

$^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ **1978CI08**

Type	Author	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	C. G. Sheu, J. H. Kelley, J. Purcell	ENSDF	5-Aug-2021

1970Be31: The $^{13}\text{C}(^6\text{Li,d})$ and $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ reactions were studied at the University of Pennsylvania tandem accelerator using 18-MeV ^6Li and 17-MeV ^7Li ion beams bombarding a self-supporting, $60 \pm 14 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ thick ^{13}C target. The deuterons and tritons were momentum-analyzed in a multiangle spectrograph over an angular range $\theta=3.75^\circ-172.5^\circ$. Fifteen energy levels below $E_x=8.5$ MeV were deduced from the angular distributions. Transitions to the negative-parity states at $E_x=3.06, 3.85, \text{ and } 4.55$ MeV are the strongest observed. Comparison with those from the $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ and $^{12}\text{C}(^6\text{Li,d})$ reactions resolves the first $K=0, ^{16}\text{O}$ rotational band. Strong transitions were also observed at $E_x=7.38, (8.46, 8.49), (8.87, 8.95), \text{ and } (9.14, 9.20)$ MeV.

1970Go29: Beams of $E=25.6$ MeV/ 30.1 MeV $^6\text{Li}/^7\text{Li}$ ions from the Cyclotron of the Kurchatov Atomic Energy Institute at impinging on a self-supporting carbon foil ($0.4 \text{ mg}/\text{cm}^2$, 75% ^{13}C isotope enriched). The reaction products were detected and identified with a $\Delta E/\Delta X$ -E counter telescope. The energy spectra were analyzed using a multidimensional analyzer. The angular distributions of the deuterons were obtained at $\theta=0^\circ-45^\circ$. Excited states of $^{17}\text{O}^*(0, 0.87, 3.06, 3.85, 4.56, 7.56, 8.88 \text{ MeV})$ were observed. The group of levels in the energy range $E_x=5.0-6.4$ MeV were masked by the ^{12}C impurity in the target and not observed. The J^π value of the $^{17}\text{O}^*(7.56 \text{ MeV})$ state was determined as $9/2^-$. The hypothesis of the weak binding of the four particles in the sd shell and of several holes in the p shell is confirmed.

1971Sc21: The reactions $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,d})$ and $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ were studied at $E_{\text{cm}}=13.3$ MeV using a lithium beam from the E(n)-tandem-van-de-Graaff-Accelerator of the Max-Planck-Institut, impinging on a ^{13}C target (50% ^{13}C , 50% ^{12}C and ^{16}O). The reaction products were identified by the ΔE -E information. The overall resolutions for deuterons was about 90 keV.

The integrated cross sections σ_{int} were measured in both reactions. Spin assignments were extracted from σ_{int} in the reaction $^{12}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,d})$ and a modified DWBA code was used to analyze the reaction $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$. Energy levels and J^π values of ^{17}O were deduced.

1978CI08: Ion beams of ^6Li or ^7Li at $E=34, 36$ MeV, produced at the Florida State University/FN tandem Van de Graaff accelerator, impinging on $100 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ thick ^{13}C targets (enriched 99%). A telescope consisting of a ΔE and a Si(Li)E detector was used to detect particles with a subtended angle $\theta=0.2^\circ$ with resolution 85 keV for tritons and 75 keV for deuterons. Angular distributions were measured at $\theta=5.0^\circ-31.5^\circ$. Strongly populated excited levels of $^{17}\text{O}^*(13.58 \text{ MeV}; \text{ suggested } J^\pi=11/2^- \text{ or } 13/2^- \text{ or both}, 14.86, 18.17, 19.24 \text{ MeV})$ were observed.

1982Ta23: $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$, $E=36, 32, 28$ MeV; measured yield vs particle energy, $\sigma(\theta)$, fusion σ , breakup σ vs E ; deduced reaction mechanism. Optical, simple breakup model analyses.

2008Pe09: The $^{13}\text{C}(\alpha,n)^{16}\text{O}$ reaction was investigated through the direct α transfer reaction $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$. The experiment was performed at the Orsay Tandem using a $^7\text{Li}^{3+}$ beam at $E=28, 35$ MeV to bombard a self-supporting, 90% enriched ^{13}C target ($72(4)$ or $133(7) \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$). The reaction products were analyzed with an Enge split-pole spectrometer and detected and identified by a position-sensitive gas chamber and a ΔE proportional gas counter. The tritons were detected at $\theta=0^\circ-31^\circ$. Differential cross sections of $^{17}\text{O}^*(3.055, 4.55, 6.356, 7.37 \text{ MeV})$ states were measured and compared with finite-range DWBA calculations. The spectroscopic factor, ANC (asymptotic normalization factor) and the α width of $^{17}\text{O}^*(6.356 \text{ MeV}; 1/2^+)$ subthreshold state were deduced using DWBA analysis. The result confirms that the contribution of the $1/2^+$ state is dominant at astrophysical energies. See also (2007PeZZ).

2020Me09: The authors analyzed ^{17}O states populated in the $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ reaction to evaluate the ^{17}F analog states that may influence stellar $^{13}\text{N}(\alpha,p)$ reaction rates.

A beam of 34 MeV ^7Li ions, from the Tandem-ALTO facility at Orsay, impinged on a 90% ^{13}C enriched $80 \mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$ carbon target. Tritons from reactions in the target were momentum analyzed for $\theta_{\text{lab.}}=0^\circ-33^\circ$ using an Enge Split-Pole spectrometer. Angular distributions were analyzed via finite-range DWBA for states within $E_x=5.6-7.7$ MeV.

Spectroscopic factors and Γ_α widths were deduced. Using this information the analog states in ^{17}F are evaluated and the $^{13}\text{N}(\alpha,p)^{16}\text{O}$ astrophysical reaction rate is obtained using the AZURE2 R-matrix code and found within a factor of two in comparison of previous estimates. Resonances at $E_{\text{c.m.}}(\alpha)=221, 741 \text{ and } 959 \text{ keV}$ ($^{17}\text{F}^*(6039, 6560, 6778 \text{ keV})$) are found to contribute the most uncertainty to the reaction rate.

$^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ **1978CI08 (continued)** ^{17}O Levels Γ_α : From (2020Me09) except where noted.

E(level) [†]	J ^π [‡]	T _{1/2}	L [#]	C ² S _α ^b	Comments
0	5/2		3		
870	1/2		1		
3055	1/2		0		S _α =0.32 at E(⁷ Li)=34 MeV, S _α =0.22 at E(⁷ Li)=28 MeV (2008Pe09).
3850	5/2		2		
4553	3/2		2		S _α =(0.10 5) (2008Pe09).
5080					
5220	7/2				
5690			4 ^a	0.014	Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
5720			2 ^a		Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
5870	5/2		1 ^a		Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21).
5940	1/2		0 ^a	0.19	Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21).
6356			1 ^a	0.29	S _α =0.29 11, ANC ² =4.5 fm ⁻¹ 22 and γ _α ² (reduced α width)=13.5 keV 66 from (2008Pe09).
6870	7/2		3 ^a	0.012	Γ _α =0.11×10 ⁻³ eV
6990	5/2		4 ^a	0.020	Γ _α =0.082×10 ⁻³ eV
7170	5/2		2 ^a	0.12	Γ _α =3.4 eV
7202			1 ^a	0.24	Γ _α =73 eV E(level): from (1993Ti07). Γ _n =400 keV, Γ _α =0.09 keV (2008Pe09) which are consistent with the ¹⁶ O+n measurement in (1966Li03: Γ _n /Γ>0.99).
7379&	9/2		3 ^a	0.16&	Γ _α =8.0 eV
7382&			2 ^a	0.42&	Γ _α =131 eV
7560	9/2- [#]		4		J ^π : See also 9/2 (1971Sc21).
7576	(7/2 ⁺)	<0.1 keV	3 ^a	0.029	Γ _α =7.3 eV E(level): From (2020Me09).
7690	(3/2,7/2,3/2)		4 ^a	0.12	Γ _α =3.3 eV Unresolved (1970Be31,1978CI08). Unresolved (1970Be31,1978CI08).
7750					Unresolved (1971Sc21).
8400	5/2				Unresolved (1970Be31,1978CI08).
8470	9/2				Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
8510	5/2				Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
8679					
8873	3/2				Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21).
8884	7/2		4		Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
8945	7/2				Unresolved (1970Be31,1971Sc21,1978CI08).
9147					
9150					Unresolved (1970Be31).
9180					Unresolved (1970Be31).
9500					
9730					
9880					Unresolved (1971Sc21).
9950					Unresolved (1971Sc21).
10560					
10780					
11750					
11820					
12400					
13300?					
13580 @ 20	(11/2 ⁻ ,13/2 ⁻)#@				

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 $^{13}\text{C}(^7\text{Li,t})$ **1978CI08 (continued)**

 ^{17}O Levels (continued)E(level)[†]14600
14860
18170
19240

[†] Observed in (1970Be31, 1970Go29, 1971Sc21, 1978CI08, 2008Pe09). See nominal level energy values listed in, for example, (1978CI08).

[‡] From (1971Sc21) except where noted.

From (1970Go29), except where noted.

@ From (1978CI08).

& Unresolved, the spectroscopic factor assumes all strength is in one state or the other.

^a From (2020Me09).

^b From (2020Me09).