured T $_{1/2}$.

1984ScZQ: measured Ea, I α , E γ , T $_{1/2}$.

1975Ca06: activity produced by $^{141}\text{Pr}(^{40}\text{Ca},5\text{n})$ E=180-290 MeV, and identified by excitation functions and systematics of Ea in Au isotopes. Measured Ea, I α .

 ^{172}Ir Levels

A 168.4, (5 $^-$) level reported in 1984ScZQ and 1975Ca06 is not confirmed by 2014An10.

E(level) †	J^π	Comments
0+x	(3 $^-,4^-$)	J $^\pi$: from 2014An10 based on favored α decay from (3 $^-,4^-$) parent state of ^{176}Au . Possible configuration= $\pi 1/2^+, (s_{1/2}$ orbital) $\otimes \nu 7/2^-, (f_{7/2}$ or $h_{9/2}$ orbital).
126.3+x 3		
151.5+x 3		
236.6+x 3		
500.0+x 5		

† From E γ data in 2014An10, absolute energies of the g.s. and isomer in ^{172}Ir are not known according to 2014An10.

 α radiations

A 6228 10 α group reported by 1984ScZQ and assigned to α decay of ^{176}Au to a 168.4,(5 $^-$) level in ^{172}Ir has been interpreted by 2014An10 (also in 2004GoZZ) as due to 6117 α +ce sum line seen at 6222 keV by 2014An10 in the decay of 1.36-s ^{176}Au decay. A 6260 10 α group reported by 1975Ca06 has not been confirmed in other α -decay studies.

$^{176}\text{Au } \alpha$ decay (1.05 s) 2014An10,1975Ca06,1984ScZQ (continued) α radiations (continued)

$E\alpha^{\dagger}$	$E(\text{level})$	$I\alpha^{\dagger\#}$	HF^{\ddagger}	Comments
5798 20	500.0+x	<0.4	>9	Reduced α width $\delta_{\alpha}^2 < 10.3$ keV 23 (2014An10).
6054 20	236.6+x	<1	>45	Reduced α width $\delta_{\alpha}^2 < 2.1$ keV 5 (2014An10).
6138 15	151.5+x	<5	>20	Reduced α width $\delta_{\alpha}^2 < 4.8$ keV 9 (2014An10).
6157 20	126.3+x	<2	>60	Reduced α width $\delta_{\alpha}^2 < 1.6$ keV 3 (2014An10).
6288 7	0+x	100	4.1 5	E α : weighted average of 6287 7 (2014An10), 6294 10 (2013KoZR), 6282 10 (1984ScZQ) and 6290 10 (1975Ca06). Reduced α width $\delta_{\alpha}^2 = 25$ keV 3 (2014An10).

[†] From 2014An10 unless otherwise stated.[‡] Deduced by the evaluator using ALPHAD code with $r_0=1.5517$ 160 (deduced from interpolation of neighboring even-even nuclei), and assuming x=0 for parent and daughter nuclei are listed under comments. 2014An10 list hindrance factors normalized to 1 for α to 0+x level.[#] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.75 8. $\gamma(^{172}\text{Ir})$ A 168.4 γ with proposed M2 multipolarity in 1984ScZQ is not confirmed by 2014An10.

E_{γ}	$E_i(\text{level})$	E_f	J_f^{π}	Mult. [†]	α^{\ddagger}
126.3 3	126.3+x	0+x	(3 ⁻ ,4 ⁻)	[D,E2]	1.7 15
151.5 3	151.5+x	0+x	(3 ⁻ ,4 ⁻)	[D,E2]	1.0 9
236.6 3	236.6+x	0+x	(3 ⁻ ,4 ⁻)		
500.0 5	500.0+x	0+x	(3 ⁻ ,4 ⁻)		

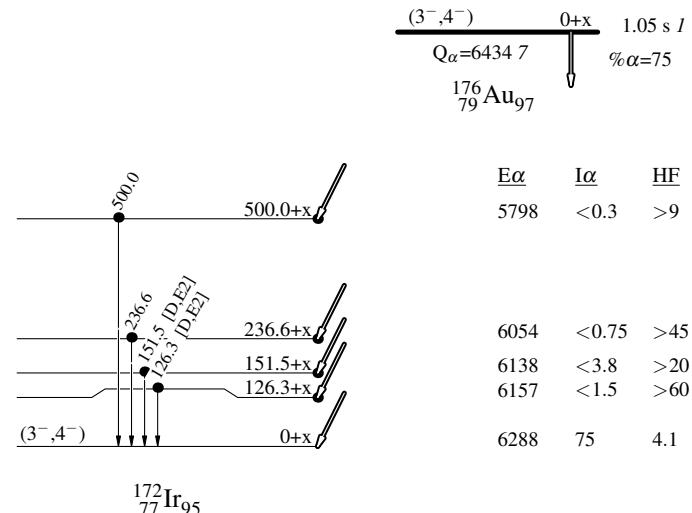
[†] From considerations of observed intensities of K x rays of Ir as compared to the photon intensities of 175.2 γ and 211.6 γ from the decay of high-spin isomer of ^{176}Au and 126.3 γ and 151.5 γ from the decay of low-spin isomer of ^{176}Au .[‡] From BrIcc code, values overlap E1, M1 and E2 multipolarities.

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Legend

Decay Scheme

- Coincidence

 $^{172}_{77}\text{Ir}_{95}$