

^{171}Au α decay (1.04 ms) [1997Da07](#),[2003Bb21](#),[2004Ke06](#)

Type	Author	History	Citation	Literature Cutoff Date
Full Evaluation	Balraj Singh and Jun Chen		NDS 191,1 (2023)	22-Aug-2023

Parent: ^{171}Au : $E=259$ 13; $J^\pi=11/2^-$; $T_{1/2}=1.04$ ms 3; $Q(\alpha)=7085$ 11; $\% \alpha$ decay=60 6

^{171}Au -E, $T_{1/2}$: From ^{171}Au Adopted Levels in the ENSDF database (June 2018 update). No new references after this update.

^{171}Au - J^π : From considerations of $h_{11/2}$ proton-decay mode of ^{171}Au , and comparison of experimental half-life with theoretical half-lives calculated for $s_{1/2}$, $d_{3/2}$ and $h_{11/2}$ proton emission for ^{171}Au (odd-Z, even-N nucleus) using Wentzel-Kramers-Brillouin (WKB) barrier penetration approximation ([2004Ke06](#),[1997Da07](#)).

^{171}Au - $Q(\alpha)$: From [2021Wa16](#).

[1997Da07](#), [1999Po09](#): ^{171}Au source produced in $^{96}\text{Ru}(^{78}\text{Kr},p2n)$ at $E=375$ -384 MeV, followed by mass separation using fragment mass analyzer (FMA), and detection of recoils, α and protons by position-sensitive parallel plate avalanche counter at focal plane, and a double-sided Si strip detector (DSSSD) at the ATLAS-ANL facility. Measured $E(p)$, $E\alpha$, decay curves for protons, production σ , and (recoils) $p\alpha$ correlations.

[2003Bb21](#): ^{171}Au formed in $^{96}\text{Ru}(^{78}\text{Kr},X)$, $E=370$ MeV, followed by mass separation using RITU separator at the University of Jyvaskyla cyclotron facility. Measured α and protons, half-life of decay of ^{171}Au isomer, (implants) $\alpha\alpha$ -correlations.

[2004Ke06](#): measured $E\alpha$, $E(p)$, half-life of decay of ^{171}Au isomer decay, (implants) $\alpha\alpha$ -correlations at the University of Jyvaskyla cyclotron facility.

 ^{167}Ir Levels

E(level)	J^π	$T_{1/2}$	Comments
175.3 22	11/2 ⁻	28.6 ms 9	E(level), J^π , $T_{1/2}$: from the Adopted Levels.

 α radiations

$E\alpha$	E(level)	$I\alpha^\ddagger$	HF [†]	Comments
6995 4	175.3	100	1.55 18	$E\alpha$: weighted average of 6995 4 (2004Ke06) and 6996 6 (1997Da07 , 1999Po09).

[†] The nuclear radius parameter $r_0(^{167}\text{Ir})=1.5602$ 24 is deduced from interpolation (or unweighted average) of radius parameters of the adjacent even-even nuclides ([2020Si16](#)).

[‡] For absolute intensity per 100 decays, multiply by 0.60 6.