¹²C(⁶Li,p) 1986Sm10,2008Cr03

History

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1960Sh05: Experiment was performed with 2-MeV Li ions at Van de Graaff/Saclay. Differential cross sections and angular distributions of the ground and first four excited states of ¹⁷O were measured.

1962B113: Absolute differential cross sections are presented for the reactions ¹²C(⁶Li,p)¹⁷O (ground state and first three excited states) at E=3.4-4.0 MeV. Total cross sections are ≈1 mb at 4.0 MeV.

1963Ba08: Bombardment of ¹²C by ⁶Li ions at E=3 MeV. Relative angular distributions were determined for protons to the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th excited states of ¹⁷O. Deduced nuclear properties.

1966He05: The ⁶Li+¹²C reaction was studied for bombarding energies E=4.5-5.5 MeV. Angular distributions and totalcross sections have been obtained at 100-keV intervals using a dE/dx-E system coupled to a computer. The reaction products for proton groups from the ground and first four excited states of ¹⁷O were studied.

1967Dz01: Differential cross-section measurements for $^6\text{Li}+^{12}\text{C}$ reactions were presented in 100-keV steps between 2.4 and 8.5 MeV at 0° and in 200-keV steps between 3.4 and 7.4 MeV at 40°(lab). Outgoing particles cross sections, p_{0-3} , involving ground and first three excited states of ^{17}O were measured.

1968Me10: A positive-ion beam of ⁶Li at E_{lab}=20 MeV impinged on a natural carbon target (130 μg/cm²) at the Tandem Van de Graaff accelerator, Heidelberg. The reaction products were detected and identified using detector telescopes and ΔE-E method. The low-lying states of ¹⁷O were not observed and the medium excitation range were not resolved in this experiment. The proton angular distribution could only be obtained for the ¹⁷O*(8.46 MeV; (7/2⁺)) excited state.

1970Jo09: An E(6 Li)=5.6-14.0 MeV beam impinged on a self-supporting carbon foils (evaporated from an arc onto Teepol-coated slides) with thickness 10-52 μ g/cm² at the University of Iowa HVEC Model ε N Van de Graaff accelerator. Cross sections were measured for protons, deuterons, and α particles at θ_{lab} =0° and 40° and angular distributions were measured at various energies. Solid-state, Δ E and E detectors were used to detect and identify particles. The absolute error of total cross sections is estimated to be \pm 15%. Energy levels of 17 O*(0, 0.871, 3.058, 3.846 and 4.551 MeV) were observed.

1980Ne05: A 6 Li ion beam at E=156 MeV bombarded a 4.5 mg/cm² natural 12 C target using the Karlsruhe Isochronous Cyclotron. Charged particles were detected by a semiconductor telescope consisteing of a Δ E surface-barrier Si detector (0.3 mm) and two germanium detectors (15 mm and 20 mm) with the energy resolution was ≈ 500 keV (FWHM). The solid angle covered was 4×10^{-5} sr and the angular resolution was $\Delta\theta\approx 0.2^{\circ}$. The particles were identified by an off-line-procedure on the basis of the Goulding-method. The break-up cross sections were measured.

1982Ta23: 12 C(6 Li,p), E=36,32,28 MeV; measured yield vs particle energy, $\sigma(\theta)$, fusion σ , breakup σ vs E; deduced reaction mechanism. Optical, simple breakup model analyses.

1986Sm10: 17 O energy levels were populated by bombardment of an E=28 MeV ion beam of 6 Li, from FN tandem accelerator at the University of Pennsylvania, with a self-supporting carbon foils (50 μ g/cm 2 ; >99.5% 12 C). The outgoing protons were momentum analyzed in a multiangle spectrograph and detected in Ilford L4 nuclear emulsions in the focal plane. A proton spectrum was measured at θ =15° with resolution FWHM \approx 45 keV. Most of the known 17 O levels were populated. See also (1985SmZZ).

2008Cr03: XUNDL dataset compiled by McMaster, 2008.

E=32 MeV beam provided by FN tandem acclerator at Florida State. Detected charged particles using two Δ E-E Si telescopes. FWHM=110 keV. Measured protons, absolute cross sections, angular distributions. DWBA analysis.

¹⁷O Levels

| E(level) ^{†‡} | $J^{\pi \#}$ | Comments |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---|
| 0 | | |
| 869 <i>10</i> 3056 <i>8</i> | | |
| 3844 7 | 5/2- | E(level): See also 3843 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 4555 8 | 3/2- | E(level): See also 4554 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 5079 <i>15</i> 5217 8 | 9/2- | E(level): See also 5216 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 5380 9 | 7/2 | E(10.101). See also 3210 ke + (20000103. Fig. 1). |
| 5719 ^a 12 | | E(level): See also doublet 5700 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 5877 <i>14</i> | | E(level): See also doublet 5900keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| | | |

Continued on next page (footnotes at end of table)

$^{12}C(^{6}Li,\!p) \qquad \textbf{1986Sm10,2008Cr03} \ (continued)$

¹⁷O Levels (continued)

| E(level) ^{†‡} | $J^{\pi \#}$ | $\Gamma^{@}$ | L# | $C^2S^{\#\&}$ | Comments |
|--|--------------|--------------|----|---------------|---|
| 6861 2 | 5/2+ | | 3 | 0.30 | E(level): See also 6862 keV 13 (2008Cr03). Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^2,1d_{5/2}^3$ -(3p-2h) (2008Cr03). |
| 6974 5 7175 14 7388 ^a 14 7576 13 | 7/2+ | | 5 | 0.25 | E(level): See also doublet 7380 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). E(level): from (2008Cr03). E(level): See also doublet 7580 keV 16 (1986Sm10). |
| 7690 <i>15</i> 7773 <i>16</i> 8210 <i>25</i> 8.40×10 ³ | | | | | Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^2,1d_{5/2}^3$ -(3p-2h) (2008Cr03). E(level): See also doublet 7720 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 8473 9 | 9/2+ | | 3 | 0.81 | E(level): weighted average of 8476 keV 12 (1986Sm10) and 8470 keV 13 (2008Cr03). E(level): See also 8.46 MeV (1968Me10) which is suspected to be the 7/2 ⁺ member of a k=1/2 ⁺ rotational band starting at the 6.37 MeV 1/2 ⁺ level in ¹⁷ O. |
| 8702 12 | | | | | Configuration= 12 C g.s.+ $1p_{1/2}^2$, $1d_{5/2}^3$ -(3p-2h) (2008Cr03). |
| 8905 8 8966 15 9181 ^a 9 | | | | | E(level): See also triplet 8900 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). E(level): See also quadruplet 9190 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 9487 8 9719 <i>15</i> 9866 ^a 11 | 7/2+ | | | | E(level): See also 9712 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). E(level): See also doublet 9870 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). J^{π} : (1983Cu02) suggests a 9/2 ⁺ state at 9.87 MeV. |
| 10426 <i>8</i> 10549 <i>9</i> | | | | | 3. (1705-cuo2) suggests a 7/2 state at 7.07 Me i. |
| 10694 8 10915 | (5/2+) | <40 keV | | | E(level): See also 10690 keV 26 (2008Cr03). E(level): average of 10920 keV (1986Sm10) and 10910 keV (2008Cr03: Fig. 1). |
| 11.03×10 ³ 11815 <i>13</i> | 7/2+ | | 5 | 0.23 | E(level): from (2008Cr03). E(level): See also 11815 keV 20 (1986Sm10). |
| 12013 <i>16</i> | 9/2+ | <50 keV | 3 | 0.28 | Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^{0},1d_{5/2}^{5}$ -(5p-4h) (2008Cr03). E(level): weighted average of 12020 keV 20 (1986Sm10) and 12000 keV 26 (2008Cr03). |
| 12239 16 | 7/2- | | 2 | 1.32 | Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^{0},1d_{5/2}^{5}$ -(5p-4h) (2008Cr03). E(level): weighted average of 12250 keV 20 (1986Sm10) and 12220 keV 26 (2008Cr03). |
| 12428 <i>13</i> | 9/2+ | <50 keV | 5 | 0.20 | Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^3,1d_{5/2}^2$ -(2p-1h) (2008Cr03). E(level): weighted average of 12430 keV <i>15</i> (1986Sm10) and 12420 keV <i>26</i> (2008Cr03). |
| 12760 26 | | <70 keV | | | Configuration= ${}^{12}C_{g.s.}+1p_{1/2}^0$, $1d_{5/2}^5$ -(5p-4h) (2008Cr03). E(level): from (2008Cr03). Γ : Estimated bases on the FWHM of the peak in the ${}^{12}C({}^{7}Li,d)$ |
| 13070 26 13580 26 14880 26 15620 26 | | | | | reaction (2008Cr03). E(level): from (2008Cr03). E(level): from (2008Cr03). E(level): from (2008Cr03: quadruplet). E(level): from (2008Cr03). |

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ From (1986Sm10) except where noted.

12 C(6 Li,p) 1986Sm10,2008Cr03 (continued)

¹⁷O Levels (continued)

- [‡] See also (1960Sh05,1962B113,1963Ba08,1966He05,1967Dz01,1970Jo09).

 # From (2008Cr03). Some concern is raised over the small number of nodes used in the DWBA analysis for some cases (priv. comm. J. Millener).
- [@] From (1986Sm10) except where noted. Width measurement limited by detector resolution of the ¹²C(⁶Li,p) measurement (2008Cr03). & Assuming a 5 He cluster and configurations as listed.
- ^a Doublet.