

$^{173}\text{Ir}$   $\alpha$  decay (9.3 s) 1992Sc16

Type	History		Literature Cutoff Date
	Author	Citation	
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Parent:  $^{173}\text{Ir}$ :  $E=0.0$ ;  $J^\pi=(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$ ;  $T_{1/2}=9.3$  s 6;  $Q(\alpha)=5716$  10;  $\% \alpha$  decay=4 2

$^{173}\text{Ir}$ - $\% \alpha$  decay: From 2004GoZZ. other  $\% \alpha$ : <6 1 (1992Sc16).

1992Sc16: source from  $^{141}\text{Pr}(^{36}\text{Ar}, \text{xn})$ ,  $E=175\text{-}204$  MeV; measured  $\alpha$  excit,  $E_\alpha$ ,  $I_\alpha$ ,  $E_\gamma$ ,  $I_\gamma$ ,  $I(\text{K x ray})$ ,  $\alpha$ -(K x ray) coin,  $\alpha\gamma$  coin,  $\alpha(t)$ ; deduced  $\alpha$  branching; Si and Ge detectors.

2012Po01: calculation of  $^{173}\text{Ir}$   $\alpha$  decay half-life.

Parent  $J^\pi$  has not been established; however, based on energy systematics of orbitals in neighboring Ir isotopes, the  $3/2[402]$  and  $5/2[402]$  orbitals are expected at very low excitation in  $^{173}\text{Ir}$ , probably below the  $5/2^- 1/2[541]$  state which forms the g.s. for  $^{175}\text{Ir}$  through  $^{185}\text{Ir}$  (1992Sc16).

Parent  $T_{1/2}=9.3$  s 6 from unweighted average of 9.8 s 14 (1992Sc16), 8.1 s 3 (1992Bo21) and 10 s 1 (2004GoZZ). The weighted average of these data is 8.4 s 4.

Parent  $J^\pi$ : from 2001Ko44.

 $^{169}\text{Re}$  Levels

E(level)	$J^\pi$ †	$T_{1/2}$ †	Comments
0.0+x 27	$(1/2^+, 3/2^+)$	15.1 s 15	E(level): x=175 13 (2012Au07). If $Q(\alpha)=5716$ 10 (2012Wa38) is correct, $E_\alpha$ to this level implies x=170 11; not consistent with the known $E=215.9$ 4 $J=(3/2)$ level.

† From Adopted Levels.

 $\alpha$  radiations

$E_\alpha$	E(level)	$I_\alpha$ ‡	HF†	Comments
5418 4	0.0+x	100	6 4	$E_\alpha$ : weighted average of 5416 10 (1992Sc16) and 5418 5 (2004GoZZ). correlated with 5060 $\alpha$ from $^{169}\text{Re}$ (2004GoZZ). HF: if $E(^{173}\text{Ir})=175$ 13 (2012Au07) and $Q(\alpha)=5716$ 10 (2012Wa38).

†  $r_0=1.556$  20 (based on  $r_0$  for  $^{168}\text{W}$  (1.56 2) and  $^{170}\text{Os}$  (1.553 14) in 1998Ak04).

‡ For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.04 2.