

$^{171}\text{Tm } \beta^- \text{ decay} \quad 1964\text{Ha52}, 2018\text{We04}$ 

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Coral M. Baglin, E. A. Mccutchan		NDS 151, 334 (2018)	30-Jun-2018

Parent:  $^{171}\text{Tm}$ : E=0.0;  $J^\pi=1/2^+$ ;  $T_{1/2}=1.92 \text{ y } I$ ;  $Q(\beta^-)=96.5 \text{ 10}$ ; % $\beta^-$  decay=100.0

[1964Ha52](#): Measured  $E\beta$ ,  $I\beta$ ,  $E(\text{ce})$ ,  $I\gamma$  (mag spect),  $\beta^-$ ce coin.

[2018We04](#):  $^{171}\text{Tm}$  activity from the decay of  $^{171}\text{Er}$  which was produced through thermal neutron irradiation of  $^{170}\text{Er}$ . Measured  $E\gamma$ ,  $I\gamma$  using an HPGe detector. Deduced absolute intensity of the 66.7-keV transition based on absolute intensities of the 295.9- and 308.3-keV transitions in the decay of  $^{171}\text{Er}$ .

Others: [1955Bi65](#), [1957Sm73](#), [1961Sh06](#), [1966Di02](#), [1970Mo07](#), [1975Mc12](#).

See [1988Ta03](#), [1975Mc12](#), [1970Mo07](#) for use of  $^{171}\text{Tm}$  source to measure L subshell fluorescence yields, Coster-Kronig transition probabilities, and/or radiative decay branching ratios for Z=70.

$\alpha$ : [Additional information 1](#).

 $^{171}\text{Yb}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
0.0	$1/2^-$	stable	
66.731 2	$3/2^-$	<0.5 $\mu\text{s}$	$T_{1/2}$ : from $\beta^-X(t)$ , $\beta\gamma(t)$ ( <a href="#">1957Sm73</a> ); adopted value is 0.79 ns 5.

 $\beta^-$  radiations

E(decay)	E(level)	$I\beta^-$ <sup>†</sup>	Log ft	Comments
(29.8 10)	66.731	1.96 14	6.46 6	av $E\beta=7.52$ 26 E(decay): other: $\approx 30$ from <a href="#">1957Sm73</a> (mag spect). $I\beta^-$ : from $I(\gamma+\text{ce})$ for 66.7 $\gamma$ .
(96.5 10)	0.0	98.04 14	6.318 14	av $E\beta=25.15$ 28 E(decay): others: 96.5 10 from <a href="#">1957Sm73</a> (mag spect), 98 keV $I$ ( <a href="#">1964Ha52</a> ). $I\beta^-$ : from decay scheme.

<sup>†</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

 $\gamma(^{171}\text{Yb})$ 

$I\gamma$  normalization: from [2018We04](#) where the absolute intensity is determined by deducing the number of  $^{171}\text{Er}$  atoms in the sample based on the absolute intensities of the 295.9 $\gamma$  ( $I\gamma=28.9 \text{ \% } 12$ ) and 308.3 $\gamma$  ( $I\gamma=64.5 \text{ \% } 3$ ) from the decay of  $^{171}\text{Er}$ .

$E_\gamma$ <sup>†</sup>	$I_\gamma$ <sup>‡</sup>	$E_i$ (level)	$J_i^\pi$	$E_f$	$J_f^\pi$	Mult. <sup>†</sup>	$\delta$ <sup>†</sup>	$\alpha$	Comments
66.731 2	0.144 10	66.731	$3/2^-$	0.0	$1/2^-$	M1+E2	+0.693 7	12.63	$\alpha(K)=6.62 \text{ 10}; \alpha(L)=4.61 \text{ 8}; \alpha(M)=1.116 \text{ 19};$ $\alpha(N)=0.256 \text{ 5}; \alpha(O)=0.0304 \text{ 5};$ $\alpha(P)=0.000411 \text{ 6}$ $I\gamma(\text{Yb K x ray})/I\gamma(66.7\gamma)=6.98 \text{ 34}$ ( <a href="#">1970Mo07</a> ) and 6.5 9 ( <a href="#">1966Di02</a> ), $\alpha(K)\text{exp}=7.3 \text{ 4}$ and 6.8 9, respectively, assuming K-fluorescence yield=0.951.

<sup>†</sup> From Adopted Gammas.

<sup>‡</sup> Absolute intensity per 100 decays.

$^{171}\text{Tm } \beta^- \text{ decay }$     **1964Ha52,2018We04**Decay SchemeIntensities:  $I_{(\gamma+ce)}$  per 100 parent decays