

[171Pt \$\alpha\$ decay](#) **[1981De22,1981Ho10](#)**

Type	Author	Citation	History Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh	ENSDF	8-Sept-2009

Parent: ^{171}Pt : E=0.0; $T_{1/2}=44$ ms 7; $Q(\alpha)=6610$ 50; % α decay≈98.0

^{171}Pt - J^π : 3/2 $^-$ (or possibly 5/2 $^-$) suggested in ^{171}Pt Adopted Levels in ENSDF database.

^{171}Pt - $T_{1/2}$: From ^{171}Pt Adopted Levels in ENSDF database. Weighted average (using limitation of statistical weights method) of 40 ms 10 ([1981De22](#)), 20 ms 6 ([1982En03](#)), 43 ms 3 ([1996Pa01](#)), 25 ms +11–6 ([1997Uu01](#)), 51 ms 2 ([2002Ro17](#)). Other value: >20 ms ([1981Ho10](#)).

^{171}Pt -Q(α): From [2003Au03](#), [2009AuZZ](#). Measure E α gives an uncertainty of 3 keV. Uncertainty of 50 keV is assigned by [2003Au03](#) since ground state to ground state α transition is not firmly established.

^{171}Pt -% α decay: Gross β decay theory calculations predict partial β half-life to be 0.79 s ([1997Mo25](#)) or ≈2 s ([1973Ta30](#)), implying % ε +% β^+ =3.1 or ≈1.3, respectively; based on this, the evaluator suggests % α =98.2. α decay of ^{171}Pt has been observed ([1981De22](#),[1981Ho10](#),[1982En03](#),[1997Uu01](#),[2002Ro17](#)), but % α has not been measured. [2004GoZZ](#) thesis mentions % α =96.5, but no details are provided.

Additional information 1.

Others: [1982En03](#), [1997Uu01](#).

[1981De22](#): sources from $^{112}\text{Sn}(^{63}\text{Cu},p3n)$, E=240-300 MeV; measured E α (annular silicon detector), parent $T_{1/2}$.

[1981Ho10](#): sources from ^{58}Ni bombardments of tin; measured E α (silicon detector system correlating time, energy, position), parent and daughter $T_{1/2}$, % α (^{167}Os).

[1982En03](#): sources from $^{144}\text{Sm}(^{32}\text{S},5n)$, E≈186 MeV; recoil-mass selection; measured E α (thin gas ΔE , surface-barrier E detectors), parent and daughter $T_{1/2}$, % α (^{167}Os).

[1996Pa01](#): sources from heavy-ion fusion-evaporation reactions; recoil mass separator, double-sided Si strip detector (FWHM≤20 keV); measured E α , parent and daughter $T_{1/2}$, % α (^{167}Os).

[1997Uu01](#): observed (evaporation residue)- α (mother)- α (daughter) correlated chains following the $^{144}\text{Sm}(^{36}\text{Ar},5n)$ reaction at E=180-230 MeV; gas-filled recoil separator with PIPS detector in focal plane. Measured E α (FWHM≈27 keV), parent $T_{1/2}$.

[2002Ro17](#): $^{102}\text{Pd}(^{78}\text{Kr},X)$ E=340 MeV, Berkeley gas-filled separator, measured half-life of ^{171}Pt α decay.

Other: [2004GoZZ](#): source from ^{84}Sr bombardment of Mo targets. measured E α , % α .

[167Os Levels](#)

E(level)	J^π	Comments
0.0	(7/2 $^-$)	J $^\pi$: from Adopted Levels.

 α radiations

E α	E(level)	I α [‡]	HF [†]	Comments
6453 3	0.0	100	1.4 4	E α : value recommended by 1991Ry01 , based on 6453 keV 4 (1981De22), 6452 keV 5 (revision of 6448 5, 1981Ho10), 6455 keV 10 (revision of 6450 10, 1982En03); this gives Q(α)=6607 3, assuming a g.s. to g.s. transition. Other E α : 6450 11 (1997Uu01).

[†] If $r_0=1.560$ 5 (from $r_0(^{166}\text{Os})=1.561$ 6 and $r_0(^{168}\text{Os})=1.558$ 8 in [1998Ak04](#)), $T_{1/2}(^{171}\text{Pt})=44$ ms 7, % α (^{171}Pt)=98.2.

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by ≈0.98.